

Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 Revision date: 2/17/2025 Supersedes: 1/2/2025 Version: 1.2

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture
Trade name : Eni Acer 320
Product code : 2153
Type of product : Lubricants
Formula : 0058-2009
Product group : Trade product

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses

Main use category : Industrial use, Professional use

Industrial/Professional use spec : Wide dispersive use

Used in closed systems

Use of the substance/mixture : Functional fluids

Hydraulic oil

Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer.

Function or use category : Hydraulic fluids and additives

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Enilive S.p.A, Viale Giorgio Ribotta 51, 00144 Rome, ITALY, Tel. +39 06 59821

Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet (Reg. EC nr. 1907/2006): SDS.Enilive@enilive.com

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1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CNIT +39 0382 24444 (24h) (IT + EN)

Poison Center

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]

Not classified

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

For specific information about the toxicological/ecotoxicological properties and classification of this product, see Sect. 11 and/or Sect. 12.

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

EUH-statements : EUH210 - Safety data sheet available on request.

2.3. Other hazards (not relevant for classification)

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

Contains no PBT and/or vPvB substances ≥ 0.1% assessed in accordance with REACH Annex XIII

Component

Substance(s) not meeting the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, in accordance with Annex XIII

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)

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Component	
Substance(s) not meeting the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, in accordance with Annex XIII	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)

The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substance(s) are not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %

Component	
Substance(s) not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]
Residual oils (petroleum,) solvent-refined; Baseoil—unspecified; [A complex combination by hydrocarbons obtained as the solvent insoluble fraction from solvent refining of a residuum using a polar organic solvent such as phenol or furfural. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly higher than C25 and boiling above approximately 400°C (752°F).] (Main component, see note [*]) substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (AT, BE, DK, ES, GB, HU, NL, SE)	CAS-No.: 64742-01-4 EC-No.: 265-101-6 EC Index-No.: 649-459-00-4 REACH-no: 01-2119488707- 21	70 - 80	Not classified
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (see note [*], see note [**]) substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (AT, BE, DK, ES, GB, HU, NL, SE)	CAS-No.: 64742-65-0 EC-No.: 265-169-7 EC Index-No.: 649-474-00-6 REACH-no: 01-2119471299- 27	20 – 25	Not classified
Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene	CAS-No.: 68411-46-1 EC-No.: 270-128-1 REACH-no: 01-2119491299- 23	0.099 – 0.1	Repr. 2, H361f

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Comments : Note [*]:

this product has a value of DMSO extract < 3 % wt, according to IP 346. According to the criteria laid out by the EU (note L, Annex VI of Regulation (CE) 1272/2008), this product must be regarded as non carcinogenic.

substance with occupational exposure limits for some EU countries affecting the category of mineral oils (finely refined mineral base oil mists; see section 8.1)

Note [**]:

this product may be formulated with one or more of the following base oils: CAS 74869-22-0/ EC: 278-012-2/ REACH Reg. # 01-2119495601-36-XXXX; CAS 64742-54-7/ EC 265-157-1/ REACH Reg. # 01-2119484627-25-XXXX

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation : In case of disturbances owing to inhalation of vapours or mists, remove the victim from exposure; keep at rest; if necessary, seek medical attention. See also section 4.3.

First-aid measures after skin contact

: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If inflammation or irritation persists, seek medical advice. In case of burns, cool affected part with cold running water for at least 10 min. Cover with gauze or clean cloth. Ask for medical assistance or bring to

a hospital. Do not apply salves or other substances, unless by doctor's advice. Body hypothermia must be avoided. Do not put ice on the burn.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse eyes thoroughly for at least 15 minutes. Keep eyelids well apart. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If irritation, blurred vision or swelling occurs and persists, obtain medical advice from a specialist. In case of burns, cool affected part with cold running water for at least 10 min. Cover with gauze or clean cloth. Ask for medical assistance or bring to a hospital. Do not apply salves or other substances, unless

by doctor's advice.

First-aid measures after ingestion : If the person is conscious, rinse mouth with water without swallowing. Keep at rest. Call for medical assistance or bring to an hospital. If the casualty is unconscious, place in the

recovery position. Do not induce vomiting to avoid aspiration into the lungs. Keep at rest. In case of spontaneous vomiting, keep head low, to avoid the risk of aspiration into the lungs.

Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : This product has a low vapour pressure, and in normal conditions at ambient temperature

the concentration in the air is negligible. A significant concentration may build up only in case of sprays and mists. In these cases overexposure to mists (e.g. through prolonged use in confined insufficiently ventilated spaces) may cause irritation to airways, nausea and

dizziness.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause a slight transient irritation. Contact with hot product may cause thermal burns.

: Contact with eyes may cause temporary reddening and irritation. Contact with hot product or vapours may cause burns.

: Accidental ingestion of small quantities of the product may cause nausea, discomfort and gastric disturbances.

Symptoms/effects upon intravenous administration : No information available.

Chronic symptoms : None to be reported, according to the present classification criteria.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Obtain medical attention if casualty has an altered state of consciousness or if symptoms do not resolve.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Symptoms/effects after eye contact

Symptoms/effects after ingestion

Suitable extinguishing media : Small-size fires: carbon dioxide, dry chemicals, foam, sand or earth. Large fires: foam or water fog (mist). These means should be used by trained personnel only. Other

extinguishing gases (according to regulations).

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Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use water jet to extinguish, they could cause splattering and spread the fire. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard

: This product is combustible, but not classified as Flammable. The creation of flammable vapour mixtures takes place at temperatures which are higher than normal ambient levels.

Explosion hazard

: The vapours are flammable and may form explosive mixtures with air.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions

: Shut off source of product, if possible. Spilled product which is not burning should be covered with sand or foam. Move containers away from the fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water sprays to cool containers and surfaces exposed to the flames. If the fire cannot be controlled, evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

: Wear personal protective equipment. See Section 8. EN 443. EN 469. EN 659. In case of a large fire or in confined or poorly ventilated spaces, wear full fire resistant protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Other information

: In case of fire, do not discharge residual product, waste materials and runoff water: collect separately and use a proper treatment.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures

: Stop or contain leak at the source, if safe to do so. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so (e.g. electricity, sparks, fires, flares). Avoid accidental sprays on hot surfaces or electrical contacts. Avoid direct contact with released material. Keep upwind.

For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment

: See Section 8.

Emergency procedures

Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency.

For emergency responders

Protective equipment

: Small spillages: normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate. Large spillages: full body suit of chemically resistant and antistatic material. if necessary heat resistant and insulated. Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons. Gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. If contact with hot product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be heat-resistant and thermally insulated. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant, if necessary heat resistant and insulated. Work helmet. Goggles and /or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated. Respiratory protection: a half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (AX), or a Self-contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.

Emergency procedures

: If required, notify relevant authorities according to all applicable regulations.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not let the product accumulate in confined or underground spaces. Do not let the product flow into sewers or water courses, or in any way contaminate the environment. In case of contamination of environment compartments (soil, subsoil, surface or underground waters), remove contaminated soil when possible, and in any case treat all involved compartments in accordance with local regulations. The site should have a spill plan to ensure that adequate safeguards are in place to minimize the impact of episodic releases.

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6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

: Contain spilled liquid with sand, earth or other suitable absorbents (non-flammable). Recover free liquid and waste materials in suitable waterproof and oil-resistant containers. Clean contaminated area. Dispose of according to local regulations. If in water: Confine the spillage. Remove from surface by skimming or suitable floating absorbents. Collect recovered product and other waste materials in suitable waterproof, oil resistant containers. Recover or dispose of according to local regulations. Do not use solvents or dispersants, unless specifically advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.

Other information

: Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air/water temperature, wave/current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection". For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Ensure that all relevant regulations regarding handling and storage facilities of flammable products are followed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. During transfer operations, ensure that all equipment and containers are correctly grounded. Avoid the build-up of electric charges. Emptied containers can contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, drill, burn or incinerate empty containers or drums, unless they have been drained and cleaned. Do not use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling operations.

Handling temperature Hygiene measures

- : This product can be handled at ambient temperatures.
- Avoid contact with skin. Do not breathe fume/ mist/ vapours. Do not ingest. Do not smoke. Do not eat and do not drink during use. Do not clean hands with dirty or oil-soaked rags. Do not re-use clothes, if they are still contaminated. Keep away from food and beverages.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

: Store in dry, well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Incompatible products

: Strong oxidizing agents.

Storage temperature

: This product can be stored at ambient temperatures.

Storage area

: Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant European, national or local legislation. Storage installations/areas should be designed with adequate bunds in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations.

Packages and containers:

: If the product is supplied in containers: Keep containers tightly closed and properly labelled. Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product.

Packaging materials

: For containers, or container linings use materials specifically approved for use with this product. Compatibility should be checked with the manufacturer, according to the specific

use conditions.

Germany

Storage class (LGK, TRGS 510) : LGK 12 - Non-combustible liquids

Switzerland

Storage class (LK) : LK 10/12 - Liquids

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No information available.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

National occupational exposure and biological limit values

Residual oils (petroleum,) solvent-refined; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination by hydrocarbons obtained as the solvent insoluble fraction from solvent refining of a residuum using a polar organic solvent such as phenol or furfural. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly higher than C25 and boiling above approximately 400°C (752°F).] (64742-01-4)

Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits

MAK (OEL TWA)

5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)

Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits	
MAK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OEL TWA	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
OEL STEL	2 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits	
AK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits	
MAC TGG 8h (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits	
VLA-ED (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
VLA-EC (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits	
NGV (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
KGV (OEL STEL)	3 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	
WEL TWA (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
ACGIH OEL STEL	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)

finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100	SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)
Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits	
MAK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits	

Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OEL TWA	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
OEL STEL	2 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)

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Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)

Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits	
AK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits	
MAC TGG 8h (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits	
VLA-ED (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
VLA-EC (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits	
NGV (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
KGV (OEL STEL)	3 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	
WEL TWA (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
ACGIH OEL STEL	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)

Recommended monitoring procedures

Monitoring methods	
Monitoring methods	Monitoring procedures should be chosen according to the indications set by national authorities or labour contracts. Refer to relevant legislation and in any case to the good practice of industrial hygiene.

DNEL and PNEC

Eni Acer 320	
DNEL/DMEL (additional information)	
Additional information	Not applicable
PNEC (additional information)	
Additional information	Not applicable
Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene (68411-46-1)	
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)	
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	0.08 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	0.6 mg/m³
DNEL/DMEL (General population)	
Long-term - systemic effects,oral	0.04 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	0.14 mg/m³
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	0.04 mg/kg bodyweight/day
PNEC (Water)	
PNEC aqua (freshwater)	0.0338 mg/l

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Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products w	rith 2,4,4-trimethylpentene (68411-46-1)
PNEC aqua (marine water)	0.0038 mg/l
PNEC aqua (intermittent, freshwater)	0.51 mg/l
PNEC (Sediment)	
PNEC sediment (freshwater)	0.446 mg/kg dwt
PNEC sediment (marine water)	0.0446 mg/kg dwt
PNEC (Soil)	
PNEC soil	1.76 mg/kg dwt
PNEC (STP)	
PNEC sewage treatment plant	10 mg/l
hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal	y paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists in numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)	
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	0.97 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	2.73 mg/m³
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	5.58 mg/m³
DNEL/DMEL (General population)	
Long-term - systemic effects,oral	0.74 mg/kg bodyweight/day
PNEC (Oral)	
PNEC oral (secondary poisoning)	9.33 mg/kg food
PNEC (additional information)	
Additional information	Not derived - Not classified as hazardous for environment
Note :	The Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) is an estimated safe level of exposure that is derived from toxicity data in accord with specific guidance within the European REACH regulation. The DNEL may differ from an Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OELs may be recommended by an individual company, a governmental regulatory body or an expert organization, such as the Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL) or the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). OELs are considered to be safe exposure levels for a typical worker in an occupational setting for an 8-hour work shift, 40 hour work week, as a time weighted average (TWA) or a 15 minute short-term exposure limit (STEL). While also considered to be protective of health, OELs are derived by a process different from that of REACH.

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls:

Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area (e.g. tunnels), carry out an adequate clean-up, and check the atmosphere for oxygen content and flammability.

Personal protection equipment

Personal protective equipment (for industrial or professional use):

Face shield. Gloves. Protective clothing. Safety glasses. Safety shoes or boots.

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):











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Eye and face protection

Eye protection:

When there is a risk of contact with the eyes, use safety goggles or other means of protection (face shield). If necessary, refer to national standards or to the EN 166 standard.

Skin protection

Skin and body protection:

Long-sleeved overalls. If necessary, refer to the EN 340 and related standards, for definition of characteristics and performance according to the risk rating of the area. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant, if necessary heat resistant and insulated.

Hand protection:

When there is a risk of contact with the skin, use waterproof gloves, resistant to chemical products. Gloves must be felt-lined. Adequate materials: nitrile (NBR) or PVC with a protection index > 5 (permeation time > 240 mins). Use gloves respecting all the conditions and within the limits set by the manufacturer. Replace gloves immediately in case of cuts, holes or other signs of damages or degradation. If necessary, refer to the EN 374 standard. Personal hygiene is a key element for an effective hand care. Gloves must be worn only with clean hands. After wearing gloves, hands must be carefully washed and dried.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection:

Independently from other possible actions (technical modifications, operating procedures, and other means to limit the exposure of workers), personal protection equipment can be used according to necessity. Open or well ventilated spaces: if the product is handled without adequate containment: use full or half-face masks with adequate filter for mists and organic vapours. (EN 136/140/145). Combination filter device (DIN EN 141). Closed or confined areas (e.g. tank interiors): the use of protection measures for airways (masks or self-contained breathing apparatus), must be assessed according to the specific activity, as well as level and duration of predicted exposure.

Thermal hazards

Thermal hazard protection:

If contact with hot product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be heat-resistant and thermally insulated.

Environmental exposure controls

Environmental exposure controls:

Do not discharge the product into the environment. Storage areas/installations should be designed with adequate bunds so as to prevent ground and water pollution in case of leaks or spills. Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater. Onsite wastewater treatment required. Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Consumer exposure controls:

Not applicable.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Colour : Yellow-brown.
Appearance : Liquid, bright & clear.
Molecular mass : Not applicable for mixtures
Odour : Slight odour of petroleum.

Odour threshold : There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself.

Melting point : -6 °C (pour point) (ASTM D 97)

Freezing point Not determined Not determined Boiling point Flammability Not flammable Lower explosion limit Not determined Upper explosion limit : Not determined Flash point : 281 °C (ASTM D 92) Auto-ignition temperature : Not available Decomposition temperature : Not determined : Not applicable pН

Viscosity, kinematic : 320 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)
Solubility : Water: Immiscible and insoluble
Log Kow : Not applicable for mixtures
Log Pow : Not applicable for mixtures

Vapour pressure : Not determined

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Vapour pressure at 50°C : Not determined

Critical pressure : Not applicable for mixtures
Density : 905 kg/m³ (15 °C) (ASTM D 4052)

Relative density : Not determined Relative vapour density at 20°C : Not determined Particle characteristics : Not applicable

9.2. Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Critical temperature : Not applicable for mixtures

Other safety characteristics

Additional information : No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This mixture does not offer any further hazard for reactivity, except what is reported in the following paragraphs.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable product, according to its intrinsic properties.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None (in normal conditions of storage and handling). Contact with strong oxidizers (peroxides, chromates, etc.) or alkali metals may cause a fire hazard. Sensitivity to heat, friction or shock cannot be assessed in advance.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from strong oxidizers. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Avoid the build-up of electrostatic charge.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Thermal decomposition may produce: Toxic fumes.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Additional information : (according to composition)

Residual oils (petroleum,) solvent-refined; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination by hydrocarbons obtained as the solvent insoluble fraction from solvent refining of a residuum using a polar organic solvent such as phenol or furfural. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly higher than C25 and boiling above approximately 400°C (752°F).] (64742-01-4)

LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD 401)
LD50 dermal rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD 402)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 5 mg/l/4h (OECD 403)

Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene (68411-46-1)

LD50 oral rat 5000 mg/kg bodyweight (OECD 401)

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SDS EO IOITHAL ACCORDING TO COMMISSION REGULATION (I	
Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products	with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene (68411-46-1)
LD50 dermal rat	≈ 2000 mg/kg bodyweight (OECD 402)
hydrocarbons obtained by removal of norm predominantly of hydrocarbons having carb	avy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of al paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists on numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a 0 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Not determined
	 Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) pH: Not applicable (according to composition)
	Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination by hydrocarbons obtained as
the solvent insoluble fraction from solvent i	refining of a residuum using a polar organic solvent such as phenol or carbon numbers predominantly higher than C25 and boiling above
рН	Not applicable
hydrocarbons obtained by removal of norm predominantly of hydrocarbons having carb finished oil with a viscosity not less than 10	avy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of al paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists on numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a 0 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)
рН	Not applicable
<u>'</u>	
<u>'</u>	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) pH: Not applicable
Serious eye damage/irritation Additional information	pH: Not applicable : (according to composition)
Serious eye damage/irritation Additional information Residual oils (petroleum,) solvent-refined; E the solvent insoluble fraction from solvent in	pH: Not applicable
Serious eye damage/irritation Additional information Residual oils (petroleum,) solvent-refined; E the solvent insoluble fraction from solvent i furfural. It consists of hydrocarbons having	pH: Not applicable (according to composition) Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination by hydrocarbons obtained as refining of a residuum using a polar organic solvent such as phenol or
Serious eye damage/irritation Additional information Residual oils (petroleum,) solvent-refined; Ethe solvent insoluble fraction from solvent if furfural. It consists of hydrocarbons having approximately 400°C (752°F).] (64742-01-4) pH Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed her hydrocarbons obtained by removal of norm predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbons.	pH: Not applicable : (according to composition) Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination by hydrocarbons obtained as refining of a residuum using a polar organic solvent such as phenol or carbon numbers predominantly higher than C25 and boiling above
Serious eye damage/irritation Additional information Residual oils (petroleum,) solvent-refined; Ethe solvent insoluble fraction from solvent if furfural. It consists of hydrocarbons having approximately 400°C (752°F).] (64742-01-4) pH Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed her hydrocarbons obtained by removal of norm predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbons.	pH: Not applicable : (according to composition) Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination by hydrocarbons obtained as refining of a residuum using a polar organic solvent such as phenol or carbon numbers predominantly higher than C25 and boiling above Not applicable avy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of all paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists boon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a
Serious eye damage/irritation Additional information Residual oils (petroleum,) solvent-refined; Ethe solvent insoluble fraction from solvent if furfural. It consists of hydrocarbons having approximately 400°C (752°F).] (64742-01-4) pH Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heathydrocarbons obtained by removal of norm predominantly of hydrocarbons having cark finished oil with a viscosity not less than 10	pH: Not applicable : (according to composition) Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination by hydrocarbons obtained as refining of a residuum using a polar organic solvent such as phenol or carbon numbers predominantly higher than C25 and boiling above Not applicable avy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of all paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists con numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a consumer such as
Serious eye damage/irritation Additional information Residual oils (petroleum,) solvent-refined; Ethe solvent insoluble fraction from solvent if furfural. It consists of hydrocarbons having approximately 400°C (752°F).] (64742-01-4) pH Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heathydrocarbons obtained by removal of norm predominantly of hydrocarbons having cartefinished oil with a viscosity not less than 10 pH Respiratory or skin sensitisation Additional information Germ cell mutagenicity Additional information Carcinogenicity	pH: Not applicable : (according to composition) Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination by hydrocarbons obtained as refining of a residuum using a polar organic solvent such as phenol or carbon numbers predominantly higher than C25 and boiling above Not applicable avy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of al paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists con numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a 10 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0) Not applicable : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) : (according to composition) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) : (according to composition) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) : (according to composition)
Serious eye damage/irritation Additional information Residual oils (petroleum,) solvent-refined; Ethe solvent insoluble fraction from solvent if furfural. It consists of hydrocarbons having approximately 400°C (752°F).] (64742-01-4) pH Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heathydrocarbons obtained by removal of norm predominantly of hydrocarbons having cartefinished oil with a viscosity not less than 10 pH Respiratory or skin sensitisation Additional information Germ cell mutagenicity Additional information	pH: Not applicable : (according to composition) Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination by hydrocarbons obtained as refining of a residuum using a polar organic solvent such as phenol or carbon numbers predominantly higher than C25 and boiling above Not applicable avy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of all paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists con numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a substant of the composition of all paraffines (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) : (according to composition) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) : (according to composition) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) : (according to composition) This product contains : Residual oils (petroleum) solvent-refined; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination by hydrocarbons obtained as the solvent insoluble fraction from solvent refining of a residuum using a polar organic solvent such as phenol or furfural. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly higher than C25 and boiling above approximately 400°C (752°F).], Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic this product has a value of DMSO extract < 3 % wt, according to IP 346. According to the criteria laid out by the EU (note L, Annex VI of Regulation (CE) 1272/2008), this product

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Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene (68411-46-1)		
NOAEL (oral, rat)	25 mg/kg bodyweight	
·	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition)	
the solvent insoluble fraction from solvent re-	seoil— unspecified; [A complex combination by hydrocarbons obtained as fining of a residuum using a polar organic solvent such as phenol or arbon numbers predominantly higher than C25 and boiling above	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD TG 408)	
hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal	ry paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists in numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight Not determined	
LOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	100 mg/kg bodyweight/day	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	< 125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (CAS 64742-04-7, Mobil 1990) (OECD 408)	
NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	≈ 1000 mg/kg bodyweight Not determined	
NOAEC (inhalation,rat, vapour, 90 days)	220 – 980 mg/m³ (Dalbey W, Osimitz T, Kommineni C, Roy T, Feuston M and Yang J 1991 - OECD 412)	
Aspiration hazard : Additional information :	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition) Viscosity, kinematic: > 20,5 mm2/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)	
Eni Acer 320		
Viscosity, kinematic	320 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)	
Residual oils (petroleum,) solvent-refined; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination by hydrocarbons obtained as the solvent insoluble fraction from solvent refining of a residuum using a polar organic solvent such as phenol or furfural. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly higher than C25 and boiling above approximately 400°C (752°F).] (64742-01-4)		
Viscosity, kinematic	30 – 34 mm²/s (100 °C) (ASTM D 445)	
Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene (68411-46-1)		
Viscosity, kinematic	352.7 mm²/s (40°C)	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)		
Viscosity, kinematic	91 – 99 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)	

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Adverse health effects caused by endocrine disrupting properties

: The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substance(s) are not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %

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Other information

Potential adverse human health effects and

symptoms

: Contact with eyes may cause temporary reddening and irritation,Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause a slight transient irritation,Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not

breathe vapour and mist

Other information : None

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general

: The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms nor to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. An uncontrolled release to the environment may nevertheless produce a contamination of different environmental compartments (soil, underground, surface water bodies, aquifers). Handle according to general working hygiene practices to avoid pollution and release into the environment.

Ecology - air

This product has a low vapour pressure, and in normal conditions at ambient temperature the concentration in the air is negligible. A significant concentration may build up only in case of sprays and mists. In these cases overexposure to mists (e.g. through prolonged use in confined insufficiently ventilated spaces) may cause irritation to airways, nausea and dizziness.

Ecology - water

This product is not soluble in water. It floats on water and forms a film on the surface. The damage to aquatic organisms is of mechanical kind (immobilization and entrapment)

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term

(acute)

Not classified

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term

(chronic)

: Not classified

Residual oils (petroleum,) solvent-refined, Baseoil - unspecified (64742-01-4)		
LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l (LL 50)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l WAF, 48 h (OECD 202)	
Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products w	ith 2,4,4-trimethylpentene (68411-46-1)	
LC50 fish 1	≥ 100 mg/l Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish) (OECD 203; 96 h)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	51 mg/l 48 h (OECD 202)	
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 100 mg/l (OECD 201, Desmodesmus subspicatus)	
ErC50 (algae)	≥ 100 mg/l 72 h; Desmodesmus subspicatus (OECD 201)	
ErC50 (other aquatic plants)	≥ 100 mg/l (3h, OECD 209) (ACTIVATED SLUDGE)	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)		
LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l (LL 50, Exxon 1995 - OECD 203)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l (EL50, Shell 1988 - OECD 202)	
NOEC (acute)	≥ 100 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, 72h, OECD 201 - Petro-Canada 2008)	
NOEC chronic fish ≥ 1000 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss, NOELR, 14d - QSAR, Redman, A. et al. 2010)		
NOEC chronic crustacea ≥ 1000 mg/l (21d, OECD 211 - Shell 1994)		
NOEC chronic algae	≥ 100 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, 72h)	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

E	ni Acer 320	
Pe	ersistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.

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- '	
Residual oils (petroleum,) solvent-refined, Ba	aseoil - unspecified (64742-01-4)
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.
Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products v	with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene (68411-46-1)
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable
BOD (% of ThOD)	1 % ThOD (28 d) (OECD 301B; ISO 9439; 92/69/EEC, C.4-C)
Biodegradation	8 % (OECD 301; Read-across)
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed hea	vy paraffinic (64742-65-0)
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.
Biodegradation	31 % (28d, Exxon 1995)
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
Eni Acer 320	
Log Pow	Not applicable for mixtures
Log Kow	Not applicable for mixtures
Rioaccumulative notential	Not established

Eni Acer 320		
Log Pow Not applicable for mixtures		
Log Kow	Not applicable for mixtures	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.	
Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene (68411-46-1)		
Bioconcentration factor (BCF REACH)	1730 (42d)	
Log Kow	> 5 (25°C)	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)		
BCF fish 1	0.4 – 6280 l/kg	
BCF fish 2	3.16 – 71100 l/kg	
Log Pow	1.99 – 18.02	
Log Kow	Not applicable (UVCB)	
Bioaccumulative potential	The test methods for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances.	

12.4. Mobility in soil

Eni Acer 320		
Mobility in soil	Not determined	
Ecology - soil	No data available.	
Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene (68411-46-1)		
Log Koc 3.8		
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)		
Log Koc 1.71 – 14.7		
Ecology - soil	The test methods for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances.	

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12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Eni Acer 320		
This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII		
This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria	of REACH regulation, annex XIII	
Results of PBT-vPvB assessment	The components in this formulation do not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)	
Component		
Substance(s) not meeting the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, in accordance with Annex XIII	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)	
Substance(s) not meeting the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, in accordance with Annex XIII	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)	

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Adverse effects on the environment caused by endocrine disrupting properties

: The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substance(s) are not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Additional information

- : None
- : This product has no specific properties for inhibition of bacterial activity. In any case, wastewater containing this product should be treated in plants that are suited for the specific purpose.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment methods : Do not dispose of the product, either new or used, by dumping on the ground, or

discharging into sewers, tunnels, lakes or water courses. Deliver to a qualified official

collector. Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely.

Sewage disposal recommendations : Dispose of in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Do not apply

industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : European Waste Catalogue code(s) (Decision 2001/118/CE): 13 02 05* (mineral-based

non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils). This EWC code is only a general indication, and takes into account the original composition of the product and its intended use. The user has the responsibility of choosing the right EWC code, considering the actual use of the product, alterations and contaminations.

Additional information : Empty containers may contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, bore, burn or

incinerate emptied containers, unless they have been cleaned and declared safe.

Ecology - waste materials : The product as it is does not contain halogenated substances.

EURAL code (EWC) : 13 02 05* - Mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / IMDG / IATA / ADN / RID

ADR	IMDG	IATA	ADN	RID
14.1. UN number or ID number				
Not regulated for transport				

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ADR	IMDG	IATA	ADN	RID
14.2. UN proper shipping	g name			
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)				
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.4. Packing group				
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.5. Environmental hazards				
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
None				

14.6. Special precautions for user

Overland transport

Not regulated

Transport by sea

Not regulated

Air transport

Not regulated

Inland waterway transport

Not regulated

Rail transport

Not regulated

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU-Regulations

REACH Annex XVII (Restriction List)

EU restriction list (REACH Annex XVII)		
Reference code	Applicable on	Entry title or description
3(b)	Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene	Substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Hazard classes 3.1 to 3.6, 3.7 adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on development, 3.8 effects other than narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10

REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

Contains no substance(s) listed on REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

REACH Candidate List (SVHC)

No ingredients are included in the REACH Candidate list (> 0,1 % m/m).

PIC Regulation (Prior Informed Consent)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the PIC list (Regulation EU 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals)

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POP Regulation (Persistent Organic Pollutants)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the POP list (Regulation EU 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants)

Ozone Regulation (1005/2009)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Ozone Depletion list (Regulation EU 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer)

Council Regulation (EC) for the control of dual-use items

Contains no substance subject to the COUNCIL REGULATION (EC) for the control of dual-use items

Explosives Precursors Regulation (2019/1148)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Explosives Precursors list (Regulation EU 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors)

Drug Precursors Regulation (273/2004)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Drug Precursors list (Regulation EC 273/2004 on the manufacture and the placing on market of certain substances used in the illicit manufacture of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances)

National regulations

France

Maladies professionelles (F)	
Code	Description
RG 36	Diseases caused by oils and fats of mineral or synthetic origin

Germany

Employment restrictions	: Employment prohibitions or restrictions on the protection of young people at work according
	to § 22 JArbSchG in the case of formation of hazardous substances have to be observed.

National Rules and Recommendations : TRGS 900: Occupational Exposure Limits. TRGS 800: Fire protection measures.

TRGS 555: Working instruction and information for workers.

TRGS 402: Identification and Assessment of the Risks from Activities involving Hazardous

Substances: Inhalation Exposure.

TRGS 401: Risks resulting from skin contact - identification, assessment, measures. TRGS 400: Hazard assessment for activities involving Hazardous Substances.

VbF class (D)

Water hazard class (WGK) (D) : WGK 1, Slightly hazardous to water (Classification according to AwSV, Annex 1). WGK remark : Classification based on the components in compliance with Verwaltungsvorschrift

wassergefährdender Stoffe (VwVwS).

Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BlmSchV) Is not subject to the Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BlmSchV)

Netherlands

Saneringsinspanningen : C - Minimize discharge

SZW-lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen : None of the components are listed SZW-lijst van mutagene stoffen : None of the components are listed SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen - Borstvoeding : None of the components are listed SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen -: None of the components are listed

Vruchtbaarheid

SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen - Ontwikkeling : None of the components are listed

Denmark

Danish National Regulations : Pregnant/breastfeeding women working with the product must not be in direct contact with it

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Poland

Polish National Regulations

: Act of 25 February 2011 on chemical substances and their mixtures (J. o L. No. 63, item 322 as amended; consolidated text J. o L. 2019, item 1225).

Act of 14 December 2012 on waste (J. o L. 2013, item 322 as amended; consolidated text J. o L. 2020, item 797).

The announcement of Marshal of the Sejm of the Republic of Poland dated 19 October 2016 concerning the consolidated text announcement of the decree on the management of packaging and packaging waste (J. o L. 2016, item 1863 as amended).

Decree of the Minister of Environment of 14 December 2014 on the catalogue of waste (J. o L. 2014, item 1923).

Act of 19 August 2011 on the Carriage of Dangerous Goods (J. o L. 2011 No. 227, item 1367 as amended; consolidated text J. o L. 2020, item 154).

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labour and Social Policy of 12 June 2018 on the highest permissible concentration and intensity of noxious agents for health at work environment (J. o L. item 1286 as amended).

The announcement of Minister of Health dated 9 September 2016 concerning the consolidated text announcement of the decree of the Minister of Health of 30 December 2004 on health and safety at work related to exposure to chemical agents at work (J. o L. of 16 September 2016, item 1488)

Regulation of the Minister of Health of 2 February 2011 on tests and measurements of the noxious agents for health at work environment (J. o L. No. 33, item 166 as amended). Regulation of the Minister of Environment of 9 December 2003 on particularly hazardous substances to the environment (J. o L. No. 217, item 2141).

ADR Agreement: Government Statement of 13 March 2023 on the entry into force of amendments to Annexes A and B to the Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR), signed in Geneva on 30 September 1957 (J. o. L. 2023, item 891)

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

This mixture is classified as not hazardous according to regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out for the following components of this mixture::

Residual oils (petroleum,) solvent-refined, Baseoil - unspecified

Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes		
Section	Changed item	Comments
	EUH-statements	Added

Abbreviations and acronyms:		
	Complete text of the H phrases quoted in this Safety Data Sheet. These phrases are reported here for information only, and MAY NOT correspond to the classification of the product.	
	N/D = not available	
	N/A = not applicable	
ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways	
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road	
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate	
BCF	Bioconcentration factor	
CLP	Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect level	

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Abbreviations and acronyms:		
DNEL	Derived-No Effect Level	
EC50	Effective concentration for 50 percent of test population (median effective concentration)	
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer	
IATA	International Air Transport Association	
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods	
LC50	Lethal concentration for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration)	
LD50	Lethal dose for 50 percent of test population (median lethal dose)	
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level	
NOAEC	No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration	
NOAEL	No-Observed Adverse Effect Level	
NOEC	No-Observed Effect Concentration	
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	
PBT	Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic	
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration	
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006	
RID	Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways	
SDS	Safety Data Sheet	
STP	Sewage treatment plant	
vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative	

Data sources : This Safety Data Sheet is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.

Training advice : Provide adequate training to professional operators for the use of PPEs, according to the information contained in this Safety Data Sheet.

Other information : Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer.

Full text of H- and EUH-statements:	
EUH210	Safety data sheet available on request.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity, Category 2

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), EU

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.