

Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 Revision date: 11/21/2024 Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture

: Eni Rotra MP DB 85W-90 Trade name

Product code : 1283 Type of product : Lubricant Formula : 0110-2000 Product group : Trade product

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Main use category : Industrial use, Professional use, Consumer use

Industrial/Professional use spec : Used in closed systems

Wide dispersive use

Use of the substance/mixture : Gearbox lubricant

Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer.

: Lubricants and additives Function or use category

1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer:

Enilive Iberia S.L.U.

Avenida de Europa, 24, Edificio Torona B - Planta 1ª, 28108 Alcobendas (Madrid) Tel: (+34) 917 277 878 Competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet (Reg. EC nr. 1907/2006): SDS.Enilive@enilive.com

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1.4. Emergency telephone number

: CNIT +39 0382 24444 (24h) (IT + EN) **Emergency number**

Poison Center

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard, H411

Category 2

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Contact with eyes may cause temporary reddening and irritation. Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause reddening, irritation and dermatitis. May produce an allergic reaction. For specific information about the toxicological/ecotoxicological properties and classification of this product, see Sect. 11 and/or Sect. 12.

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2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP)



CLP Signal word

LP Signal word :

Hazard statements (CLP) : H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements (CLP) : P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P391 - Collect spillage.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in

accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

EUH-statements : EUH208 - Contains Reaction products of bis(4-methylpentan-2-yl)dithiophosphoric acid with phosphorus oxide, propylene oxide and amines, C12-14-alkyl (branched), Reaction product

of 1,3,4-thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, formaldehyde and phenol, heptyl derivs.. May produce

an allergic reaction.

2.3. Other hazards (not relevant for classification)

Other hazards not contributing to the classification

: This product is combustible, but not classified as Flammable. The creation of flammable vapour mixtures takes place at temperatures which are higher than normal ambient levels. Any substance, in case of accidents involving pressurized circuits and the like, may be accidentally injected under the skin, even without external damage. In such a case, the victim should be brought to an hospital as soon as possible, to get specialized medical treatment. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. A potential risk may arise from the release of hydrogen sulfide, when the product is stored or handled at high temperature. Hydrogen sulfide may accumulate in the tanks or other confined spaces, with danger to the workers that enter the spaces. In these cases overexposure to hydrogen sulfide may cause irritation to airways, nausea, dizziness, loss of consciousness and death.

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

Contains no PBT and/or vPvB substances ≥ 0.1% assessed in accordance with REACH Annex XIII

Component

Substance(s) not meeting the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, in accordance with Annex XIII

Reaction products of bis(4-methylpentan-2-yl)dithiophosphoric acid with phosphorus oxide, propylene oxide and amines, C12-14-alkyl (branched), C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines (1213789-63-9), Reaction product of 1,3,4-thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, formaldehyde and phenol, heptyl derivatives, Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)

Substance(s) not meeting the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, in accordance with Annex XIII

Reaction products of bis(4-methylpentan-2-yl)dithiophosphoric acid with phosphorus oxide, propylene oxide and amines, C12-14-alkyl (branched), C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines (1213789-63-9), Reaction product of 1,3,4-thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, formaldehyde and phenol, heptyl derivatives, Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)

The mixture contains substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substance(s) are identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605

Component

Substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605

Reaction product of 1,3,4-thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, formaldehyde and phenol, heptyl derivatives

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Component

Substance(s) not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0), Reaction products of bis(4-methylpentan-2-yl)dithiophosphoric acid with phosphorus oxide, propylene oxide and amines, C12-14-alkyl (branched), C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines (1213789-63-9)

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Comments

: Composition/ Information on ingredients:

Mixture of hydrocarbons

Additives

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (Main component, see note [**])	CAS-No.: 64742-65-0 EC-No.: 265-169-7 EC Index-No.: 649-474-00-6 REACH-no: 01-2119471299- 27	40 – 50	Not classified
Residual oils (petroleum,) solvent-refined; Baseoil—unspecified; [A complex combination by hydrocarbons obtained as the solvent insoluble fraction from solvent refining of a residuum using a polar organic solvent such as phenol or furfural. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly higher than C25 and boiling above approximately 400°C (752°F).] (Component, see note [**])	CAS-No.: 64742-01-4 EC-No.: 265-101-6 EC Index-No.: 649-459-00-4 REACH-no: 01-2119488707- 21	40 - 50	Not classified
Reaction products of bis(4-methylpentan-2-yl)dithiophosphoric acid with phosphorus oxide, propylene oxide and amines, C12-14-alkyl (branched) (Additive)	EC-No.: 931-384-6 REACH-no: 01-2119493620- 38	0,5 - 2	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 (ATE=500 mg/kg bodyweight) Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)- alkylamines (Additive)	CAS-No.: 1213789-63-9 EC-No.: 627-034-4 REACH-no: 01-2119473797- 19	0,1 - 0,9	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 (ATE=1689 mg/kg bodyweight) Skin Corr. 1B, H314 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10)

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Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]
Reaction product of 1,3,4-thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, formaldehyde and phenol, heptyl derivs. (Additive) Substance included in REACH Candidate List (Reaction product of 1,3,4-thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, formaldehyde and phenol, heptyl derivatives)	EC-No.: 939-460-0 REACH-no: 01-2119971727- 23	0,1 - 0,2	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

Specific concentration limits:		
Name	Product identifier	Specific concentration limits (%)
Reaction products of bis(4-methylpentan-2-yl)dithiophosphoric acid with phosphorus oxide, propylene oxide and amines, C12-14-alkyl (branched) (Additive)	EC-No.: 931-384-6 REACH-no: 01-2119493620- 38	(9.39 < C ≤ 100) Skin Sens. 1B, H317 (50 < C ≤ 100) Eye Irrit. 2, H319

Comments

: [*] Note: this product may be formulated with one or more of the following severely refined mineral base oils (not classified as hazardous):

CAS 64742-54-7/EC 265-157-1/REACH Reg. # 01-2119484627-25-xxxx; CAS 64742-65-0/EC 265-169-7/REACH Reg. # 01-2119471299-27-xxxx; CAS 64742-70-7/EC 265-174-4/REACH Reg. # 01-2119487080-42-xxxx; CAS 64742-56-9/EC 2265-159-2/ REACH Reg. # 01-2119480132-48-xxxx.

All these substances have a value < 3 % wt of DMSO extract, according to IP 346 (Nota L - Annex VI Reg (CE) 1272/2008, # 1.1.3)

Note [**]:

this product has a value of DMSO extract < 3 % wt, according to IP 346. According to the criteria laid out by the EU (note L, Annex VI of Regulation (CE) 1272/2008), this product must be regarded as non carcinogenic.

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation

: Remove to fresh air, keep the casualty warm and at rest. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen if possible, or assisted ventilation. If necessary, give external cardiac massage and obtain medical advice. See also section 4.3.

First-aid measures after skin contact

: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin with soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. In case of contact with hot product, cool affected part with plenty of cold water, and cover with gauze or clean cloth. Call a doctor or bring to an hospital. Do not use salves or ointments, unless directed by doctor.

First-aid measures after eye contact

: Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do so. Rinse eyes thoroughly for at least 15 minutes. Keep eyelids well apart. If irritation persists, seek medical advice. In case of contact with hot product, cool affected part with plenty of cold water, and cover with gauze

minutes. Keep eyelids well apart. If irritation persists, seek medical advice. In case of contact with hot product, cool affected part with plenty of cold water, and cover with gauze or clean cloth. Call a doctor or bring to an hospital. Do not use salves or ointments, unless directed by doctor.

: Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give water to drink if victim completely conscious/alert. Do not induce vomiting.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects after inhalation

: Inhalation of fumes or oil mists produced at high temperatures may cause irritation of the respiratory tract. Symptoms of overexposure to vapours include drowsiness, weakness, headache, dizziness, nausea, vomiting, dimming of vision.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact

First-aid measures after ingestion

: Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause reddening, irritation and dermatitis, due to a defatting effect. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Contact with hot product may cause thermal burns.

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Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Contact with eyes may cause temporary reddening and irritation. Contact with hot product

or vapours may cause burns.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Accidental ingestion of small quantities of the product may cause nausea, discomfort and

gastric disturbances.

Symptoms/effects upon intravenous administration : No information available

Chronic symptoms : None to be reported, according to the present classification criteria.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Obtain medical attention if casualty has an altered state of consciousness or if symptoms do not resolve. Seek medical attention in all cases of serious burns. If there is any suspicion of inhalation of H2S (hydrogen sulphide), Rescuers must wear breathing apparatus, belt and safety rope, and follow rescue procedures. Send patient to hospital. Immediately begin artificial respiration if breathing has ceased. Administer oxygen if necessary.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Small-size fires: carbon dioxide, dry chemicals, foam, sand or earth. Large fires: foam or

water fog (mist). These means should be used by trained personnel only. Other extinguishing gases (according to regulations).

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jets. They could cause splattering, and spread the fire. Simultaneous use

of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : This product is combustible, but not classified as Flammable. The creation of flammable vapour mixtures takes place at temperatures which are higher than normal ambient levels.

Explosion hazard : In case of losses from pressurized circuits, the sprays may form mists. Take into account that in this case the lower explosion limit for mists is about 45 g/m³ of air. Vapours are

heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates, gases, including carbon monoxide, NOx, H2S and SOx (harmful/toxic gases).

Oxygenated compounds (aldehydes, etc.). POx.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions

: Shut off source of product, if possible. If possible, move containers and drums away from the danger area, if safe to do so. Spilled product which is not burning should be covered with sand or foam. Use water sprays to cool containers and surfaces exposed to the flames.

If the fire cannot be controlled, evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters : Personal protection equipment for firefighters (see also sect. 8). In case of a large fire or in confined or poorly ventilated spaces, wear full fire resistant protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

mode. EN 443. EN 469. EN 659.

Other information : In case of fire, do not discharge residual product, waste materials and runoff water: collect

separately and use a proper treatment.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures Stop or contain leak at the source if safe to

: Stop or contain leak at the source, if safe to do so. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so (e.g. electricity, sparks, fires, flares). Avoid accidental sprays on hot surfaces or electrical contacts. Avoid direct contact with released material. Keep upwind.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : See Section 8.

Emergency procedures : Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel.

Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed
and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the

and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency.

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6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment

: Standard EN 469 - Protective clothing for firefighters. Standard - EN 659: Protective gloves for firefighters. Small spillages: normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate. Large spillages: full body suit of chemically resistant and antistatic material. if necessary heat resistant and insulated. Work helmet. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots. Goggles and /or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated. Respiratory protection: A half or full-face respirator with combined dust/organic vapour filter(s), or a Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.

Emergency procedures

: Notify local authorities according to relevant regulations.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not let the product accumulate in confined or underground spaces. Do not let the product flow into sewers or water courses, or in any way contaminate the environment. In case of contamination of environment compartments (soil, subsoil, surface or underground waters), remove contaminated soil when possible, and in any case treat all involved compartments in accordance with local regulations. The site should have a spill plan to ensure that adequate safeguards are in place to minimize the impact of episodic releases.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

: Contain spilled liquid with sand, earth or other suitable absorbents (non-flammable). Recover free liquid and waste materials in suitable waterproof and oil-resistant containers. Clean contaminated area. Dispose of according to local regulations. If in water: Confine the spillage. Remove from surface by skimming or suitable floating absorbents. Collect recovered product and other waste materials in suitable waterproof, oil resistant containers. Recover or dispose of according to local regulations. Do not use solvents or dispersants, unless specifically advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.

Methods for cleaning up

: Transfer recovered product and other materials to suitable tanks or containers and store/dispose according to relevant regulations.

Other information

: Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air/water temperature, wave/current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection". For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily. Provide adequate ventilation. Use adequate personal protective equipment as needed. Due to the extremely slippery nature of this material, more care than usual must be exercised in material handling practices to keep off all walking surfaces. Floors, walls and other surfaces in the hazard area must be cleaned regularly. Avoid release to the environment. Emptied containers can contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, drill, burn or incinerate empty containers or drums, unless they have been drained and cleaned. The product may release Hydrogen Sulphide: a specific assessment of inhalation risks from the presence of hydrogen sulphide in tank headspaces, confined spaces, product residue, tank waste and waste water, and unintentional releases should be made to help determine controls appropriate to local circumstances. Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area (e.g. tunnels), carry out an adequate clean-up, and check the atmosphere for oxygen content, flammability, and the presence of sulphur compounds. See also Section 16, "Other information".

Handling temperature

: This product can be handled at ambient temperatures.

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Hygiene measures

: Avoid contact with skin. Do not breathe fume/ mist/ vapours. Do not ingest. Do not smoke. Do not eat and do not drink during use. Do not clean hands with dirty or oil-soaked rags. Do not re-use clothes, if they are still contaminated. Keep away from food and beverages. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Separate working clothes from town clothes. Launder separately.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Store in dry, well ventilated area. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of

ignition. Do not smoke.

Incompatible products : Strong oxidizing agents.

Storage area : Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with

the relevant European, national or local legislation. Storage installations/areas should be designed with adequate bunds in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped

and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations.

Packages and containers: : If the product is supplied in containers: Keep containers tightly closed and properly labelled.

Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product.

Packaging materials : For containers, or container linings use materials specifically approved for use with this

product. Compatibility should be checked with the manufacturer.

Germany

Storage class (LGK, TRGS 510) : LGK 10 - Combustible liquids

Switzerland

Storage class (LK) : LK 10/12 - Liquids

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

8.1.1 National occupational exposure and biological limit values

Residual oils (petroleum,) solvent-refined; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination by hydrocarbons obtained as the solvent insoluble fraction from solvent refining of a residuum using a polar organic solvent such as phenol or furfural. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly higher than C25 and boiling above approximately 400°C (752°F) 1 (64742-01-4)

approximately 400°C (752°F).] (64742-01-4)		
Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits		
5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits		
5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
2 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits		
5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits		
5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits		
5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		

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Residual oils (petroleum,) solvent-refined; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination by hydrocarbons obtained as the solvent insoluble fraction from solvent refining of a residuum using a polar organic solvent such as phenol or furfural. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly higher than C25 and boiling above approximately 400°C (752°F).] (64742-01-4)			
VLA-EC (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits			
NGV (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
KGV (OEL STEL)	3 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits			
WEL TWA (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
ACGIH OEL STEL	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)			
Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits			
MAK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits			
OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits			
OEL TWA	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
OEL STEL	2 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits			
AK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits			
MAC TGG 8h (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits			
VLA-ED (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
VLA-EC (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits			
NGV (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
KGV (OEL STEL)	3 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits		
WEL TWA (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
ACGIH OEL STEL	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		

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8.1.2. Recommended monitoring procedures

Monitoring methods	
Monitoring methods	Monitoring procedures should be chosen according to the indications set by national authorities or labour contracts. Refer to relevant legislation and in any case to the good practice of industrial hygiene.

8.1.3. Air contaminants formed

No additional information available

8.1.4. DNEL and PNEC

3.1.4. DNEL and PNEC		
Eni Rotra MP DB 85W-90		
DNEL/DMEL (additional information)		
Additional information	Not applicable	
PNEC (additional information)		
Additional information	Not applicable	
Reaction products of bis(4-methylpentan-2-yl)dithiophosphoric acid with phosphorus oxide, propylene oxide and amines, C12-14-alkyl (branched)		
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)		
Acute - local effects, dermal	160 μg/cm²	
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	12.5 mg/kg bodyweight/day	
Long-term - local effects, dermal	160 µg/cm²	
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	4.28 mg/m³	
DNEL/DMEL (General population)		
Acute - local effects, dermal	160 μg/cm²	
Long-term - systemic effects,oral	0.25 mg/kg bodyweight/day	
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	1.09 mg/m³	
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	6.25 mg/kg bodyweight/day	
Long-term - local effects, dermal	160 μg/cm²	
PNEC (Water)		
PNEC aqua (freshwater)	2.4 µg/l	
PNEC aqua (marine water)	0.24 μg/l	
PNEC aqua (intermittent, freshwater)	150 μg/l	
PNEC aqua (intermittent, marine water)	15 μg/l	
PNEC (Sediment)		
PNEC sediment (freshwater)	12.9 µg/kg dw	
PNEC sediment (marine water)	1.29 µg/kg dw	
PNEC (Soil)		
PNEC soil	1.17 µg/kg dw	
PNEC (Oral)		
PNEC oral (secondary poisoning)	10 mg/kg food	
PNEC (STP)		
PNEC sewage treatment plant	24.33 mg/l	

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C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines (1213789-63-9)		
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)		
Acute - local effects, inhalation	1 mg/m³	
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	0.09 mg/kg bodyweight/day	
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	0.38 mg/m³	
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	1 mg/m³	
DNEL/DMEL (General population)		
Long-term - systemic effects,oral	40 μg/kg bodyweight/day	
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	0.035 mg/m³	
PNEC (Water)		
PNEC aqua (freshwater)	0.26 μg/l	
PNEC aqua (marine water)	0.026 μg/l	
PNEC aqua (intermittent, freshwater)	1.6 µg/l	
PNEC (Sediment)		
PNEC sediment (freshwater)	3.76 mg/kg dwt	
PNEC sediment (marine water)	0.376 mg/kg dwt	
PNEC (Soil)		
PNEC soil	10 mg/kg dwt	
PNEC (Oral)		
PNEC oral (secondary poisoning)	0.22 mg/kg food	
PNEC (STP)		
PNEC sewage treatment plant	550 μg/l	
Reaction product of 1,3,4-thiadiazolidine-2,5	dithione, formaldehyde and phenol, heptyl derivs.	
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)		
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	66.7 mg/kg bodyweight/day	
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	2.35 mg/m³	
DNEL/DMEL (General population)		
Long-term - systemic effects,oral	0.33 mg/kg bodyweight/day	
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	0.58 mg/m³	
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	33.33 mg/kg bodyweight/day	
PNEC (Water)		
PNEC aqua (freshwater)	26 μg/l	
PNEC aqua (marine water)	2.6 µg/l	
PNEC aqua (intermittent, freshwater)	260 μg/l	
PNEC (Sediment)		
PNEC sediment (freshwater)	1108.6 mg/kg dwt	
PNEC sediment (marine water)	110.86 mg/kg dwt	
PNEC (Soil)		
PNEC soil	221.48 mg/kg dwt	

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Reaction product of 1,3,4-thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, formaldehyde and phenol, heptyl derivs.		
PNEC (Oral)		
PNEC oral (secondary poisoning)	6.7 mg/kg food	
PNEC (STP)		
PNEC sewage treatment plant	45.5 mg/l	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)		
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)		
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	0.97 mg/kg bodyweight/day	
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	2.73 mg/m³	
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	5.58 mg/m³	
DNEL/DMEL (General population)		
Long-term - systemic effects,oral	0.74 mg/kg bodyweight/day	
PNEC (Oral)		
PNEC oral (secondary poisoning)	9.33 mg/kg food	
PNEC (additional information)		
Additional information	Not derived - Not classified as hazardous for environment	
Note	The Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) is an estimated safe level of exposure that is derived	

The DNEL may differ from an Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OELs may be recommended by an individual company, a governmental regulatory body or an expert organization, such as the Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL) or the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). OELs are considered to be safe exposure levels for a typical worker in an occupational setting for an 8-hour work shift, 40 hour work week, as a time weighted average (TWA) or a 15 minute short-term exposure limit (STEL). While also considered to be protective of health, OELs are derived by a process different from that of REACH.

from toxicity data in accord with specific guidance within the European REACH regulation.

8.1.5. Control banding

No additional information available

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls:

Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area (e.g. tunnels), check the atmosphere for oxygen content, presence of hydrogen sulphide (H2S) and SOx, and flammability. See also Section 16, "Other information".

8.2.2. Personal protection equipment

Personal protective equipment (for industrial or professional use):

Gloves. Protective clothing. Safety glasses. Safety shoes or boots. Dust/aerosol mask.

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):









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8.2.2.1. Eye and face protection

Eye protection:

When there is a risk of contact with the eyes, use safety goggles or other means of protection (face shield). If necessary, refer to national standards or to the EN 166 standard. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure

8.2.2.2. Skin protection

Skin and body protection:

Long-sleeved overalls. If necessary, refer to the EN 340 and related standards, for definition of characteristics and performance according to the risk rating of the area. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant, if necessary heat resistant and insulated.

Hand protection:

When there is a risk of contact with the skin, use waterproof gloves, resistant to chemical products. Gloves must be felt-lined. Adequate materials: nitrile (NBR) or PVC with a protection index > 5 (permeation time > 240 mins). Use gloves respecting all the conditions and within the limits set by the manufacturer. Replace gloves immediately in case of cuts, holes or other signs of damages or degradation. If necessary, refer to the EN 374 standard. Personal hygiene is a key element for an effective hand care. Gloves must be worn only with clean hands. After wearing gloves, hands must be carefully washed and dried.

8.2.2.3. Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection:

Independently from other possible actions (technical modifications, operating procedures, and other means to limit the exposure of workers), personal protection equipment can be used according to necessity. Open or well ventilated spaces: if the product is handled without adequate containment: use full or half-face masks with adequate filter for organic vapours. (EN 136/140/145). Combination filter device (DIN EN 141). Approved respiratory protection equipment shall be used in spaces where hydrogen sulphide may accumulate: full face mask with cartridge/filter type "B" (grey for inorganic vapours including H2S) or self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). (EN 136/140/145). Closed or confined areas (e.g. tank interiors): the use of protection measures for airways (masks or self-contained breathing apparatus), must be assessed according to the specific activity, as well as level and duration of predicted exposure. (EN 136/140/145)

8.2.2.4. Thermal hazards

Thermal hazard protection:

None in normal use conditions.

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Environmental exposure controls:

Do not discharge the product into the environment. Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater. Storage areas/installations should be designed with adequate bunds so as to prevent ground and water pollution in case of leaks or spills.

Consumer exposure controls:

No special requirements.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Colour : Yellow-brown.
Appearance : Liquid, bright & clear.
Odour : Characteristics.
Odour threshold : Not available

Melting point : -24 °C (pour point) (ASTM D 97)

Freezing point : Not available
Boiling point : Not available
Flammability : Not applicable

Explosive properties : None (according to composition).

Oxidising properties : None (according to composition).

Lower explosion limit : Not available
Upper explosion limit : Not available
Flash point : 215 °C (ASTM D 92)
Auto-ignition temperature : Not available
Decomposition temperature : Not available
pH : Not available

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Viscosity, kinematic : 180 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)
Solubility : Water: Immiscible and insoluble
Log Kow : Not applicable for mixtures
Log Pow : Not applicable for mixtures

Vapour pressure : 0.1 hPa (20 °C) (Mineral oil, ASTM D 5191) (CONCAWE, 2010)

Vapour pressure at 50°C : Not available

Density : 905 kg/m³ (15°C) (ASTM D 4052)

Relative density : Not available
Relative vapour density at 20°C : Not available
Particle characteristics : Not applicable

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosion limits : ≥ 45 g/m³ (Aerosol)

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Additional information : No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This mixture does not offer any further hazard for reactivity, except what is reported in the following paragraphs.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable product, according to its intrinsic properties (in normal conditions of storage and handling).

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None (in normal conditions of storage and handling). Contact with strong oxidizers (peroxides, chromates, etc.) may cause a fire hazard. Sensitivity to heat, friction or shock cannot be assessed in advance.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Avoid the build-up of electrostatic charge.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidants.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Thermal decomposition may produce: Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide. In exceptional cases (i.e prolonged storage in tanks contaminated with water, and presence of anaerobic sulfate-reducing microbial colonies), the product may undergo a degradation and generate small amounts of sulfur compounds, including H2S. See also Section 16, "Other information".

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met; Conclusive

but not sufficient for classification)

Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met; Conclusive

but not sufficient for classification)

Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met; Conclusive

but not sufficient for classification)

Additional information : (according to composition)

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Residual oils (petroleum,) solvent-refined; Ba	seoil— unspecified; [A complex combination by hydrocarbons obtained as		
the solvent insoluble fraction from solvent refining of a residuum using a polar organic solvent such as phenol or			
furfural. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly higher than C25 and boiling above approximately 400°C (752°F).] (64742-01-4)			
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD 401)		
LD50 dermal rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD 402)		
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 5 mg/l/4h (OECD 403)		
amines, C12-14-alkyl (branched)	dithiophosphoric acid with phosphorus oxide, propylene oxide and		
LD50 oral rat	≈ 2000 mg/kg bodyweight		
C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsat	urated)-alkylamines (1213789-63-9)		
LD50 oral rat	1689 mg/kg bodyweight (OECD 401)		
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)		
LD50 dermal rabbit	2000 mg/kg bodyweight		
Reaction product of 1,3,4-thiadiazolidine-2,5-6	dithione, formaldehyde and phenol, heptyl derivs.		
LD50 oral rat	2000 – 5000 mg/kg bodyweight		
LD50 dermal rat	2000 mg/kg bodyweight		
hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal	y paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists n numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)		
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 420 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Fixed Dose Method)		
	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition)		
the solvent insoluble fraction from solvent re	Residual oils (petroleum,) solvent-refined; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination by hydrocarbons obtained as the solvent insoluble fraction from solvent refining of a residuum using a polar organic solvent such as phenol or furfural. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly higher than C25 and boiling above approximately 400°C (752°F).1 (64742-01-4)		
рН	Not applicable		
C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated	urated)-alkylamines (1213789-63-9)		
рН	11.7 Temp.: 20 °C		
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)			
рН	Not applicable		
	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition)		
Residual oils (petroleum,) solvent-refined; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination by hydrocarbons obtained as the solvent insoluble fraction from solvent refining of a residuum using a polar organic solvent such as phenol or furfural. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly higher than C25 and boiling above approximately 400°C (752°F).] (64742-01-4)			
рН	Not applicable		
	1		

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C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsat	urated)-alkylamines (1213789-63-9)
pH	11.7 Temp.: 20 °C
hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal	ry paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists in numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)
рН	Not applicable
Additional information :	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition) Contains {0 message= <name of="" sensitizing="" substance="" the=""> fieldvalue=_SENSITIZER_COMPONENTS}. May produce an allergic reaction. On basis of test data. not sensitising. This evaluation is based on the information provided by the suppliers.</name>
Germ cell mutagenicity :	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Additional information :	(according to composition)
Carcinogenicity :	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Additional information :	(according to composition) All the mineral base oils contained in this product have a value < 3 % wt of DMSO extract, according to IP 346 (Nota L - Annex VI Reg (CE) 1272/2008, # 1.1.3) This product contains also the following substances: Residual oils (petroleum) solvent-refined; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination by hydrocarbons obtained as the solvent insoluble fraction from solvent refining of a residuum using a polar organic solvent such as phenol or furfural. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly higher than C25 and boiling above approximately 400°C (752°F).], Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic this product has a value of DMSO extract < 3 % wt, according to IP 346. According to the criteria laid out by the EU (note L, Annex VI of Regulation (CE) 1272/2008), this product must be regarded as non carcinogenic.
Reproductive toxicity :	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Additional information :	(according to composition)
STOT-single exposure : Additional information :	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition)
C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsat	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.
·	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Additional information :	(according to composition)
the solvent insoluble fraction from solvent re-	seoil— unspecified; [A complex combination by hydrocarbons obtained as fining of a residuum using a polar organic solvent such as phenol or arbon numbers predominantly higher than C25 and boiling above
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD TG 408)
Reaction products of bis(4-methylpentan-2-ylamines, C12-14-alkyl (branched)	dithiophosphoric acid with phosphorus oxide, propylene oxide and
NOAEL (subacute, oral, animal/male, 28 days)	150 mg/kg bodyweight
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	150 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat
C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsat	urated)-alkylamines (1213789-63-9)
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	3.25 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

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•	dithione, formaldehyde and phenol, heptyl derivs.	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	200 mg/kg bodyweight/day	
hydrocarbons obtained by removal of norma	vy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of I paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists on numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	
LOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	100 mg/kg bodyweight/day	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	< 125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (CAS 64742-04-7, Mobil 1990) (OECD 408)	
NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	≈ 1000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 410 (Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-Day Study)	
NOAEC (inhalation,rat, vapour, 90 days)	220 – 980 mg/m³ (Dalbey W, Osimitz T, Kommineni C, Roy T, Feuston M and Yang J 1991 - OECD 412)	
Aspiration hazard : Additional information :	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition)	
Eni Rotra MP DB 85W-90		
Viscosity, kinematic	180 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)	
the solvent insoluble fraction from solvent re	aseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination by hydrocarbons obtained as ifining of a residuum using a polar organic solvent such as phenol or carbon numbers predominantly higher than C25 and boiling above	
Viscosity, kinematic	30 – 34 mm²/s (100 °C) (ASTM D 445)	
C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines (1213789-63-9)		
Viscosity, kinematic	5.245 mm²/s	
hydrocarbons obtained by removal of norma predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbo	vy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of I paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists on numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a	
finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100	SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)	
finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 Viscosity, kinematic	SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0) 91 – 99 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)	
Viscosity, kinematic	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Viscosity, kinematic 11.2. Information on other hazards	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Viscosity, kinematic 11.2. Information on other hazards 11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting properties Adverse health effects caused by endocrine :	91 – 99 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substance(s) are not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU)	

11.2.2. Other information

Potential adverse human health effects and symptoms

Other information

additional data available (see section 2.3)

: Contact with eyes may cause temporary reddening and irritation, Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause reddening, irritation and dermatitis, May produce an allergic reaction

: None

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : An uncontrolled release to the environment may nevertheless produce a contamination of

different environmental compartments (air, soil, underground, surface water bodies, aquifers). Handle according to general working hygiene practices to avoid pollution and

release into the environment.

Ecology - water : This product is not soluble in water. It floats on water and forms a film on the surface. The

damage to aquatic organisms is of mechanical kind (immobilization and entrapment)

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short–term

(acute)

: Not classified

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term

: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

(chronic)

NOEC chronic crustacea

Residual oils (petroleum,) solvent-refined, Baseoil - unspecified (64742-01-4)		
LC50 fish 1 > 100 mg/l (LL 50)		
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l WAF, 48 h (OECD 202)	
Reaction products of bis(4-methylpentan-2-yl)dithiophosphoric acid with phosphorus oxide, propylene oxide and		

amines, C12-14-alkyl (branched)			
LC50 fish 1	24 mg/l (Rainbow Trout)		
LC50 fish 2	8.5 mg/l (Fathead Minnow)		
EC50 Daphnia 1	91.4 mg/l		
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	6.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)		
EC50 96h - Algae [2]	15 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)		
NOEC (acute)	1.7 – 3.3		
NOEC chronic fish	3.2 mg/l (Rainbow Trout - 4d)		

0.12 mg/l (Daphnia magna - 21 d)

C16-18-(even numbered, saturated	d and unsaturated)-alkylamines (1213789-63-9)
LC50 fish 1	0.84 mg/l Test organisms (species): Danio rerio (previous name: Brachydanio rerio)
LC50 fish 2	4.21 mg/l Test organisms (species): Danio rerio (previous name: Brachydanio rerio)
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.32 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 Daphnia 2	0.98 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	0.46 mg/l Test organisms (species): Desmodesmus subspicatus (previous name: Scenedesmus subspicatus)
EC50 72h - Algae [2]	0.38 mg/l Test organisms (species): Desmodesmus subspicatus (previous name: Scenedesmus subspicatus)
LOEC (chronic)	0.032 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC (chronic)	0.013 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC chronic crustacea	0.013 mg/l (21d)
NOEC chronic algae	0.01 mg/l (3d)

Reaction product of 1,3,4-thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, formaldehyde and phenol, heptyl derivatives		
LC50 fish 1 26 mg/l (LL50)		
EC50 Daphnia 1	75 mg/l (EL50)	
EC50 72h - Algae [1] 25 mg/l (Selenastrum capricornutum)		

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Reaction product of 1,3,4-thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, formaldehyde and phenol, heptyl derivatives			
C50 96h - Algae [1] 79 mg/l			
NOEC chronic algae	8.1 mg/l		
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)			
LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l (LL 50, Exxon 1995 - OECD 203)		
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l (EL50, Shell 1988 - OECD 202)		
NOEC (acute)	≥ 100 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, 72h, OECD 201 - Petro-Canada 2008)		
NOEC chronic fish	≥ 1000 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss, NOELR, 14d - QSAR, Redman, A. et al. 2010)		
NOEC chronic crustacea	≥ 1000 mg/l (21d, OECD 211 - Shell 1994)		
NOEC chronic algae	≥ 100 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, 72h)		

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Eni Rotra MP DB 85W-90			
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.		
Residual oils (petroleum,) solvent-refined, Bas	seoil - unspecified (64742-01-4)		
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions		
Reaction products of bis(4-methylpentan-2-yl)dithiophosphoric acid with phosphorus oxide, propylene oxide and amines, C12-14-alkyl (branched)			
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable		
Biodegradation	3.6 – 7.4 % (28d - OECD 301 B)		
C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines (1213789-63-9)			
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable		
Biodegradation	66 % (28d) (OECD 301B)		
Reaction product of 1,3,4-thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, formaldehyde and phenol, heptyl derivatives			
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable		
Biodegradation	17.4 % (28d - Sturm test)		
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)			
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions		
Biodegradation	31 % (28d, Exxon 1995)		

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Eni Rotra MP DB 85W-90		
Log Pow Not applicable for mixtures		
Log Kow	Not applicable for mixtures	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.	

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Reaction products of bis(4-methylpentan-2-yl)dithiophosphoric acid with phosphorus oxide, propylene oxide and amines, C12-14-alkyl (branched)				
Log Kow	5.14 (25°C)			
C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines (1213789-63-9)				
Bioconcentration factor (BCF REACH) > 500				
Reaction product of 1,3,4-thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, formaldehyde and phenol, heptyl derivatives				
Bioconcentration factor (BCF REACH)	centration factor (BCF REACH) 9.4 (0,1d)			
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)				
BCF fish 1 0.4 – 6280 l/kg				
BCF fish 2	3.16 – 71100 l/kg			
Log Pow	1.99 – 18.02			
Log Kow	Not applicable (UVCB)			
Bioaccumulative potential The test methods for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances.				

12.4. Mobility in soil

Eni Rotra MP DB 85W-90			
Mobility in soil Not determined			
Ecology - soil	No data available.		
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)			
Log Koc	1.71 – 14.7		
Ecology - soil The test methods for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances.			

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Eni Rotra MP DB 85W-90

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

Component	
Substance(s) not meeting the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, in accordance with Annex XIII	Reaction products of bis(4-methylpentan-2-yl)dithiophosphoric acid with phosphorus oxide, propylene oxide and amines, C12-14-alkyl (branched), C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines (1213789-63-9), Reaction product of 1,3,4-thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, formaldehyde and phenol, heptyl derivatives, Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)
Substance(s) not meeting the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, in accordance with Annex XIII	Reaction products of bis(4-methylpentan-2-yl)dithiophosphoric acid with phosphorus oxide, propylene oxide and amines, C12-14-alkyl (branched), C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines (1213789-63-9), Reaction product of 1,3,4-thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, formaldehyde and phenol, heptyl derivatives, Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Adverse effects on the environment caused by endocrine disrupting properties

: The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substance(s) are not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %.

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Component	
Reaction product of 1,3,4-thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, formaldehyde and phenol, heptyl derivatives	The substance is identified for having endocrine disrupting properties but there is no additional data available (see section 2.3)

12.7. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : None.

Additional information : No other effects known

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Regional waste regulation : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.

Waste treatment methods : Do not dispose of the product, either new or used, by do

: Do not dispose of the product, either new or used, by dumping on the ground, or discharging into sewers, tunnels, lakes or water courses. Deliver to a qualified official collector. Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely.

Sewage disposal recommendations : Dispose of in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : European Waste Catalogue code(s) (Decision 2001/118/CE): 13 02 05* (mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils). This EWC code is only a general

indication, and takes into account the original composition of the product and its intended use. The user has the responsibility of choosing the right EWC code, considering the actual

use of the product, alterations and contaminations.

Ecology - waste materials : The product as it is does not contain halogenated substances.

EURAL code (EWC) : 13 02 05* - Mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / IMDG / IATA / ADN / RID

ADR	IMDG	IATA	ADN	RID
14.1. UN number or ID number				
UN 3082	UN 3082	UN 3082	UN 3082	UN 3082
14.2. UN proper shippin	g name			
ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
Transport document descr	iption			
UN 3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Reaction products of bis(4-methylpentan-2- yl)dithiophosphoric acid with phosphorus oxide, propylene oxide and amines, C12-14-alkyl (branched); C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines), 9, III, (-)	UN 3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Reaction products of bis(4-methylpentan-2- yl)dithiophosphoric acid with phosphorus oxide, propylene oxide and amines, C12-14-alkyl (branched); C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines), 9, III, MARINE POLLUTANT	UN 3082 Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Reaction products of bis(4-methylpentan-2-yl)dithiophosphoric acid with phosphorus oxide, propylene oxide and amines, C12-14-alkyl (branched); C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines), 9, III	UN 3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Reaction products of bis(4-methylpentan-2- yl)dithiophosphoric acid with phosphorus oxide, propylene oxide and amines, C12-14-alkyl (branched); C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines), 9, III	UN 3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Reaction products of bis(4-methylpentan-2- yl)dithiophosphoric acid with phosphorus oxide, propylene oxide and amines, C12-14-alkyl (branched); C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines), 9, III

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ADR	IMDG	IATA	ADN	RID
14.3. Transport hazard o	14.3. Transport hazard class(es)			
9	9	9	9	9
**************************************	**************************************	**************************************	**************************************	**************************************
14.4. Packing group	14.4. Packing group			
III	III	III	III	III
14.5. Environmental hazards				
Dangerous for the environment: Yes	Dangerous for the environment: Yes Marine pollutant: Yes	Dangerous for the environment: Yes	Dangerous for the environment: Yes	Dangerous for the environment: Yes
None.				

14.6. Special precautions for user

Overland transport

Transport regulations (ADR) : Subject to the provisions

Classification code (UN) : M6

Special provisions (ADR) : 274, 335, 375, 601

Limited quantities (ADR) : 5I Excepted quantities (ADR) : E1

Packing instructions (ADR) : P001, IBC03, LP01, R001

Mixed packing provisions (ADR) : MP19
Portable tank and bulk container instructions (ADR) : T4

Portable tank and bulk container special provisions : TP1, TP29

(ADR)

Tank code (ADR) : LGBV
Vehicle for tank carriage : AT
Transport category (ADR) : 3
Special provisions for carriage - Packages (ADR) : V12
Special provisions for carriage - Loading, unloading : CV13

and handling (ADR)

Hazard identification number (Kemler No.) : 90

Orange plates :

90 3082

Tunnel restriction code : EAC code : •3Z

Transport by sea

Transport regulations (IMDG) : Subject to the provisions

Special provisions (IMDG) : 274, 335, 969

Limited quantities (IMDG) : 5 L

Excepted quantities (IMDG) : E1

Packing instructions (IMDG) : LP01, P001
IBC packing instructions (IMDG) : IBC03
Tank instructions (IMDG) : T4
Tank special provisions (IMDG) : TP1, TP29

EmS-No. (Fire): F-AEmS-No. (Spillage): S-FStowage category (IMDG): A

Air transport

Transport regulations (IATA) : Subject to the provisions

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PCA Excepted quantities (IATA) : E1
PCA Limited quantities (IATA) : Y964
PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA) : 30kgG
PCA packing instructions (IATA) : 964
PCA max net quantity (IATA) : 450L
CAO packing instructions (IATA) : 964
CAO max net quantity (IATA) : 450L

Special provisions (IATA) : A97, A158, A197, A215

ERG code (IATA) : 9L

Inland waterway transport

Transport regulations (ADN) : Subject to the provisions

Classification code (ADN) : M6

Special provisions (ADN) : 274, 335, 375, 601

Limited quantities (ADN) : 5 L

Excepted quantities (ADN) : E1

Equipment required (ADN) : PP

Number of blue cones/lights (ADN) : 0

Rail transport

Transport regulations (RID) : Subject to the provisions

Classification code (RID) : M6

Special provisions (RID) : 274, 335, 375, 601

Limited quantities (RID) : 5L Excepted quantities (RID) : E1

Packing instructions (RID) : P001, IBC03, LP01, R001

Mixed packing provisions (RID) : MP19
Portable tank and bulk container instructions (RID) : T4
Portable tank and bulk container special provisions : TP1, TP29

(RID)

Tank codes for RID tanks (RID) : LGBV

Transport category (RID) : 3

Special provisions for carriage – Packages (RID) : W12

Special provisions for carriage - Loading and : CW13, CW31

unloading (RID)

Colis express (express parcels) (RID) : CE8
Hazard identification number (RID) : 90

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

IBC code : Not applicable.

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. EU-Regulations

Other information, restriction and prohibition regulations

: Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH). (et sequens). Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (et sequens). Directives 89/391/CEE, 89/654/CEE, 89/655/CEE, 89/656/CEE, 90/269/CEE, 90/270/CEE, 90/394/CEE, 90/679/CEE, 93/88/CEE, 95/63/CE, 97/42/CE, 98/24/CE, 99/38/CE, 99/92/CE, 2001/45/CE, 2003/10/CE, 2003/18/CE (Health and safety on the workplace). Directive 2012/18/CE (Control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances). Directive 2004/42/CE (Limitation of emissions of Volatile Organic Compounds). Directive 98/24/EC (protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work). Directive 92/85/CE (measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health at work of pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or are breastfeeding). Substances Depleting the Ozone layer (1005/2009) - Annex I Substances (ODP). Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on persistent organic pollutants and amending Directive 79/117/EEC. Regulation EU (649/2012) - Export and Import of hazardous chemicals (PIC).

REACH Annex XVII (Restriction List)

EU restriction list (REACH Annex XVII)		
Reference code	Applicable on	Entry title or description
3(c)	Reaction products of bis(4-methylpentan-2-yl)dithiophosphoric acid with phosphorus oxide, propylene oxide and amines, C12-14-alkyl (branched); Reaction product of 1,3,4-thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, formaldehyde and phenol, heptyl derivs.; C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines	Substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Hazard class 4.1
3(a)	Reaction product of 1,3,4-thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, formaldehyde and phenol, heptyl derivs.	Substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Hazard classes 2.1 to 2.4, 2.6 and 2.7, 2.8 types A and B, 2.9, 2.10, 2.12, 2.13 categories 1 and 2, 2.14 categories 1 and 2, 2.15 types A to F
3(b)	Reaction products of bis(4-methylpentan-2-yl)dithiophosphoric acid with phosphorus oxide, propylene oxide and amines, C12-14-alkyl (branched); Reaction product of 1,3,4-thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, formaldehyde and phenol, heptyl derivs.; C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines	Substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Hazard classes 3.1 to 3.6, 3.7 adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on development, 3.8 effects other than narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10

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EU restriction list (REACH Annex XVII)		
Reference code	Applicable on	Entry title or description
40.	Reaction product of 1,3,4-thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, formaldehyde and phenol, heptyl derivs.	Substances classified as flammable gases category 1 or 2, flammable liquids categories 1, 2 or 3, flammable solids category 1 or 2, substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases, category 1, 2 or 3, pyrophoric liquids category 1 or pyrophoric solids category 1, regardless of whether they appear in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 or not.

REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

Contains no substance(s) listed on REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

REACH Candidate List (SVHC)

Contains substance(s) listed on the REACH Candidate List in concentrations ≥ 0.1 % or SCL: Reaction product of 1,3,4-thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, formaldehyde and phenol, heptyl derivs. (EC 939-460-0)

PIC Regulation (Prior Informed Consent)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the PIC list (Regulation EU 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals)

POP Regulation (Persistent Organic Pollutants)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the POP list (Regulation EU 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants)

Ozone Regulation (1005/2009)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Ozone Depletion list (Regulation EU 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer)

Council Regulation (EC) for the control of dual-use items

Contains no substance subject to the COUNCIL REGULATION (EC) for the control of dual-use items

Seveso Directive (Disaster Risk Reduction)

Seveso Additional information : E2

Explosives Precursors Regulation (2019/1148)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Explosives Precursors list (Regulation EU 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors)

Drug Precursors Regulation (273/2004)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Drug Precursors list (Regulation EC 273/2004 on the manufacture and the placing on market of certain substances used in the illicit manufacture of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances)

15.1.2. National regulations

National adoption of EU Directives concerning health and safety on the workplace.

National laws on classification and labeling of dangerous substances/preparations (Adoption of Directive 67/548/CE and subsequent Adaptations to Technical Progress - ATP, and Directive 1999/45/CE).

National adoption of EU Directives concerning control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances (2012/18/CE).

Relevant national laws on prevention of water pollution.

Relevant national laws on protection of the health of pregnant workers (National adoption of Dir. 92/85/EEC).

National adoption of Directive 2008/98/CE concerning disposal of used oils.

France

Maladies professionelles (F)		
Code	Description	
RG 36	Diseases caused by oils and fats of mineral or synthetic origin	

Germany

Employment restrictions

: Employment prohibitions or restrictions on the protection of young people at work according to § 22 JArbSchG in the case of formation of hazardous substances have to be observed.

National Rules and Recommendations

: TRGS 900: Occupational Exposure Limits.

TRGS 800: Fire protection measures.

TRGS 555: Working instruction and information for workers.

TRGS 402: Identification and Assessment of the Risks from Activities involving Hazardous

Substances: Inhalation Exposure.

TRGS 401: Risks resulting from skin contact - identification, assessment, measures. TRGS 400: Hazard assessment for activities involving Hazardous Substances.

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VbF class (D) : Not applicable.

Water hazard class (WGK) (D) : WGK 2, Significantly hazardous to water (Classification according to AwSV, Annex 1). WGK remark

Classification based on the components in compliance with Verwaltungsvorschrift

wassergefährdender Stoffe (VwVwS).

Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BImSchV) Is not subject to the Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BlmSchV)

Netherlands

Saneringsinspanningen : C - Minimize discharge

SZW-lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen : None of the components are listed SZW-lijst van mutagene stoffen : None of the components are listed SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen - Borstvoeding : None of the components are listed SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen -: None of the components are listed

Vruchtbaarheid

SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen - Ontwikkeling : None of the components are listed

Denmark

Danish National Regulations Young people under 18 years are not allowed to use the product

Pregnant/breastfeeding women working with the product must not be in direct contact with it

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

This mixture is classified as not hazardous according to regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out for the following components of this mixture::

Residual oils (petroleum,) solvent-refined; Baseoil—unspecified; [A complex combination by hydrocarbons obtained as the solvent insoluble fraction from solvent refining of a residuum using a polar organic solvent such as phenol or furfural. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly higher than C25 and boiling above approximately 400°C (752°F).]

Reaction products of bis(4-methylpentan-2-yl)dithiophosphoric acid with phosphorus oxide, propylene oxide and amines, C12-14-alkyl (branched) C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines

Reaction product of 1,3,4-thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, formaldehyde and phenol, heptyl derivs.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes			
Section	Changed item	Change	Comments
	First issue.		

Abbreviations and acronyms:			
	Complete text of the H phrases quoted in this Safety Data Sheet. These phrases are reported here for information only, and MAY NOT correspond to the classification of the product.		
	N/D = not available		
	N/A = not applicable		
ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways		
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road		
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate		
BCF	Bioconcentration factor		
CLP	Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008		
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect level		
DNEL	Derived-No Effect Level		
EC50	Effective concentration for 50 percent of test population (median effective concentration)		
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer		
IATA	International Air Transport Association		

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Abbreviations and acronyms:			
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods		
LC50	Lethal concentration for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration)		
LD50	Lethal dose for 50 percent of test population (median lethal dose)		
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level		
NOAEC	No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration		
NOAEL	No-Observed Adverse Effect Level		
NOEC	No-Observed Effect Concentration		
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development		
PBT	Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic		
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration		
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006		
RID	Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways		
SDS	Safety Data Sheet		
STP	Sewage treatment plant		
vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative		

Data sources

Training advice

Other information

- : This Safety Data Sheet is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.
- : Provide adequate training to professional operators for the use of PPEs, according to the information contained in this Safety Data Sheet.
- Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer. In exceptional cases (i.e prolonged storage in tanks contaminated with water, and presence of anaerobic sulfate-reducing microbial colonies), the product may undergo a degradation and generate small amounts of sulfur compounds, including H2S. This situation is especially relevant in all those circumstances which require to enter a confined space, with direct exposure to the vapours. If there is any suspicion of inhalation of H2S (hydrogen sulphide), Rescuers must wear breathing apparatus, belt and safety rope, and follow rescue procedures. Send patient to hospital. Immediately begin artificial respiration if breathing has ceased. Administer oxygen if necessary. This situation is especially relevant for those operations which involve direct exposure to the vapours in the interior of tanks or other confined spaces. If this possibility is suspected, a specific assessment of inhalation risks from the presence of H2S in confined spaces must be made, to help determine prevention measures and controls (i.e. PPE) appropriate to local circumstances, and adequate emergency procedures.

Full text of H- and EUH-statements:		
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4	
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Acute Hazard, Category 1	
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 1	
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 2	
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 3	
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1	
EUH208	Contains Reaction products of bis(4-methylpentan-2-yl)dithiophosphoric acid with phosphorus oxide, propylene oxide and amines, C12-14-alkyl (branched), Reaction product of 1,3,4-thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, formaldehyde and phenol, heptyl derivs May produce an allergic reaction.	
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1	
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2	

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Full text of H- and EUH-statements:			
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids, Category 3		
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.		
H302	Harmful if swallowed.		
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.		
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.		
H315	Causes skin irritation.		
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
H318	Causes serious eye damage.		
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.		
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.		
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.		
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.		
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1, Sub-Category 1B		
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2		
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitisation, Category 1		
Skin Sens. 1B	Skin sensitisation, category 1B		
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 2		
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation		

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:		
Aquatic Chronic 2	H411	Calculation method

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), EU

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.