

## Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 Revision date: 11/22/2024 Version: 1.0

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking **1.1. Product identifier** Product form : Mixture : AGIP Novecento 20W-50 Trade name Product code : 1902 Type of product : Lubricant Formula : 0024-2016 Product group : Trade product 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against 1.2.1. Relevant identified uses Main use category : Industrial use, Professional use, Consumer use Industrial/Professional use spec : Wide dispersive use Used in closed systems Use of the substance/mixture : Lubricant for internal combustion engines Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer. Function or use category : Lubricants and additives

#### 1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Enilive S.p.A, Viale Giorgio Ribotta 51, 00144 Rome, ITALY, Tel. +39 06 59821

Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet (Reg. EC nr. 1907/2006): SDS.Enilive@enilive.com

Distributed by: Enilive Schmiertechnik GmbH, Paradiesstraße 14, 97080 Würzburg, GERMANY Department responsible for information: Application Engineering & Product Management (AEPM), Tel. +49 (0)931-900 98-0 e-mail: technik.wuerzburg@enilive.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number

: CNIT +39 0382 24444 (24h) (IT + EN) Poison Center

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]

Not classified

#### Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

None to be reported, according to the present EU regulations. For specific information about the toxicological/ecotoxicological properties and classification of this product, see Sect. 11 and/or Sect. 12.

#### 2.2. Label elements

#### Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

EUH-statements

: EUH210 - Safety data sheet available on request.

## Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

2.3. Other hazards (not relevant for classification)		
Other hazards not contributing to the classification	: This product is combustible, but not classified as Flammable. The creation of flammable vapour mixtures takes place at temperatures which are higher than normal ambient levels. In case of contact with eyes, this product may cause irritation. If the product is handled or used at high temperature, contact with hot product or vapours may cause burns. Any substance, in case of accidents involving pressurized circuits and the like, may be accidentally injected under the skin, even without external damage. In such a case, the victim should be brought to an hospital as soon as possible, to get specialized medical treatment. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. A potential risk may arise from the release of hydrogen sulfide, when the product is stored or handled at high temperature. Hydrogen sulfide may accumulate in the tanks or other confined spaces, with danger to the workers that enter the spaces. In these cases overexposure to hydrogen sulfide may cause irritation to airways, nausea, dizziness, loss of consciousness and death. See Section 16.	

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII Contains no PBT and/or vPvB substances  $\geq$  0.1% assessed in accordance with REACH Annex XIII

Component	
Substance(s) not meeting the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, in accordance with Annex XIII	Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)
Substance(s) not meeting the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, in accordance with Annex XIII	Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)

The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substance(s) are not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %

Component	
Substance(s) not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605	Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substances

#### Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Comments

: Composition/ Information on ingredients: Mixture of hydrocarbons Polymers Additives

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (see note [**], see note [***])	CAS-No.: 101316-72-7 EC-No.: 309-877-7 EC Index-No.: 649-530-00-X REACH-no: 01-2119489969- 06-0000	85 - 95	Not classified

## Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

Comments	<ul> <li>[*] Note: this product contains small amounts of severely refined mineral base oil (not classified as hazardous). The identity has not been specified by the original supplier. This substance has a value &lt; 3 % wt of DMSO extract, according to IP 346 (Note L - Annex VI Reg (EC) 1272/2008, # 1.1.3) Note [**]: this product has a value of DMSO extract &lt; 3 % wt, according to IP 346. According to the criteria laid out by the EU (note L, Annex VI of Regulation (CE) 1272/2008), this product must be regarded as non carcinogenic. Note [***]: substance with occupational exposure limits for some EU countries affecting the category of mineral oils (finely refined mineral base oil mists; see section 8.1) Note [****]: substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) Note [*****]:</li> </ul>
	Note [*****]: Total Base Number (TBN): > 300 mgKOH/g (ASTM D 2896) More detailed information: See section 11.

SECTION 4: First aid measures	
4.1. Description of first aid measures	
First-aid measures after inhalation First-aid measures after skin contact	<ul> <li>In case of disturbances owing to inhalation of vapours or mists, remove the victim from exposure; keep at rest; if necessary, seek medical attention. See also section 4.3.</li> <li>Take off contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash thoroughly with soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. In case of burns, cool affected part with cold</li> </ul>
	running water for at least 10 min. Cover with gauze or clean cloth. Ask for medical assistance or bring to a hospital. Do not apply salves or other substances, unless by doctor's advice. Do not put ice on the burn.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Rinse eyes thoroughly for at least 15 minutes. Keep eyelids well apart. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If irritation, blurred vision or swelling occurs and persists, obtain medical advice from a specialist. In case of burns, cool affected part with cold running water for at least 10 min. Cover with gauze or clean cloth. Ask for medical assistance or bring to a hospital. Do not apply salves or other substances, unless by doctor's advice.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Do NOT induce vomiting. If the person is conscious, rinse mouth with water without swallowing. Keep at rest. Call for medical assistance or bring to an hospital. If the casualty is unconscious, place in the recovery position. In case of spontaneous vomiting, keep head low, to avoid the risk of aspiration into the lungs. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects	, both acute and delayed
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: This product has a low vapour pressure, and in normal conditions at ambient temperature the concentration in the air is negligible. A significant concentration may build up only if the product is used at high temperature, or in case of sprays and mists. In these cases overexposure to vapours may cause irritation to airways, nausea and dizziness.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Contact with hot product may cause thermal burns.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Contact with eyes may cause reddening and irritation. Contact with hot product or vapours may cause burns.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	<ul> <li>Accidental ingestion of small quantities of the product may cause nausea, discomfort and gastric disturbances.</li> </ul>
Symptoms/effects upon intravenous administration	: No information available.
Chronic symptoms	: None to be reported, according to the present classification criteria.

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Obtain medical attention if casualty has an altered state of consciousness or if symptoms do not resolve. Seek medical attention in all cases of serious burns. If there is any suspicion of inhalation of H2S (hydrogen sulphide), Rescuers must wear breathing apparatus, belt and safety rope, and follow rescue procedures. Send patient to hospital. Immediately begin artificial respiration if breathing has ceased. Administer oxygen if necessary.

# Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures		
5.1. Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	<ul> <li>Small-size fires: carbon dioxide, dry chemicals, foam, sand or earth. Large fires: foam or water fog (mist). These means should be used by trained personnel only. Other extinguishing gases (according to regulations).</li> <li>Do not use water jets. They could cause splattering, and spread the fire. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.</li> </ul>	
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture		
Fire hazard Explosion hazard Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire	<ul> <li>This product is combustible, but not classified as Flammable. The creation of flammable vapour mixtures takes place at temperatures which are higher than normal ambient levels.</li> <li>The vapours are flammable and may form explosive mixtures with air. Heat may build pressure in tank and containers, rupturing closed vessels, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries.</li> <li>Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates, gases, including carbon monoxide, NOx, H2S and SOx (harmful/toxic gases). Oxygenated compounds (aldehydes, etc.). POx. ZnOx. CaOx.</li> </ul>	
5.3. Advice for firefighters		
Firefighting instructions	: Shut off source of product, if possible. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Spilled product which is not burning should be covered with sand or foam. Use water sprays to cool containers and surfaces exposed to the flames. If the fire cannot be controlled, evacuate area.	
Special protective equipment for firefighters Other information	<ul> <li>Wear personal protection equipment. (see chapter 8). In case of a large fire or in confined or poorly ventilated spaces, wear full fire resistant protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. EN 443. EN 469. EN 659.</li> <li>In case of fire, do not discharge residual product, waste materials and runoff water: collect separately and use a proper treatment.</li> </ul>	

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures	
6.1. Personal precautions, protective eq	uipment and emergency procedures
General measures	: Stop or contain leak at the source, if safe to do so. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so (e.g. electricity, sparks, fires, flares). Avoid accidental sprays on hot surfaces or electrical contacts. Avoid direct contact with released material. Keep upwind.
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel	
Protective equipment Emergency procedures	<ul> <li>See Section 8.</li> <li>Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency.</li> </ul>
6.1.2. For emergency responders	
Protective equipment	: Small spillages: normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate. Large spillages: full body suit of chemically resistant and antistatic material. if necessary heat resistant and insulated. Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons. Gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. If contact with hot product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be heat-resistant and thermally insulated. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant, if necessary heat resistant and insulated. Work helmet. Goggles and /or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated. Respiratory protection: A half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (A) (or A+B when applicable for H2S), or a Self-contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.
Emergency procedures	: If required, notify relevant authorities according to all applicable regulations.

# Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not let the product accumulate in confined or underground spaces. Do not let the product flow into sewers or water courses, or in any way contaminate the environment. In case of contamination of environment compartments (soil, subsoil, surface or underground waters), remove contaminated soil when possible, and in any case treat all involved compartments in accordance with local regulations. The site should have a spill plan to ensure that adequate safeguards are in place to minimize the impact of episodic releases.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment	: Contain spilled liquid with sand, earth or other suitable absorbents (non-flammable). Recover free liquid and waste materials in suitable waterproof and oil-resistant containers. Clean contaminated area. Dispose of according to local regulations. If in water: Confine the spillage. Remove from surface by skimming or suitable floating absorbents. Collect recovered product and other waste materials in suitable waterproof, oil resistant containers. Recover or dispose of according to local regulations. Do not use solvents or dispersants, unless specifically advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.
Methods for cleaning up	: Transfer recovered product and other materials to suitable tanks or containers and store/dispose according to relevant regulations.
Other information	: Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air/water temperature, wave/current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection". For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage	
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
Precautions for safe handling	: This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily. Provide adequate ventilation. Use adequate personal protective equipment as needed. Due to the extremely slippery nature of this material, more care than usual must be exercised in material handling practices to keep off all walking surfaces. Floors, walls and other surfaces in the hazard area must be cleaned regularly. Avoid release to the environment. Emptied containers can contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, drill, burn or incinerate empty containers or drums, unless they have been drained and cleaned. Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area (e.g. tunnels), carry out an adequate clean-up, and check the atmosphere for oxygen content, flammability, and the presence of sulphur compounds. The product may release Hydrogen Sulphide: a specific assessment of inhalation risks from the presence of hydrogen sulphide in tank headspaces, confined spaces, product residue, tank waste and waste water, and unintentional releases should be made to help determine controls appropriate to local circumstances. See also Section 16, "Other information".
Handling temperature Hygiene measures	<ul> <li>This product can be handled at ambient temperatures.</li> <li>Ensure that proper housekeeping measures are in place. Avoid contact with skin. Do not breathe fume/ mist/ vapours. Do not ingest. Do not smoke. Do not eat and do not drink during use. Do not clean hands with dirty or oil-soaked rags. Do not re-use clothes, if they are still contaminated. Keep away from food and beverages. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Separate working clothes from town clothes. Launder separately.</li> </ul>
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, includi	ng any incompatibilities

Storage conditions	: Store in dry, well-ventilated area. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of
	ignition. Do not smoke.
Incompatible products	: Keep away from strong oxidizers.
Storage temperature	: This product can be stored at ambient temperatures.

# Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

Storage area	: Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant European, national or local legislation. Storage installations/areas should be designed with adequate bunds in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations.
Packages and containers:	: If the product is supplied in containers: Keep containers tightly closed and properly labelled. Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product.
Packaging materials	: For containers, or container linings use materials specifically approved for use with this product.
Germany	
Storage class (LGK, TRGS 510)	: LGK 10 - Combustible liquids
Switzerland	
Storage class (LK)	: LK 10/12 - Liquids
7.3. Specific end use(s)	

No information available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

## 8.1. Control parameters

#### 8.1.1 National occupational exposure and biological limit values

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-	extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)	
Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits		
MAK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OEL TWA	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
OEL STEL	2 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits		
AK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits		
MAC TGG 8h (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits		
VLA-ED (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
VLA-EC (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits		
NGV (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
KGV (OEL STEL)	3 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits		
WEL TWA (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
ACGIH OEL STEL	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	

## Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

8.1.2. Recommended monitoring proced	lures
Monitoring methods	
Monitoring methods	Monitoring procedures should be chosen according to the indications set by national authorities or labour contracts. Refer to relevant legislation and in any case to the good practice of industrial hygiene.
8.1.3. Air contaminants formed No additional information available	
8.1.4. DNEL and PNEC	
AGIP Novecento 20W-50	

AGIP Novecento 2000-50		
DNEL/DMEL (additional information)		
Additional information	Not applicable	
PNEC (additional information)		
Additional information	Not applicable	
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)		
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)		
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	0.97 mg/kg bodyweight/day	
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	2.73 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	5.58 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
DNEL/DMEL (General population)		
Long-term - systemic effects,oral	0.74 mg/kg bodyweight/day	
PNEC (Oral)		
PNEC oral (secondary poisoning)	9.33 mg/kg food	
Note	<ul> <li>The Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) is an estimated safe level of exposure that is derived from toxicity data in accord with specific guidance within the European REACH regulation. The DNEL may differ from an Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OELs may be recommended by an individual company, a governmental regulatory body or an expert organization, such as the Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL) or the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH).</li> </ul>	

OELs are considered to be safe exposure levels for a typical worker in an occupational setting for an 8-hour work shift, 40 hour work week, as a time weighted average (TWA) or a 15 minute short-term exposure limit (STEL). While also considered to be protective of

health, OELs are derived by a process different from that of REACH.

#### 8.1.5. Control banding

No additional information available

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls:

Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area (e.g. tunnels), check the atmosphere for oxygen content, presence of hydrogen sulphide (H2S) and SOx, and flammability. See also Section 16, "Other information".

#### 8.2.2. Personal protection equipment

#### Personal protective equipment (for industrial or professional use):

Face shield. Gloves. Protective clothing. Safety glasses. Safety shoes or boots. High gas/vapour concentration: gas mask with filter for organic vapours (A) or organic vapours/H2S (A+B).

## Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

#### Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



#### 8.2.2.1. Eye and face protection

#### Eye protection:

When there is a risk of contact with the eyes, use safety goggles or other means of protection (face shield). If necessary, refer to national standards or to the EN 166 standard.

#### 8.2.2.2. Skin protection

#### Skin and body protection:

Long-sleeved overalls. If necessary, refer to the EN 340 and related standards, for definition of characteristics and performance according to the risk rating of the area. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant, if necessary heat resistant and insulated.

#### Hand protection:

When there is a risk of contact with the skin, use waterproof gloves, resistant to chemical products. Gloves must be felt-lined. Adequate materials: nitrile (NBR) or PVC with a protection index > 5 (permeation time > 240 mins). Use gloves respecting all the conditions and within the limits set by the manufacturer. Replace gloves immediately in case of cuts, holes or other signs of damages or degradation. If necessary, refer to the EN 374 standard. Personal hygiene is a key element for an effective hand care. Gloves must be worn only with clean hands. After wearing gloves, hands must be carefully washed and dried.

#### 8.2.2.3. Respiratory protection

#### **Respiratory protection:**

Independently from other possible actions (technical modifications, operating procedures, and other means to limit the exposure of workers), personal protection equipment can be used according to necessity. Open or well ventilated spaces: in presence of oil mists and if the product is handled without adequate containment means: use full or half-face masks with filter for mists/aerosols (P). In case there is a significant presence of vapours (e.g. through handling at high temperature), use full or half-face masks with a filter for organic vapours (A), and H2S (B) where applicable. (EN 136/140/145). Combined gas/dust mask with filter type: EN 14387. Closed or confined areas (e.g. tank interiors): the use of protection measures for airways (masks or self-contained breathing apparatus), must be assessed according to the specific activity, as well as level and duration of predicted exposure. (EN 136/140/145). Approved respiratory protection equipment shall be used in spaces where hydrogen sulphide may accumulate: full face mask with cartridge/filter type "B" (grey for inorganic vapours including H2S) or self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). (EN 136/140/145)

#### 8.2.2.4. Thermal hazards

#### Thermal hazard protection:

If contact with hot product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be heat-resistant and thermally insulated.

#### 8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

#### Environmental exposure controls:

Do not discharge the product into the environment. Storage areas/installations should be designed with adequate bunds so as to prevent ground and water pollution in case of leaks or spills. Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater. Onsite wastewater treatment required. Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

#### Consumer exposure controls:

No special requirements.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties		
9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
Physical state	: Liquid	
Colour	: Yellow-brown.	
Appearance	: Liquid, bright & clear.	
Odour	: Slight odour of petroleum.	
Odour threshold	: Lack of data (on mixture / components of the mixture) - Data not available	
Melting point	: -18 °C (pour point) (ASTM D 97)	
Freezing point	: ≈0 °C (CAS 101316-72-7)	
Boiling point	: > 250 °C (CAS 101316-72-7)	
Flammability	: Not applicable	

# Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

Explosive properties	: None (according to composition).
Oxidising properties	: None (according to composition).
Lower explosion limit	: Not available
Upper explosion limit	: Not available
Flash point	: 240 °C (ASTM D 92)
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 300 °C (CAS 101316-72-7)
Decomposition temperature	: Lack of data (on mixture / components of the mixture) - Data not available
pH	: Lack of data (on mixture / components of the mixture) - Data not available
Viscosity, kinematic	: 172 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)
Viscosity, dynamic	: 9000 mPa⋅s (-15°C) (ASTM D 5293)
Solubility	: Water: Immiscible and insoluble
Log Kow	: Not applicable for mixtures
Log Pow	: Not applicable for mixtures
Vapour pressure	: < 0.1 hPa (20°C)
Vapour pressure at 50°C	: Lack of data (on mixture / components of the mixture) - Data not available
Density	: 856 kg/m³ (15 °C) (ASTM D 4052)
Relative density	: Lack of data (on mixture / components of the mixture) - Data not available
Relative vapour density at 20°C	: Lack of data (on mixture / components of the mixture) - Data not available
Particle characteristics	: Not applicable

#### 9.2. Other information

#### 9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

#### No additional information available

#### 9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: Negligible.
Additional information	: No data available

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

This mixture does not offer any further hazard for reactivity, except what is reported in the following paragraphs.

#### **10.2. Chemical stability**

Stable product, according to its intrinsic properties.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None (in normal conditions of storage and handling). Contact with strong oxidizers (peroxides, chromates, etc.) may cause a fire hazard. Sensitivity to heat, friction or shock cannot be assessed in advance.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

#### **10.5. Incompatible materials**

Strong oxidants.

#### **10.6. Hazardous decomposition products**

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Thermal decomposition generates : Toxic fumes. In exceptional cases (i.e prolonged storage in tanks contaminated with water, and presence of anaerobic sulfate-reducing microbial colonies), the product may undergo a degradation and generate small amounts of sulfur compounds, including H2S.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information		
11.1. Information on hazard class	es as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	
Acute toxicity (oral)	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
Acute toxicity (dermal)	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	

# Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

Additional information :	(according to composition)
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight (API 1986, UBTL 1984 - OECD 402)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	2.18 – 5.53 mg/l/4h (API 1987, Exxon Biomedical Sciences, Inc. 1988, BioResearch Laboratories, Ltd. 1984 - OECD 403)
Skin corrosion/irritation : Additional information :	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) pH: Lack of data (on mixture / components of the mixture) - Data not available (according to composition)
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-	
pH	Not applicable
	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Additional information :	pH: Lack of data (on mixture / components of the mixture) - Data not available (according to composition)
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-	extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)
рН	Not applicable
Respiratory or skin sensitisation       :         Additional information       :         Germ cell mutagenicity       :         Additional information       :         Carcinogenicity       :         Additional information       :         Additional information       :	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition) This product is formulated with a component containing calcium sulphonate (sensitizer). The component has been tested by the manufacturer and has been exempted from the classification as sensitizer. Total Base Number (TBN): > 300 mgKOH/g (ASTM D 2896) On basis of test data: not sensitising. Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition) Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition) Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition) This product contains : Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd, dewaxed, hydrogenated; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by solvent extraction and hydrogenation of atmospheric distillation residues. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C24 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity in the order of 16cSt to 75cSt at 40 °C (104 °F).], Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons batined as the raffinate from a solvent extraction process. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C15 through C30 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] this product has a value of DMSO extract < 3 % wt, according to IP 346. According to the criteria laid out by the EU (note L, Annex VI of Regulation (CE) 1272/2008), this product must be regarded as non carcinogenic. All the mineral base oils contained in this product have a value < 3 % wt of DMSO extract,
Reproductive toxicity       :         Additional information       :         STOT-single exposure       :         Additional information       :         STOT-repeated exposure       :         Additional information       :         Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-	according to IP 346 (Nota L - Annex VI Reg (CE) 1272/2008, # 1.1.3) No carcinogenic effect Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition) Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition) Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition)
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408
LOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	(Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) 100 mg/kg bodyweight/day (mouse, Chasey, K.L. and McKee, R.H. 1993 - OECD 453)

# Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

	nt-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)
NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	1000 – 2000 mg/kg bodyweight/day (API 1986, Mobil Environmental and Health Science Laboratory 1983 - OECD 410)
NOAEC (inhalation,rat, vapour, 90 days)	220 – 1500 mg/m³ (Exxon Biomedical Sciences, Inc. 1991, Dalbey W, Osimitz T, Kommineni C, Roy T, Feuston M and Yang J 1991 - OECD 412)
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, dust/mist/fume, 90 days)	> 0.98 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study)
Aspiration hazard Additional information	<ul> <li>Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)</li> <li>(according to composition)</li> <li>Viscosity, kinematic: &gt; 20,5 mm2/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)</li> </ul>
AGIP Novecento 20W-50	
Viscosity, kinematic	172 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solve	nt-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)
Viscosity, kinematic	91 – 99 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)
11.2. Information on other hazards	
11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting properties No additional information available 11.2.2. Other information	
Potential adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Contact with eyes may cause temporary reddening and irritation, Avoid all eye and skin
• •	contact and do not breathe vapour and mist : None
Other information	· ·
Other information SECTION 12: Ecological information 12.1. Toxicity	· ·
Other information	<ul> <li>None</li> <li>The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms nor to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. An uncontrolled release to the environment may nevertheless produce a contamination of different environmental compartments (soil, underground, surface water bodies, aquifers). Handle according to general working hygiene practices to</li> </ul>
Dther information         SECTION 12: Ecological information         12.1. Toxicity         Ecology - general	<ul> <li>None</li> <li>None</li> <li>The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms nor to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. An uncontrolled release to the environment may nevertheless produce a contamination of different environmental compartments (soil, underground, and a second second</li></ul>
Other information SECTION 12: Ecological information 12.1. Toxicity	<ul> <li>None</li> <li>The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms nor to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. An uncontrolled release to the environment may nevertheless produce a contamination of different environmental compartments (soil, underground, surface water bodies, aquifers). Handle according to general working hygiene practices to avoid pollution and release into the environment.</li> <li>This product has a low vapour pressure, and in normal conditions at ambient temperature the concentration in the air is negligible. A significant concentration may build up only in case of sprays and mists. In these cases overexposure to mists (e.g. through prolonged use in confined insufficiently ventilated spaces) may cause irritation to airways, nausea and the spaces.</li> </ul>

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)	
LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l (LL 50, Exxon 1995 - OECD 203)
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l (WAF, 48 h, Shell 1988 - OECD 202)
NOEC (acute)	≥ 100 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, 72h, OECD 201 - Petro-Canada 2008)
NOEC chronic fish	≥ 1000 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss, NOELR, 14d - QSAR, Redman, A. et al. 2010)
NOEC chronic crustacea	≥ 1000 mg/l (21d, OECD 211 - Shell 1994)

# Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

12.2. Persistence and degradability	
AGIP Novecento 20W-50	
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)	
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

AGIP Novecento 20W-50	
Log Pow	Not applicable for mixtures
Log Kow	Not applicable for mixtures
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)	
Bioaccumulative potential	The test methods for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances.

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

AGIP Novecento 20W-50		
Ecology - soil No data available.		
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)		
Ecology - soil The test methods for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances.		

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

AGIP Novecento 20W-50		
This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII		
This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria	of REACH regulation, annex XIII	
Results of PBT-vPvB assessmentThe components in this formulation do not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)		
Component		
Substance(s) not meeting the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, in accordance with Annex XIII	Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)	
Substance(s) not meeting the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, in accordance with Annex XIII	Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)	

# **12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties**

No additional information available

12.7. Other adverse effects	
	None. This product has no specific properties for inhibition of bacterial activity. In any case, wastewater containing this product should be treated in plants that are suited for the specific purpose.

## Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations	3
13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Waste treatment methods	Do not dispose of the product, either new or used, by dumping on the ground, or discharging into sewers, tunnels, lakes or water courses. Deliver to a qualified official collector. Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely.
Sewage disposal recommendations	: Dispose of in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	: European Waste Catalogue code(s) (Decision 2001/118/CE): 13 02 05* (mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils). This EWC code is only a general indication, and takes into account the original composition of the product and its intended use. The user has the responsibility of choosing the right EWC code, considering the actual use of the product, alterations and contaminations.
Additional information	: Empty containers may contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, bore, burn o incinerate emptied containers, unless they have been cleaned and declared safe.
Ecology - waste materials	The product as it is does not contain halogenated substances.
EURAL code (EWC)	: 13 02 05* - Mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

# In accordance with ADR / IMDG / IATA / ADN / RID ADR IMDG IATA 14.1. UN number or ID number Not regulated for transport Image: Comparison of Comparison of

14.2. UN proper shipping         Not regulated.         14.3. Transport hazard cla         Not regulated.	name Not regulated.				
14.3. Transport hazard cla	Not regulated.				
-	0	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	
Not regulated	14.3. Transport hazard class(es)				
Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	
14.4. Packing group					
Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	
14.5. Environmental hazards					
Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	
None.					

ADN

RID

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Overland transport Not regulated.

Transport by sea

Not regulated.

Air transport Not regulated.

**Inland waterway transport** Not regulated.

Rail transport Not regulated.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

#### Not applicable

## Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### 15.1.1. EU-Regulations

Other information, restriction and prohibition : Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 regulations December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH). (et sequens). Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (et sequens). Directives 89/391/CEE, 89/654/CEE, 89/655/CEE, 89/656/CEE, 90/269/CEE, 90/270/CEE, 90/394/CEE, 90/679/CEE, 93/88/CEE, 95/63/CE, 97/42/CE, 98/24/CE, 99/38/CE, 99/92/CE, 2001/45/CE, 2003/10/CE, 2003/18/CE (Health and safety on the workplace). Directive 2012/18/CE (Control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances). Directive 2004/42/CE (Limitation of emissions of Volatile Organic Compounds). Directive 98/24/EC (protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work). Directive 92/85/CE (measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health at work of pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or are breastfeeding). Substances Depleting the Ozone layer (1005/2009) - Annex I Substances (ODP). Regulation EU (649/2012) - Export and Import of hazardous chemicals (PIC). Contains no substance(s) listed on the POP list (Regulation EU 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants).

#### **REACH Annex XVII (Restriction List)**

Contains no substance(s) listed on REACH Annex XVII (Restriction Conditions)

#### **REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)**

Contains no substance(s) listed on REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

#### **REACH Candidate List (SVHC)**

No ingredients are included in the REACH Candidate list (> 0,1 % m/m).

#### PIC Regulation (Prior Informed Consent)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the PIC list (Regulation EU 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals)

#### POP Regulation (Persistent Organic Pollutants)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the POP list (Regulation EU 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants)

#### Ozone Regulation (1005/2009)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Ozone Depletion list (Regulation EU 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer)

#### Council Regulation (EC) for the control of dual-use items

Contains no substance subject to the COUNCIL REGULATION (EC) for the control of dual-use items

#### **Explosives Precursors Regulation (2019/1148)**

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Explosives Precursors list (Regulation EU 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors)

#### **Drug Precursors Regulation (273/2004)**

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Drug Precursors list (Regulation EC 273/2004 on the manufacture and the placing on market of certain substances used in the illicit manufacture of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances)

#### 15.1.2. National regulations

National adoption of EU Directives concerning health and safety on the workplace. National adoption of EU Directives concerning control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances (2012/18/CE). Relevant national laws on prevention of water pollution. Relevant national laws on protection of the health of pregnant workers (National adoption of Dir. 92/85/EEC). National adoption of Directive 2008/98/CE concerning disposal of used oils.

#### Finland

**Finnish National Regulations** 

: Occupational Safety and Health Act No. 738/2002.

# Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

#### France

Maladies professionelles	(F)	
Code	Description	
RG 36	Diseases caused by oils and fats of mineral or synthetic origin	
Germany		
Employment restrictions National Rules and Recomm	endations	<ul> <li>Employment prohibitions or restrictions on the protection of young people at work according to § 22 JArbSchG in the case of formation of hazardous substances have to be observed.</li> <li>TRGS 400: Hazard assessment for activities involving Hazardous Substances. TRGS 401: Risks resulting from skin contact - identification, assessment, measures. TRGS 402: Identification and Assessment of the Risks from Activities involving Hazardous Substances: Inhalation Exposure.</li> <li>TRGS 555: Working instruction and information for workers.</li> <li>TRGS 800: Fire protection measures.</li> </ul>
VbF class (D) Water hazard class (WGK) ( WGK remark	D)	<ul> <li>TRGS 900: Occupational Exposure Limits.</li> <li>Not applicable.</li> <li>WGK 1, Slightly hazardous to water (Classification according to AwSV, Annex 1).</li> <li>Classification is carried out on the basis of the Ordinance on facilities for handling substances that are hazardous to water (Verordnung über Anlagen zum Umgang mit wassergefährdenden Stoffen (AwSV)) of 18 April 2017 (BGBI 2017, Teil I, Nr. 22, Seite 905).</li> </ul>
Hazardous Incident Ordinan	ce (12. BImSchV)	: Is not subject to the Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BImSchV)
Netherlands		
Saneringsinspanningen SZW-lijst van kankerverwekl SZW-lijst van mutagene stof SZW-lijst van reprotoxische SZW-lijst van reprotoxische Vruchtbaarheid	fen stoffen – Borstvoeding stoffen –	<ul> <li>C - Minimize discharge</li> <li>None of the components are listed</li> </ul>
SZW-lijst van reprotoxische	stoffen – Ontwikkeling	: None of the components are listed
Denmark Danish National Regulations		: Young people under 18 years are not allowed to use the product Pregnant/breastfeeding women working with the product must not be in direct contact with
Norway		
Norwegian National Regulat	ions	: Working Environment Act (LOV-2005-06-17 NO. 62). People under the age of 18 may not work with this product at all.
Sweden		
Swedish National Regulatior	าร	: This product is in compliance with Ordinance 1998:944. Work Environment Act (1977: 1160). Chemical Hazards in the Working Environment (AFS 2011:19).

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

This mixture is classified as not hazardous according to regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP] No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out for the following components of this mixture:: Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated

SECTION 16: Other information			
Indication of changes			
Section	Changed item	Change	Comments
	First issue.		

# Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

Abbreviations and ac	cronyms:
	Complete text of the H phrases quoted in this Safety Data Sheet. These phrases are reported here for information only, and MAY NOT correspond to the classification of the product.
	N/D = not available
	N/A = not applicable
ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
CLP	Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect level
DNEL	Derived-No Effect Level
EC50	Effective concentration for 50 percent of test population (median effective concentration)
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
ΙΑΤΑ	International Air Transport Association
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LC50	Lethal concentration for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration)
LD50	Lethal dose for 50 percent of test population (median lethal dose)
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOAEC	No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration
NOAEL	No-Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC	No-Observed Effect Concentration
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
РВТ	Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006
RID	Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways
SDS	Safety Data Sheet
STP	Sewage treatment plant
vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Data sources

: This Safety Data Sheet is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.

Training advice

: Provide adequate training to professional operators for the use of PPEs, according to the information contained in this Safety Data Sheet.

# Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

exposure to the vapours. If this possibility is suspected, a specific assessment of inhalation risks from the presence of H2S in confined spaces must be made, to help determine prevention measures and controls (i.e. PPE) appropriate to local circumstances, and adequate emergency procedures. If there is any suspicion of inhalation of H2S (hydrogen sulphide), Rescuers must wear breathing apparatus, belt and safety rope, and follow rescue procedures. Send patient to hospital. Immediately begin artificial respiration if breathing has ceased. Administer oxygen if necessary. This situation is especially relevant for those operations which involve direct exposure to the vapours in the interior of tanks or other confined spaces. Therefore, it is very important to follow the above mentioned precautionary measures also with used oils.	risks from the presence of H2S in confined spaces must be made, to help de prevention measures and controls (i.e. PPE) appropriate to local circumstan adequate emergency procedures. If there is any suspicion of inhalation of H sulphide), Rescuers must wear breathing apparatus, belt and safety rope, a procedures. Send patient to hospital. Immediately begin artificial respiration	and presence of degradation and n is especially , with direct ent of inhalation letermine nces, and 42S (hydrogen and follow rescue n if breathing has tt for those
---	--	---

EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request.	Full text of H- and EUH-statements:	
	EUH210	Safety data sheet available on request.

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), EU

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.