

Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 Revision date: 11/13/2024 Supersedes: 10/31/2024 Version: 1.1

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture

Trade name : Eni i-Sint tech VK 0W-30

Product code : 1062
Type of product : Lubricant
Formula : 0036-2020
Product group : Trade product

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Main use category : Industrial use, Professional use, Consumer use

Industrial/Professional use spec : Used in closed systems

Wide dispersive use

Use of the substance/mixture : General purpose lubricant

Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer.

Function or use category : Lubricants and additives

1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Enilive S.p.A, Viale Giorgio Ribotta 51, 00144 Rome, ITALY, Tel. +39 06 59821

Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet (Reg. EC nr. 1907/2006): SDS.Enilive@enilive.com

Distributed by: Enilive Schmiertechnik GmbH, Paradiesstraße 14, 97080 Würzburg, GERMANY

Department responsible for information: Application Engineering & Product Management (AEPM), Tel. +49 (0)931-900 98-0

e-mail: technik.wuerzburg@enilive.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CNIT +39 0382 24444 (24h) (IT + EN)

Poison Center

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]

Not classified

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Contact with eyes may cause temporary reddening and irritation. Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause reddening, irritation and dermatitis. May produce an allergic reaction. For specific information about the toxicological/ecotoxicological properties and classification of this product, see Sect. 11 and/or Sect. 12.

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

EUH-statements : EUH208 - Contains C14-16-18 Alkyl phenol. May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH210 - Safety data sheet available on request.

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2.3. Other hazards (not relevant for classification)

Other hazards not contributing to the classification

: This product is combustible, but not classified as Flammable. The creation of flammable vapour mixtures takes place at temperatures which are higher than normal ambient levels. Any substance, in case of accidents involving pressurized circuits and the like, may be accidentally injected under the skin, even without external damage. In such a case, the victim should be brought to an hospital as soon as possible, to get specialized medical treatment. Do not wait for symptoms to develop.

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

Contains no PBT and/or vPvB substances ≥ 0.1% assessed in accordance with REACH Annex XIII

Component

Substance(s) not meeting the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, in accordance with Annex XIII

1-Decene, Homopolymer, Hydrogenated (68037-01-4), C14-16-18 Alkyl phenol, Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic (64742-56-9), Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0), Paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy, Baseoil - unspecified (64742-70-7), Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (64742-54-7), Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (72623-87-1)

Substance(s) not meeting the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, in accordance with Annex XIII

1-Decene, Homopolymer, Hydrogenated (68037-01-4), C14-16-18 Alkyl phenol, Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic (64742-56-9), Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0), Paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy, Baseoil - unspecified (64742-70-7), Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (64742-54-7), Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (72623-87-1)

The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substance(s) are not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %

Component

Substance(s) not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (64742-54-7), 1-Decene, Homopolymer, Hydrogenated (68037-01-4), Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic (64742-56-9), Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0), Paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy, Baseoil - unspecified (64742-70-7), C14-16-18 Alkyl phenol

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

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3.2. Mixtures

Comments

: Composition/ Information on ingredients:

Mixture of hydrocarbons

Polymers Additives

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (see note [*], see note [**]) substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (AT, BE, DK, ES, GB, HU, NL, SE)	CAS-No.: 64742-54-7 EC-No.: 265-157-1 EC Index-No.: 649-467-00-8 REACH-no: 01-2119484627- 25	25 – 30	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
1-Decene, Homopolymer, Hydrogenated	CAS-No.: 68037-01-4 EC-No.: 500-183-1 REACH-no: 01-2119486452- 34	30 - 40	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (see note [*], see note [**]) substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (AT, BE, DK, ES, GB, HU, NL, SE)	CAS-No.: 72623-87-1 EC-No.: 276-738-4 EC Index-No.: 649-483-00-5 REACH-no: 01-2119474889- 13	15 – 20	Not classified
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic (see note [*], see note [**]) substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (AT, BE, DK, ES, GB, HU, NL, SE)	CAS-No.: 64742-56-9 EC-No.: 265-159-2 EC Index-No.: 649-469-00-9 REACH-no: 01-2119480132-	0,1 - 1,5	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (see note [*], see note [**]) substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (AT, BE, DK, ES, GB, HU, NL, SE)	CAS-No.: 64742-65-0 EC-No.: 265-169-7 EC Index-No.: 649-474-00-6 REACH-no: 01-2119471299- 27	0,1 - 1,5	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy, Baseoil - unspecified (see note [*], see note [**])	CAS-No.: 64742-70-7 EC-No.: 265-174-4 EC Index-No.: 649-477-00-2 REACH-no: 01-2119487080- 42	0,1 - 1,5	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
C14-16-18 Alkyl phenol (Additive)	EC-No.: 931-468-2 EC Index-No.: N/A REACH-no: 01-2119498288- 19	0,1 - 0,15	Skin Sens. 1B, H317 STOT RE 2, H373

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Comments : Note [*]:

this product has a value of DMSO extract < 3 % wt, according to IP 346. According to the criteria laid out by the EU (note L, Annex VI of Regulation (CE) 1272/2008), this product must be regarded as non carcinogenic.

Note [**]:

substance with occupational exposure limits for some EU countries affecting the category of mineral oils (finely refined mineral base oil mists; see section 8.1)

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation : In case of disturbances owing to inhalation of vapours or mists, remove the victim from

First-aid measures after skin contact : After contact with skin, take off immediately all contaminated clothing, and wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it

before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs, get medical advice/attention. In case of contact with hot product, cool affected part with plenty of cold water, and cover with gauze or clean cloth. Call a doctor or bring to an hospital. Do not use salves or ointments, unless directed

exposure; keep at rest; if necessary, seek medical attention. See also section 4.3.

by doctor. Body hypothermia must be avoided. Do not put ice on the burn.

First-aid measures after eye contact

: Rinse eyes thoroughly for at least 15 minutes. Keep eyelids well apart. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If irritation, blurred vision or swelling occurs and persists, obtain medical advice from a specialist. In case of contact with hot

product, cool affected part with plenty of cold water, and cover with gauze or clean cloth. Call a doctor or bring to an hospital. Do not use salves or ointments, unless directed by

doctor.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Do NOT induce vomiting. If the person is conscious, rinse mouth with water without swallowing. Keep at rest. Call for medical assistance or bring to an hospital. If the casualty is unconscious, place in the recovery position. In case of spontaneous vomiting, transport the victim to a hospital, to verify the possibility that the product has been aspired into the

lungs. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : This product has a low vapour pressure, and in normal conditions at ambient temperature the concentration in the air is negligible. A significant concentration may build up only if the product is used at high temperature, or in case of sprays and mists. In these cases

overexposure to vapours may cause irritation to airways, nausea and dizziness.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause reddening, irritation and dermatitis. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Contact with hot product may cause thermal burns.

: Contact with eyes may cause temporary reddening and irritation. Contact with hot product or vapours may cause burns.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Accidental ingestion of small quantities of the product may cause nausea, discomfort and gastric disturbances.

: No information available.

Chronic symptoms : None to be reported, according to the present classification criteria.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Obtain medical attention if casualty has an altered state of consciousness or if symptoms do not resolve. Seek medical attention in all cases of serious burns.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Symptoms/effects upon intravenous administration

5.1. Extinguishing media

Symptoms/effects after eye contact

Suitable extinguishing media : Small-size fires: carbon dioxide, dry chemicals, foam, sand or earth. Large fires: foam or water fog (mist). These means should be used by trained personnel only. Other

extinguishing gases (according to regulations).

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jets. They could cause splattering, and spread the fire. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

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5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : This product is combustible, but not classified as Flammable. The creation of flammable vapour mixtures takes place at temperatures which are higher than normal ambient levels.

Explosion hazard Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire Incomplete combustion releases dangerous carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other

toxic gases. Oxygenated compounds (aldehydes, etc.). POx. ZnOx.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Shut off source of product, if possible. Spilled product which is not burning should be covered with sand or foam. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Use water sprays to cool containers and surfaces exposed to the

flames. If the fire cannot be controlled, evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters Personal protection equipment for firefighters (see also sect. 8). In case of a large fire or in

confined or poorly ventilated spaces, wear full fire resistant protective clothing and selfcontained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

mode. EN 443. EN 469. EN 659.

: In case of fire, do not discharge residual product, waste materials and runoff water: collect Other information

separately and use a proper treatment.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

: Stop or contain leak at the source, if safe to do so. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so (e.g. electricity, sparks, fires, flares). Avoid accidental sprays on hot surfaces or electrical contacts. Avoid direct contact with released material. Keep upwind. Spill area may be

slippery.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

General measures

Protective equipment See Section 8

Emergency procedures Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed

and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the

emergency.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Small spillages: normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate. Large spillages: full Protective equipment

body suit of chemically resistant and antistatic material. if necessary heat resistant and insulated. Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons. Gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. If contact with hot product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be heatresistant and thermally insulated. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant, if necessary heat resistant and insulated. Work helmet. Goggles and /or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated. Respiratory protection: a half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (AX), or a Self-contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable

amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen

deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.

: Notify local authorities according to relevant regulations.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Emergency procedures

Do not let the product accumulate in confined or underground spaces. Do not let the product flow into sewers or water courses, or in any way contaminate the environment. In case of contamination of environment compartments (soil, subsoil, surface or underground waters), remove contaminated soil when possible, and in any case treat all involved compartments in accordance with local regulations. The site should have a spill plan to ensure that adequate safeguards are in place to minimize the impact of episodic releases.

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6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

: Contain spilled liquid with sand, earth or other suitable absorbents (non-flammable). Recover free liquid and waste materials in suitable waterproof and oil-resistant containers. Clean contaminated area. Dispose of according to local regulations. If in water: Confine the spillage. Remove from surface by skimming or suitable floating absorbents. Collect recovered product and other waste materials in suitable waterproof, oil resistant containers. Recover or dispose of according to local regulations. Do not use solvents or dispersants, unless specifically advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.

Other information

: Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air/water temperature, wave/current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection". For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily. Provide adequate ventilation. Use adequate personal protective equipment as needed. Due to the extremely slippery nature of this material, more care than usual must be exercised in material handling practices to keep off all walking surfaces. Floors, walls and other surfaces in the hazard area must be cleaned regularly. Avoid release to the environment. Emptied containers can contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, drill, burn or incinerate empty containers or drums, unless they have been drained and cleaned. Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area (e.g. tunnels), carry out an adequate cleanup, and check the atmosphere for oxygen content, flammability, and the presence of sulphur compounds. The product may release Hydrogen Sulphide: a specific assessment of inhalation risks from the presence of hydrogen sulphide in tank headspaces, confined spaces, product residue and unintentional releases should be made to help determine controls appropriate to local circumstances.

Handling temperature Hygiene measures

- : This product can be handled at ambient temperatures.
- Ensure that proper housekeeping measures are in place. Avoid contact with skin. Do not breathe fume/ mist/ vapours. Do not ingest. Do not smoke. Do not eat and do not drink during use. Do not clean hands with dirty or oil-soaked rags. Do not re-use clothes, if they are still contaminated. Keep away from food and beverages. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Separate working clothes from town clothes. Launder separately.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

: Store in dry, well ventilated area. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Do not smoke.

Incompatible products

: Keep away from strong oxidizers.

Storage temperature

: This product can be stored at ambient temperatures.

Storage area

: Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant European, national or local legislation. Storage installations/areas should be designed with adequate bunds in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations.

Packages and containers:

: If the product is supplied in containers: Keep containers tightly closed and properly labelled. Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product.

Packaging materials

: For containers, or container linings use materials specifically approved for use with this product. Compatibility should be checked with the manufacturer.

Germany

Storage class (LGK, TRGS 510) : LGK 10 - Combustible liquids

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Switzerland

Storage class (LK) : LK 10/12 - Liquids

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

8.1.1 National occupational exposure and biological limit values

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic (64742-56-9)		
Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits		
MAK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OEL TWA	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
OEL STEL	2 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits		
AK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits		
MAC TGG 8h (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits		
VLA-ED (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
VLA-EC (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits		
NGV (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
KGV (OEL STEL)	3 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits		
WEL TWA (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
ACGIH OEL STEL	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)		
Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits		
MAK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OEL TWA	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	

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Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)		
OEL STEL	2 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits		
AK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits		
MAC TGG 8h (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits		
VLA-ED (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
VLA-EC (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits		
NGV (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
KGV (OEL STEL)	3 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits		
WEL TWA (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
ACGIH OEL STEL	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy pa	araffinic (64742-54-7)	
Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits		
MAK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OEL TWA 5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OEL TWA	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
OEL STEL	2 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits		
AK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits		
MAC TGG 8h (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits		
VLA-ED (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
VLA-EC (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits		
NGV (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
KGV (OEL STEL)	3 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits		
WEL TWA (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	

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Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (64742-54-7)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
ACGIH OEL TWA 5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
ACGIH OEL STEL	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (72623-87-1)		
Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits		
MAK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OEL TWA	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
OEL STEL	2 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits		
AK (OEL TWA) 5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits		
MAC TGG 8h (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits		
VLA-ED (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
VLA-EC (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
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NGV (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
KGV (OEL STEL)	3 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits		
WEL TWA (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
ACGIH OEL TWA 5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
ACGIH OEL STEL	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	

8.1.2. Recommended monitoring procedures

Monitoring methods	
Monitoring methods	Monitoring procedures should be chosen according to the indications set by national authorities or labour contracts. Refer to relevant legislation and in any case to the good practice of industrial hygiene.

8.1.3. Air contaminants formed

No additional information available

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8.1.4. DNEL and PNEC

Eni i-Sint tech VK 0W-30		
DNEL/DMEL (additional information)		
Additional information	Not applicable	
PNEC (additional information)		
Additional information	Not applicable	
1-Decene, Homopolymer, Hydrogenated (6803	37-01-4)	
DNEL/DMEL (additional information)		
Additional information	not derived	
PNEC (additional information)		
Additional information	Not derived - Not classified as hazardous for environment	
C14-16-18 Alkyl phenol		
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)		
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	0.3 mg/kg bodyweight/day	
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	1.17 mg/m³	
PNEC (Water)		
PNEC aqua (freshwater)	100 μg/l	
PNEC aqua (marine water)	10 μg/l	
PNEC aqua (intermittent, freshwater)	1 mg/l	
PNEC (Sediment)		
PNEC sediment (freshwater)	4266.16 mg/kg dwt	
PNEC sediment (marine water)	426.62 mg/kg dwt	
PNEC (Soil)		
PNEC soil	852.58 mg/kg dwt	
PNEC (Oral)		
PNEC oral (secondary poisoning)	3.3 mg/kg food	
PNEC (STP)		
PNEC sewage treatment plant	100 mg/l	
Note :	The Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) is an estimated safe level of exposure that is derived	

The Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) is an estimated safe level of exposure that is derived from toxicity data in accord with specific guidance within the European REACH regulation. The DNEL may differ from an Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OELs may be recommended by an individual company, a governmental regulatory body or an expert organization, such as the Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL) or the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). OELs are considered to be safe exposure levels for a typical worker in an occupational setting for an 8-hour work shift, 40 hour work week, as a time weighted average (TWA) or a 15 minute short-term exposure limit (STEL). While also considered to be protective of health, OELs are derived by a process different from that of REACH.

8.1.5. Control banding

No additional information available

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8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls:

Ensure that there is a suitable ventilation system. Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area, carry out an adequate clean-up, and check the atmosphere for oxygen content, flammability, and the presence of sulphur compounds.

8.2.2. Personal protection equipment

Personal protective equipment (for industrial or professional use):

Gloves. Safety glasses.

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):





8.2.2.1. Eye and face protection

Eye protection:

When there is a risk of contact with the skin, use waterproof gloves, resistant to chemical products. Gloves must be felt-lined.

8.2.2.2. Skin protection

Skin and body protection:

Long-sleeved overalls. If necessary, refer to the EN 340 and related standards, for definition of characteristics and performance according to the risk rating of the area. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant, if necessary heat resistant and insulated.

Hand protection:

When there is a risk of contact with the skin, use waterproof gloves, resistant to chemical products. Gloves must be felt-lined. Adequate materials: nitrile (NBR) or PVC with a protection index > 5 (permeation time > 240 mins). Use gloves respecting all the conditions and within the limits set by the manufacturer. Replace gloves immediately in case of cuts, holes or other signs of damages or degradation. If necessary, refer to the EN 374 standard. Personal hygiene is a key element for an effective hand care. Gloves must be worn only with clean hands. After wearing gloves, hands must be carefully washed and dried.

8.2.2.3. Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection:

Independently from other possible actions (technical modifications, operating procedures, and other means to limit the exposure of workers), personal protection equipment can be used according to necessity. Combination filter device (DIN EN 141). Closed or confined areas (e.g. tank interiors): the use of protection measures for airways (masks or self-contained breathing apparatus), must be assessed according to the specific activity, as well as level and duration of predicted exposure. (EN 136/140/145)

8.2.2.4. Thermal hazards

Thermal hazard protection:

If contact with hot product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be heat-resistant and thermally insulated.

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Environmental exposure controls:

Do not discharge the product into the environment. Storage areas/installations should be designed with adequate bunds so as to prevent ground and water pollution in case of leaks or spills. Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater. Onsite wastewater treatment required. Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Consumer exposure controls:

Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear protective gloves.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Colour : Yellow-brown.
Appearance : Liquid, bright & clear.
Odour : Characteristics.

Odour threshold : There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself.

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: Not determined Melting point Freezing point : Not determined Boiling point Not determined Flammability Not flammable Lower explosion limit Not determined Upper explosion limit Not determined Flash point 234 °C (ASTM D 93) Auto-ignition temperature Not determined Decomposition temperature : Not determined рΗ : Not applicable.

Viscosity, kinematic : 59.2 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445); 11,8 mm2/s (100 °C) (ASTM D 445)

Solubility : Water: Immiscible and insoluble
Log Kow : Not applicable for mixtures
Log Pow : Not applicable for mixtures

Vapour pressure : < 0.1 hPa (20°C) Vapour pressure at 50°C : Not available

Critical pressure : Not applicable for mixtures

Density : 843 kg/m³
Relative density : Not available
Relative vapour density at 20°C : Not available
Particle characteristics : Not applicable

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Critical temperature : Not applicable for mixtures

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Additional information : No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This mixture does not offer any further hazard for reactivity, except what is reported in the following paragraphs.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable product, according to its intrinsic properties (in normal conditions of storage and handling).

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None (in normal conditions of storage and handling). Contact with strong oxidizers (peroxides, chromates, etc.) may cause a fire hazard.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidants and strong acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition generates: Toxic fumes.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Additional information : (according to composition)

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1-Decene, Homopolymer, Hydrogenated (68037-01-4)		
LD50 oral rat	≥ 5000 mg/kg (OECD 401-423)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	≥ 2000 mg/kg bodyweight (OECD 402)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	≥ 5.2 mg/l/4h (Inhalable aerosol) (OECD 403)	
C14-16-18 Alkyl phenol		
LD50 oral rat	2000 mg/kg bodyweight	
LD50 dermal rat	2000 mg/kg bodyweight	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light	paraffinic (64742-56-9)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD 401)	
LD50 dermal rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD 402)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 5 mg/l/4h (OECD 403)	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heav	y paraffinic (64742-65-0)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD 401)	
LD50 dermal rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD 402)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 5 mg/l/4h (OECD 403)	
Paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed h	eavy, Baseoil - unspecified (64742-70-7)	
LD50 oral rat	5000 mg/kg bodyweight	
LD50 dermal rat	2000 – 5000 mg/kg bodyweight	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	2.18 – 5.53 mg/l/4h	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (64742-54-7)		
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD 401)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight (OECD 402)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 5.53 mg/l/4h (OECD 403) (EBSI, 1988)	
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (72623-87-1)		
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD 401)	
LD50 dermal rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD 402)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 5 mg/l/4h (OECD 403)	
Skin corrosion/irritation :	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) pH: Not applicable.	
Additional information :	(according to composition)	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light	paraffinic (64742-56-9)	
рН	Not applicable	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)		
рН	Not applicable	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (64742-54-7)		
pH	Not applicable	

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Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (72623-87-1)		
pH	Not applicable	
	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) pH: Not applicable. (according to composition)	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light		
pH	Not applicable	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heav		
рН	Not applicable	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy pa	rraffinic (64742-54-7)	
рН	Not applicable	
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (72623-87-1)		
pH	Not applicable	
Additional information : Germ cell mutagenicity : Additional information : Carcinogenicity :	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition) Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition) Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition) All the mineral base oils contained in this product have a value < 3 % wt of DMSO extract, according to IP 346 (Nota L - Annex VI Reg (CE) 1272/2008, # 1.1.3)	
Reproductive toxicity :	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
	(according to composition)	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy pa	rraffinic (64742-54-7)	
NOAEL (animal/male, F0/P)	1000 mg/kg bodyweight	
STOT-single exposure : Additional information : STOT-repeated exposure : Additional information : :	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition) Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition)	
C14-16-18 Alkyl phenol		
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	30 – 100 mg/kg bodyweight/day	
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic (64742-56-9)		
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD TG 408)	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)		
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD TG 408)		

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DAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) NOAEC (inhalation,rat, vapour, 90 days) NOAEC (inhalation,rat, vapour, 90 days) Postiliates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (64742-54-7) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) Distiliates (petroleum), c20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (72623-87-1) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD TG 408) 125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD			
NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days) NOAEC (inhalation,rat, vapour, 90 days) Postiliates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (64742-54-7) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD TG 408) Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages, it consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (72623-87-1) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD TG 408) spiration hazard 2 Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) 32cSt at 40 °C. (ASTM D 445) Loaen, Homopolymer, Hydrogenated (68037-01-4) Wiscosity, kinematic 59.2 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445): 11,8 mm²/s (100 °C) (ASTM D 445) Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic (64742-55-9) Wiscosity, kinematic 15 – 16.5 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0) Wiscosity, kinematic 20.5 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (64742-65-7) Wiscosity, kinematic 17.9 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Distillates (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished	Paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy, Baseoil - unspecified (64742-70-7)		
NOAEC (inhalation,rat, vapour, 90 days) Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (64742-54-7) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD TG 408) Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (72623-87-1) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD TG 408) spiration hazard 1 Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) diditional information 1 (according to composition) Viscosity, kinematic: > 20.5 mm2/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Enti i-Sint tech VK 0W-30 Viscosity, kinematic 59.2 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445): 11.8 mm2/s (100 °C) (ASTM D 445) 1-Decene, Homopolymer, Hydrogenated (68037-01-4) Viscosity, kinematic 15 – 16.5 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-9) Viscosity, kinematic 15 – 16.5 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (64742-54-7) Viscosity, kinematic 17.9 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Lubricating oils (petroleum), c20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces	LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight/day	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (64742-54-7) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD TG 408) Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (72623-87-1) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD TG 408) spiration hazard 126 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD TG 408) spiration hazard 127 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445); 11,8 mm2/s (100 °C) (ASTM D 445) Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic (64742-56-9) Viscosity, kinematic 129 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (64742-56-0) Viscosity, kinematic 129 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (64742-56-0) Viscosity, kinematic 129 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (64742-56-0) Viscosity, kinematic 129 mg²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445	NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	30 – 2000 mg/kg bodyweight/day	
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (72623-87-1) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD TG 408) spiration hazard : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) diditional information : (according to composition) Viscosity, kinematic: > 20.5 mm2/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Loecne, Homopolymer, Hydrogenated (68037-01-4) Viscosity, kinematic 16 mm²/s (37.8°C) Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic (64742-56-9) Viscosity, kinematic 15 – 16.5 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-56-0) Viscosity, kinematic 20.5 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (64742-54-7) Viscosity, kinematic 17.9 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Lubricating oils (petroleum), c20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages, it consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of	NOAEC (inhalation,rat, vapour, 90 days)	980 mg/m³	
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (72623-87-1) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD TG 408) spiration hazard : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) : (according to composition)	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy pa	raffinic (64742-54-7)	
hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (72623-87-1) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD TG 408) spiration hazard : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) diditional information : (according to composition) Viscosity, kinematic: > 20,5 mm2/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Loene, Homopolymer, Hydrogenated (68037-01-4) Viscosity, kinematic 59.2 mm³/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445); 11.8 mm2/s (100 °C) (ASTM D 445) Loene, Homopolymer, Hydrogenated (68037-01-4) Viscosity, kinematic 15 – 16.5 mm³/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-56-9) Viscosity, kinematic 15 – 16.5 mm³/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (64742-54-7) Viscosity, kinematic 17.9 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists prodominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of	LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD TG 408)	
spiration hazard dditional information : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition) Viscosity, kinematic: > 20,5 mm2/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Eni i-Sint tech VK 0W-30 Viscosity, kinematic 59,2 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445); 11,8 mm2/s (100 °C) (ASTM D 445) 1-Decene, Homopolymer, Hydrogenated (68037-01-4) Viscosity, kinematic 16 mm²/s (37,8°C) Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic (64742-56-9) Viscosity, kinematic 15 – 16.5 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0) Viscosity, kinematic < 20.5 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (64742-54-7) Viscosity, kinematic 17.9 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of	Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.1 (72623-87-1)		
ditional information (according to composition) Viscosity, kinematic: > 20.5 mm2/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Eni i-Sint tech VK 0W-30 Viscosity, kinematic 59.2 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445); 11.8 mm2/s (100 °C) (ASTM D 445) 1-Decene, Homopolymer, Hydrogenated (68037-01-4) Viscosity, kinematic 16 mm²/s (37.8°C) Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic (64742-56-9) Viscosity, kinematic 15 – 16.5 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0) Viscosity, kinematic 20.5 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (64742-54-7) Viscosity, kinematic 17.9 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of	LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD TG 408)	
Viscosity, kinematic 59.2 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445); 11,8 mm2/s (100 °C) (ASTM D 445) 1-Decene, Homopolymer, Hydrogenated (68037-01-4) Viscosity, kinematic 16 mm²/s (37,8°C) Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic (64742-56-9) Viscosity, kinematic 15 – 16.5 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0) Viscosity, kinematic < 20.5 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (64742-54-7) Viscosity, kinematic 17.9 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of	Additional information : (according to composition)		
Altopart of the product of the produ	Eni i-Sint tech VK 0W-30		
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic (64742-56-9) Viscosity, kinematic 15 – 16.5 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0) Viscosity, kinematic < 20.5 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (64742-54-7) Viscosity, kinematic 17.9 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of	Viscosity, kinematic	59.2 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445); 11,8 mm2/s (100 °C) (ASTM D 445)	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic (64742-56-9) Viscosity, kinematic 15 – 16.5 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0) Viscosity, kinematic < 20.5 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (64742-54-7) Viscosity, kinematic 17.9 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of	1-Decene, Homopolymer, Hydrogenated (68037-01-4)		
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0) Viscosity, kinematic	Viscosity, kinematic	16 mm²/s (37,8°C)	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0) Viscosity, kinematic < 20.5 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (64742-54-7) Viscosity, kinematic 17.9 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic (64742-56-9)		
Viscosity, kinematic 20.5 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (64742-54-7) Viscosity, kinematic 17.9 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of	Viscosity, kinematic	15 – 16.5 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (64742-54-7) Viscosity, kinematic 17.9 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)		
Viscosity, kinematic 17.9 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of	Viscosity, kinematic	< 20.5 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)	
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (64742-54-7)		
hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of	Viscosity, kinematic	17.9 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)	
Viscosity, kinematic 48 mm²/s (40°C) (ASTM D 445)	Viscosity, kinematic	48 mm²/s (40°C) (ASTM D 445)	

11.2. Information on other hazards

11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting properties

Adverse health effects caused by endocrine disrupting properties

: The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substance(s) are not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %

11.2.2. Other information

Potential adverse human health effects and symptoms

: Contact with eyes may cause temporary reddening and irritation, Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause reddening, irritation and dermatitis, May cause an allergic skin reaction, Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapour and mist

Other information

: None

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms nor to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. An uncontrolled release to the environment may nevertheless

produce a contamination of different environmental compartments (air, soil, underground, surface water bodies, aquifers). Handle according to general working hygiene practices to

avoid pollution and release into the environment.

: This product has a low vapour pressure. A significant exposure may happen only if the

product is used at high temperature, or in case of sprays and mists.

: This product is not soluble in water. It floats on water and forms a film on the surface. The damage to aquatic organisms is of mechanical kind (immobilization and entrapment)

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term

: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

(acute)
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long–term

: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

(chronic)

Ecology - air

Ecology - water

1-Decene, Homopolymer, Hydrogenated (68037-01-4)	
LC50 fish 1	≥ 1000 mg/l (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss)
EC50 Daphnia 1	≥ 1000 mg/l (48 h)
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 1000 mg/l
ErC50 (algae)	≥ 1000 mg/l (72 h, Scenedesmus capricornutum)
NOEC (chronic)	125 mg/l (21 d, Daphnia magna)

C14-16-18 Alkyl phenol

EC50 Daphnia 1 100 mg/l

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic (64742-56-9)

LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l (LL 50)
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l WAF, 48 h (OECD 202)

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)

LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l (LL 50)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l WAF, 48 h (OECD 202)	

Paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy, Baseoil - unspecified (64742-70-7)

LC50 fish 1	100 mg/l (LL50)
EC50 Daphnia 1	10 g/l (EL50)
NOEC chronic fish	1 g/l (NOELR, 14d)

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (64742-54-7)

77 7	
LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l (LL 50)
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l WAF, 48 h (OECD 202)

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (72623-87-1)

LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l (LL 50)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l WAF, 48 h (OECD 202)	

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12.2. Persistence and degradability

Eni i-Sint tech VK 0W-30			
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.		
1-Decene, Homopolymer, Hydrogenated (6803	37-01-4)		
Persistence and degradability	Inherently biodegradable.		
Biodegradation	≥ 47.7 % (28d)		
C14-16-18 Alkyl phenol			
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable		
Biodegradation	24 % (Zahn-Wellens, 10-20 %)		
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light	paraffinic (64742-56-9)		
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions		
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heav	y paraffinic (64742-65-0)		
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions		
Paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed he	eavy, Baseoil - unspecified (64742-70-7)		
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable		
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy pa	araffinic (64742-54-7)		
Persistence and degradability The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherer biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately per particularly in anaerobic conditions.			
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (72623-87-1)			
Persistence and degradability The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherentl biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persi particularly in anaerobic conditions			

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Eni i-Sint tech VK 0W-30		
Log Pow	Not applicable for mixtures	
Log Kow Not applicable for mixtures		
Bioaccumulative potential Not established.		
1-Decene, Homopolymer, Hydrogenated (68037-01-4)		
Log Pow > 6.5		

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C14-16-18 Alkyl phenol	
Log Kow	4.5 (0.1 d, 10-20 %)

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (72623-87-1)

Log Kow > 6

12.4. Mobility in soil

Eni i-Sint tech VK 0W-30	
Mobility in soil Not determined	
Ecology - soil No data available.	

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Eni i-Sint tech VK 0W-30

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

Results of PBT-vPvB assessment

The components in this formulation do not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)

Component

Substance(s) not meeting the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, in accordance with Annex XIII

1-Decene, Homopolymer, Hydrogenated (68037-01-4), C14-16-18 Alkyl phenol, Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic (64742-56-9), Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0), Paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy, Baseoil - unspecified (64742-70-7), Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (64742-54-7), Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (72623-87-1)

Substance(s) not meeting the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, in accordance with Annex XIII

1-Decene, Homopolymer, Hydrogenated (68037-01-4), C14-16-18 Alkyl phenol, Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic (64742-56-9), Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0), Paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy, Baseoil - unspecified (64742-70-7), Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (64742-54-7), Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (72623-87-1)

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12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Adverse effects on the environment caused by endocrine disrupting properties

: The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substance(s) are not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Additional information

- : None
- : This product has no specific properties for inhibition of bacterial activity. In any case, wastewater containing this product should be treated in plants that are suited for the specific purpose.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment methods

: Do not dispose of the product, either new or used, by discharging into sewers, tunnels, lakes or water courses. Deliver to a qualified official collector. Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely.

Sewage disposal recommendations

Dispose of in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations

: European Waste Catalogue code(s) (Decision 2001/118/CE): 13 02 06* (synthetic engine, gear and lubricating oils), 15 01 10* (packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances). This EWC code is only a general indication, and takes into account the original composition of the product and its intended use. The user has the responsibility of choosing the right EWC code, considering the actual use of the product, alterations and contaminations.

Additional information

Empty containers may contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, drill, burn or incinerate empty containers or drums, unless they have been cleaned, and declared safe.

Ecology - waste materials EURAL code (EWC)

- : The product as it is does not contain halogenated substances.
- : 13 02 06* Synthetic engine, gear and lubricating oils
- $15\ 01\ 10^{*}$ packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / IMDG / IATA / ADN / RID

ADR	IMDG	IATA	ADN	RID		
14.1. UN number or ID n	14.1. UN number or ID number					
Not regulated for transport						
14.2. UN proper shippin	g name					
Not regulated.	Not regulated. Not regulated. Not regulated. Not regulated. Not regulated.					
14.3. Transport hazard o	class(es)					
Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.		
14.4. Packing group						
Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.		
14.5. Environmental hazards						
Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.		
None.	None.					

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14.6. Special precautions for user

Overland transport

Not regulated.

Transport by sea

Not regulated.

Air transport

Not regulated.

Inland waterway transport

Not regulated.

Rail transport

Not regulated.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. EU-Regulations

Other information, restriction and prohibition regulations

: Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH). (et sequens). Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (et sequens). Directives 89/391/CEE, 89/654/CEE, 89/655/CEE, 89/656/CEE, 90/269/CEE, 90/270/CEE, 90/394/CEE, 90/679/CEE, 93/88/CEE, 95/63/CE, 97/42/CE, 98/24/CE, 99/38/CE, 99/92/CE, 2001/45/CE, 2003/10/CE, 2003/18/CE (Health and safety on the workplace). Directive 2012/18/CE (Control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances). Directive 2004/42/CE (Limitation of emissions of Volatile Organic Compounds). Directive 98/24/EC (protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work). Directive 92/85/CE (measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health at work of pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or are breastfeeding). Substances Depleting the Ozone layer (1005/2009) - Annex I Substances (ODP). Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on persistent organic pollutants and amending Directive 79/117/EEC. Regulation EU (649/2012) - Export and Import of hazardous chemicals (PIC).

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REACH Annex XVII (Restriction List)

EU restriction list (REACH Annex XVII)			
Reference code	Applicable on	Entry title or description	
3(b)	1-Decene, Homopolymer, Hydrogenated; C14-16- 18 Alkyl phenol; Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic; Distillates (petroleum), solvent- dewaxed heavy paraffinic; ; Paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy, Baseoil - unspecified; Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Hazard classes 3.1 to 3.6, 3.7 adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on development, 3.8 effects other than narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10	

REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

Contains no substance(s) listed on REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

REACH Candidate List (SVHC)

No ingredients are included in the REACH Candidate list (> 0,1 % m/m).

PIC Regulation (Prior Informed Consent)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the PIC list (Regulation EU 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals)

POP Regulation (Persistent Organic Pollutants)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the POP list (Regulation EU 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants)

Ozone Regulation (1005/2009)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Ozone Depletion list (Regulation EU 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer)

Council Regulation (EC) for the control of dual-use items

Contains no substance subject to the COUNCIL REGULATION (EC) for the control of dual-use items

Explosives Precursors Regulation (2019/1148)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Explosives Precursors list (Regulation EU 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors)

Drug Precursors Regulation (273/2004)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Drug Precursors list (Regulation EC 273/2004 on the manufacture and the placing on market of certain substances used in the illicit manufacture of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances)

15.1.2. National regulations

National adoption of EU Directives concerning health and safety on the workplace.

National adoption of EU Directives concerning control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances (2012/18/CE).

Relevant national laws on prevention of water pollution.

Relevant national laws on protection of the health of pregnant workers (National adoption of Dir. 92/85/EEC).

National adoption of Directive 2008/98/CE concerning disposal of used oils.

France

Maladies professionelles (F)	
Code Description	
RG 36 Diseases caused by oils and fats of mineral or synthetic origin	

Germany

Employment restrictions

: Employment prohibitions or restrictions on the protection of young people at work according to § 22 JArbSchG in the case of formation of hazardous substances have to be observed.

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National Rules and Recommendations : TRGS 400: Hazard assessment for activities involving Hazardous Substances.

> TRGS 401: Risks resulting from skin contact - identification, assessment, measures, TRGS 402: Identification and Assessment of the Risks from Activities involving Hazardous

Substances: Inhalation Exposure.

TRGS 555: Working instruction and information for workers.

TRGS 800: Fire protection measures. TRGS 900: Occupational Exposure Limits.

VbF class (D) Not applicable.

Water hazard class (WGK) (D) WGK 1, Slightly hazardous to water (Classification according to AwSV, Annex 1).

Classification based on the components in compliance with Verwaltungsvorschrift

wassergefährdender Stoffe (VwVwS).

Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BImSchV) : Is not subject to the Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BImSchV)

Netherlands

WGK remark

Saneringsinspanningen : C - Minimize discharge

SZW-lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen : None of the components are listed SZW-lijst van mutagene stoffen : None of the components are listed SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen - Borstvoeding : None of the components are listed : None of the components are listed

SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen –

Vruchtbaarheid

SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen - Ontwikkeling

: None of the components are listed

Denmark

Danish National Regulations : Young people under 18 years are not allowed to use the product

Pregnant/breastfeeding women working with the product must not be in direct contact with it

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

This mixture is classified as not hazardous according to regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out for the following components of this mixture::

1-Decene, Homopolymer, Hydrogenated

C14-16-18 Alkyl phenol

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

Paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy, Baseoil - unspecified

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil—unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.]

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes			
Section	Changed item	Change	Comments
2.3	Other hazards not contributing to the classification	Modified	
3	Composition/information on ingredients	Modified	
4.3	Other medical advice or treatment	Modified	
5.2	Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire		
6.1	Protective equipment	Modified	
7.1	Precautions for safe handling	Modified	
8.2	Appropriate engineering controls	Modified	
10.6	Hazardous decomposition products	Modified	

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Indication of changes				
Section	Changed item	Change	Comments	
16	Other information	Modified		

Abbreviations and acronyms:		
	Complete text of the H phrases quoted in this Safety Data Sheet. These phrases are reported here for information only, and MAY NOT correspond to the classification of the product.	
	N/D = not available	
	N/A = not applicable	
ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways	
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road	
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate	
BCF	Bioconcentration factor	
CLP	Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect level	
DNEL	Derived-No Effect Level	
EC50	Effective concentration for 50 percent of test population (median effective concentration)	
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer	
IATA	International Air Transport Association	
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods	
LC50	Lethal concentration for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration)	
LD50	Lethal dose for 50 percent of test population (median lethal dose)	
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level	
NOAEC	No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration	
NOAEL	No-Observed Adverse Effect Level	
NOEC	No-Observed Effect Concentration	
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	
PBT	Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic	
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration	
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006	
RID	Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways	
SDS	Safety Data Sheet	
STP	Sewage treatment plant	
vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative	

Data sources

: This Safety Data Sheet is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.

Training advice

: Provide adequate training to professional operators for the use of PPEs, according to the information contained in this Safety Data Sheet.

Other information

: Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer.

Full text of H- and EUH-statements:	
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1

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Full text of H- and EUH-statements:		
EUH208	Contains C14-16-18 Alkyl phenol. May produce an allergic reaction.	
EUH210	Safety data sheet available on request.	
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Skin Sens. 1B	Skin sensitisation, category 1B	
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 2	

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), EU

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.