



Eni Celtis 906

Product Safety Information Sheet

A safety data sheet is not required for this product under Article 31 of REACH. This Product Safety Information Sheet has been created on a voluntary basis
Revision date: 7/15/2024 Supersedes: 3/19/2024 Version: 1.1

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form	: Substance
Trade name	: Eni Celtis 906
Chemical name	: Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).]
IUPAC name	: Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic
EC Index-No.	: 649-474-00-6
EC-No.	: 265-169-7
CAS-No.	: 64742-65-0
REACH registration No.	: 01-2119471299-27
Product code	: 7242
Type of product	: Mixture of hydrocarbons
Formula	: UVCB

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Main use category	: Industrial use, Professional use, Consumer use
Industrial/Professional use spec	: Used in closed systems Non-dispersive use Wide dispersive use Use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix
Use of the substance/mixture	: General purpose lubricant Intermediates Coatings, thinners Cleaning/washing agents and additives Additive for drilling fluid Metalworking fluid Binder and release agent Rubber production and processing Polymer production Fuels Fuel additives Laboratory chemicals Mining support service activities Water treatment chemicals Functional fluids Agrochemicals Road and construction applications Explosives manufacture
Function or use category	: Intermediates, Lubricants and additives, Coatings, thinners, Cleaning agent, Test drilling and boring, Automated metal rolling/forming, Binder and release agent, Rubber production and processing, Polymer preparations and compounds, Fuels, Fuel additives, Laboratory chemicals, Water treatment chemicals, Functional fluids, Agrochemicals, Road and construction applications, Explosive substances and articles

1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of product safety information sheet

Enilive S.p.A, Viale Giorgio Ribotta 51, 00144 Rome, ITALY, Tel. +39 06 59821
Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet (Reg. EC nr. 1907/2006): SDS.Enilive@enilive.com

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Distributed by: Enilive Schmiertechnik GmbH, Paradiesstraße 14, 97080 Würzburg, GERMANY

Department responsible for information: Application Engineering & Product Management (AEPM), Tel. +49 (0)931-900 98-0

e-mail: technik.wuerzburg@enilive.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CNIT +39 0382 24444 (24h) (IT + EN)
Poison Center

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]

Not classified

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

None to be reported, according to the present EU regulations. For specific information about the toxicological/ecotoxicological properties and classification of this product, see Sect. 11 and/or Sect. 12.

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

No labelling applicable

Nordic countries regulation

Denmark

MAL code : 00-1 (Executive Order No. 301 from 1993)

2.3. Other hazards (not relevant for classification)

Other hazards not contributing to the classification : This product is combustible, but not classified as Flammable. The creation of flammable vapour mixtures takes place at temperatures which are higher than normal ambient levels. In case of contact with eyes, this product may cause irritation. If the product is handled or used at high temperature, contact with hot product or vapours may cause burns. Any substance, in case of accidents involving pressurized circuits and the like, may be accidentally injected under the skin, even without external damage. In such a case, the victim should be brought to a hospital as soon as possible, to get specialized medical treatment. Do not wait for symptoms to develop.

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

Other information : The substance is not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605.

The substance is not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Notes : Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] this product has a value of DMSO extract < 3 % wt, according to IP 346. According to the criteria laid out by the EU (note L, Annex VI of Regulation (CE) 1272/2008), this product must be regarded as non carcinogenic.

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Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).]	CAS-No.: 64742-65-0 EC-No.: 265-169-7 EC Index-No.: 649-474-00-6 REACH-no: 01-2119471299-27	100	Not classified

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation	: Inhalation is unlikely because of the low vapour pressure of the substance at ambient temperature. Exposure to vapours may however occur when the substance is handled at high temperatures with poor ventilation. In case of symptoms arising from inhalation of product fumes, mists or vapour : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If casualty is unconscious and not breathing: ensure that there is no obstruction to breathing and give artificial respiration by trained personnel. If necessary, give external cardiac massage and obtain medical advice. If the casualty is breathing: Place in the recovery position. Administer oxygen if necessary. See also section 4.3.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Take off contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash thoroughly with soap and water. Seek medical attention if skin irritation, swelling or redness develops and persists. In case of burns, cool affected part with cold running water for at least 10 min. Cover with gauze or clean cloth. Ask for medical assistance or bring to a hospital. Do not apply salves or other substances, unless by doctor's advice. Body hypothermia must be avoided. Do not put ice on the burn. DO NOT attempt to remove portions of clothing glued to burnt skin but cut round them.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Rinse eyes thoroughly for at least 15 minutes. Keep eyelids well apart. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do so. If irritation, blurred vision or swelling occurs and persists, obtain medical advice from a specialist. In case of burns, cool affected part with cold running water for at least 10 min. Cover with gauze or clean cloth. Ask for medical assistance or bring to a hospital. Do not apply salves or other substances, unless by doctor's advice. Immediately obtain specialist medical assessment and treatment for the casualty.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Do not induce vomiting. If the person is conscious, rinse mouth with water without swallowing. Keep at rest. Call for medical assistance or bring to an hospital. If the casualty is unconscious, place in the recovery position. In case of spontaneous vomiting, keep head low, to avoid the risk of aspiration into the lungs. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: This product has a low vapour pressure, and in normal conditions at ambient temperature the concentration in the air is negligible. A significant concentration may build up only in case of sprays and mists. In these cases overexposure to mists (e.g. through prolonged use in confined insufficiently ventilated spaces) may cause irritation to airways, nausea and dizziness.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Contact with hot product may cause thermal burns.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Contact with eyes may cause a light transient irritation. Contact with hot product or vapours may cause burns.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: Accidental ingestion of small quantities of the product may cause nausea, discomfort and gastric disturbances.

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Symptoms/effects upon intravenous administration : No information available.
Chronic symptoms : None to be reported, according to the present classification criteria.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Obtain medical attention if casualty has an altered state of consciousness or if symptoms do not resolve. Seek medical attention in all cases of serious burns.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Small-size fires: carbon dioxide, dry chemicals, foam, sand or earth. Large fires: foam or water fog (mist). These means should be used by trained personnel only. Other extinguishing gases (according to regulations).
Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jets. They could cause splattering, and spread the fire. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : This product is combustible, but not classified as Flammable. The creation of flammable vapour mixtures takes place at temperatures which are higher than normal ambient levels.
Explosion hazard : Heat may build pressure in tank and containers, rupturing closed vessels, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. In case of losses from pressurized circuits, the sprays may form mists. Take into account that in this case the lower explosion limit for mists is about 45 g/m³ air.
Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Incomplete combustion releases dangerous carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other toxic gases. Oxygenated compounds (aldehydes, etc.).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Shut off source of product, if possible. If possible, move containers and drums away from the danger area, if safe to do so. Spilled product which is not burning should be covered with sand or foam. Use water sprays to cool containers and surfaces exposed to the flames. If the fire cannot be controlled, evacuate area.
Special protective equipment for firefighters : Advice for firefighters and protective measures. In case of a large fire or in confined or poorly ventilated spaces, wear full fire resistant protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. EN 443. EN 469. EN 659.
Other information : In case of fire, do not discharge residual product, waste materials and runoff water: collect separately and use a proper treatment.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Stop or contain leak at the source, if safe to do so. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so (e.g. electricity, sparks, fires, flares). Avoid direct contact with released material. Keep upwind.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : See Section 8.
Emergency procedures : Avoid direct contact with released material. Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency.

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6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment

: Small spillages: normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate. Large spillages: full body suit of chemically resistant and antistatic material. If necessary heat resistant and insulated. Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons. Gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. If contact with hot product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be heat-resistant and thermally insulated. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant. Work helmet. Goggles and /or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated. Respiratory protection: a half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (AX), or a Self-contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. A Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.

Emergency procedures

: If required, notify relevant authorities according to all applicable regulations.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not let the product accumulate in confined or underground spaces. Do not let the product flow into sewers or water courses, or in any way contaminate the environment. In case of contamination of environment compartments (soil, subsoil, surface or underground waters), remove contaminated soil when possible, and in any case treat all involved compartments in accordance with local regulations. The site should have a spill plan to ensure that adequate safeguards are in place to minimize the impact of episodic releases.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

: Contain spilled liquid with sand, earth or other suitable absorbents (non-flammable). Recover free liquid and waste materials in suitable waterproof and oil-resistant containers. Clean contaminated area. Dispose of according to local regulations. Large spillages may be cautiously covered with foam, if available, to limit fire risk. When inside buildings or confined spaces, ensure adequate ventilation. Absorb spilled product with suitable non-combustible materials. Collect free product with suitable mechanical means. Transfer collected product and other contaminated materials to suitable containers for recovery or safe disposal. If in water: In case of small spillages in closed waters, contain product with floating barriers or other equipment. Collect spilled product by absorbing with specific floating absorbents. If possible, large spillages in open waters should be contained with floating barriers or other suitable mechanical means. If this is not possible, control the spreading of the spillage, and collect the product by skimming or other suitable mechanical means. Collect recovered product and other materials in suitable tanks or containers for recovery or safe disposal. Do not use solvents or dispersants, unless specifically advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.

Methods for cleaning up

: Transfer recovered product and other materials to suitable tanks or containers and store/dispose according to relevant regulations. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way, and according to local legislation.

Other information

: Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air/water temperature, wave/current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions. In all these circumstances, however, the correct actions should be assessed on a case-by-case basis. For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection". For further information refer to section 13.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Precautions for safe handling : This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily. Use adequate personal protective equipment as needed. Do not use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling operations. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Prevent the risk of slipping. During transfer operations, ensure that all equipment and containers are correctly grounded. Avoid the build-up of electric charges. Emptied containers can contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, drill, burn or incinerate empty containers or drums, unless they have been drained and cleaned. See also Section 16, "Other information". Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area (e.g. tunnels), carry out an adequate clean-up, and check the atmosphere for oxygen content and flammability.
- Hygiene measures : Ensure that proper housekeeping measures are in place. Contaminated materials should not be allowed to accumulate in the workplaces and should never be kept inside the pockets. Avoid contact with skin. Do not breathe fume/ mist/ vapours. Do not ingest. Do not smoke. Do not eat and do not drink during use. Do not clean hands with dirty or oil-soaked rags. Do not re-use clothes, if they are still contaminated. Keep away from food and beverages. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Separate working clothes from town clothes. Launder separately.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Storage conditions : Store in dry, well-ventilated area. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Do not smoke.
- Incompatible products : Keep away from strong oxidizers.
- Storage area : Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant European, national or local legislation. Storage installations/areas should be designed with adequate bunds in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations.
- Packages and containers: : If the product is supplied in containers: Keep containers tightly closed and properly labelled. Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product. Empty containers may contain combustible product residues. Do not weld, solder, drill, cut or incinerate empty containers, unless they have been properly cleaned.
- Packaging materials : For containers, or container linings use materials specifically approved for use with this product. Recommended materials for containers, or container linings use mild steel, stainless steel. Some synthetic materials may be unsuitable for containers or container linings depending on the material specification and intended use. Compatibility should be checked with the manufacturer, according to the specific use conditions.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

8.1.1 National occupational exposure and biological limit values

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)

Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits

MAK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m ³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
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Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits

OEL TWA	5 mg/m ³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
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Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits

OEL TWA [1]	1 mg/m ³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
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OEL STEL	2 mg/m ³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
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Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits

AK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m ³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
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Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits

MAC TGG 8h (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
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Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits

VLA-ED (OEL TWA) [1]	5 mg/m ³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
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VLA-EC (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
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Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits

NGV (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m ³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
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KGV (OEL STEL)	3 mg/m ³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
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United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits

WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [1]	5 mg/m ³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
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WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	10 mg/m ³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
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USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits

ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m ³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
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ACGIH OEL STEL	10 mg/m ³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
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8.1.2. Recommended monitoring procedures

Monitoring methods

Monitoring methods	Monitoring procedures should be chosen according to the indications set by national authorities or labour contracts. Refer to relevant legislation and in any case to the good practice of industrial hygiene.
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8.1.3. Air contaminants formed

Applicable OEL and BLV for air contaminants : None known

8.1.4. DNEL and PNEC

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)

DNEL/DMEL (Workers)

Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	0.97 mg/kg bodyweight/day
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Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	2.73 mg/m ³
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Long-term - local effects, inhalation	5.58 mg/m ³
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DNEL/DMEL (General population)

Long-term - systemic effects,oral	0.74 mg/kg bodyweight/day
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PNEC (Oral)

PNEC oral (secondary poisoning)	9.33 mg/kg food
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PNEC (additional information)

Additional information	Not derived - Not classified as hazardous for environment
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Note : The Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) is an estimated safe level of exposure that is derived from toxicity data in accord with specific guidance within the European REACH regulation. The DNEL may differ from an Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OELs may be recommended by an individual company, a governmental regulatory body or an expert organization, such as the Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL) or the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). OELs are considered to be safe exposure levels for a typical worker in an occupational setting for an 8-hour work shift, 40 hour work week, as a time weighted average (TWA) or a 15 minute short-term exposure limit (STEL). While also considered to be protective of health, OELs are derived by a process different from that of REACH.

8.1.5. Control banding

Control banding : None known

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls:

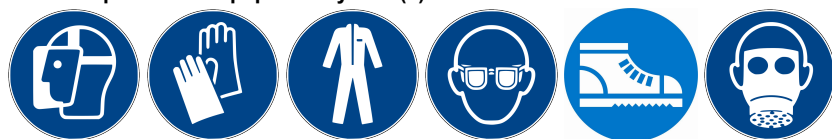
Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area (e.g. tunnels), carry out an adequate clean-up, and check the atmosphere for oxygen content and flammability. Ensure that there is a suitable ventilation system. See also Section 16, "Other information".

8.2.2. Personal protection equipment

Personal protective equipment (for industrial or professional use):

Face shield. Gloves. Protective clothing. Safety glasses. Safety shoes or boots. High gas/vapour concentration: gas mask. Gas mask.

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



8.2.2.1. Eye and face protection

Eye protection:

When there is a risk of contact with the eyes, use safety goggles or other means of protection (face shield). If necessary, refer to national standards or to the EN 166 standard.

8.2.2.2. Skin protection

Skin and body protection:

Long-sleeved antistatic clothing, if necessary heat-resistant. If necessary, refer to the EN 340 and related standards, for definition of characteristics and performance according to the risk rating of the area. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant and insulated.

Hand protection:

When there is a risk of contact with the skin, use waterproof gloves, resistant to chemical products. Gloves must be felt-lined. Adequate materials: nitrile (NBR) or PVC with a protection index > 5 (permeation time > 240 mins). Use gloves respecting all the conditions and within the limits set by the manufacturer. Replace gloves immediately in case of cuts, holes or other signs of damages or degradation. If necessary, refer to the EN 374 standard. Personal hygiene is a key element for an effective hand care. Gloves must be worn only with clean hands. After wearing gloves, hands must be carefully washed and dried.

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8.2.2.3. Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection:

Independently from other possible actions (technical modifications, operating procedures, and other means to limit the exposure of workers), personal protection equipment can be used according to necessity. Combined gas/dust mask with filter type: EN 14387. Closed or confined areas (e.g. tank interiors): the use of protection measures for airways (masks or self-contained breathing apparatus), must be assessed according to the specific activity, as well as level and duration of predicted exposure.

8.2.2.4. Thermal hazards

Thermal hazard protection:

If contact with hot product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be heat-resistant and thermally insulated.

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Environmental exposure controls:

Do not discharge the product into the environment. Storage areas/installations should be designed with adequate bunds so as to prevent ground and water pollution in case of leaks or spills. Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater. Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Consumer exposure controls:

No special requirements.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Colour	: Yellow-brown.
Appearance	: Liquid, bright & clear.
Molecular mass	: Not applicable (UVCB)
Odour	: Slight odour of petroleum.
Odour threshold	: Lack of published data - data not available
Melting point	: -6 °C (Pour point) (ASTM D 5950)
Freezing point	: Not determined
Boiling point	: 200 – 800 °C (EN 15199)
Flammability	: Not applicable
Lower explosion limit	: Not determined
Upper explosion limit	: Not determined
Flash point	: 240 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 300 °C (DIN 51794)
Decomposition temperature	: 280 °C (DSC N2), 147-207 °C (DSC aria)
pH	: Not applicable
Viscosity, kinematic	: 90 – 99 mm ² /s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)
Solubility	: Water: Immiscible and insoluble
Log Kow	: Not applicable (UVCB)
Log Pow	: 1.99 – 18.02
Vapour pressure	: < 0.1 hPa (20°C)
Vapour pressure at 50°C	: Lack of published data - data not available
Critical pressure	: Lack of published data - data not available
Density	: 890 kg/m ³ (ASTM D 4052)
Relative density	: Not determined
Relative vapour density at 20°C	: Not determined
Particle characteristics	: Not applicable

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosion limits : $\geq 45 \text{ g/m}^3$ (Aerosol)

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) : Negligible.
Refractive index : 1.489 (ASTM D 1218)

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This substance does not offer any further hazard for reactivity, except what is reported in the following paragraphs.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable product, according to its intrinsic properties.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None (in normal conditions of storage and handling). Contact with strong oxidizers (peroxides, chromates, etc.) or alkali metals may cause a fire hazard. Sensitivity to heat, friction or shock cannot be assessed in advance.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Do not smoke.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Thermal decomposition generates : Toxic fumes.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified (Conclusive but not sufficient for classification)
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified (Conclusive but not sufficient for classification)
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified (Conclusive but not sufficient for classification)

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)

LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 420 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Fixed Dose Method)
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Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified (Conclusive but not sufficient for classification)
pH: Not applicable

Additional information : On basis of test data: Rabbit
(OECD 404)
Not irritating (API 1982, UBTL 1984)

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified (Conclusive but not sufficient for classification)
pH: Not applicable

Additional information : On basis of test data: Rabbit
(OECD 405)
Not irritating to eyes (API 1982, UBTL 1984)

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified (Conclusive but not sufficient for classification)
Additional information : On basis of test data: Guinea pig
(OECD 406)

not sensitising. (API 1982, UBTL 1984)

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified (Conclusive but not sufficient for classification)

Additional information : Mutagenicity tests are negative (Microbiological Associates Inc. 1987)
(OECD 471 - Ames test)
(OECD 475)
(OECD 476)

Carcinogenicity : Not classified (Conclusive but not sufficient for classification)

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Additional information	: On basis of test data: mouse (OECD 451) (OECD 453) No carcinogenic effect (API 1983) this product has a value of DMSO extract < 3 % wt, according to IP 346. According to the criteria laid out by the EU (note L, Annex VI of Regulation (CE) 1272/2008), this product must be regarded as non carcinogenic.
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified (Conclusive but not sufficient for classification)
Additional information	: On basis of test data: rat, NOAEL= 1000 mg/kg (oral) (OECD 421)
STOT-single exposure	: Not classified (Conclusive but not sufficient for classification)
STOT-repeated exposure	: Not classified (Conclusive but not sufficient for classification)

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)

LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)
LOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	100 mg/kg bodyweight/day
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	< 125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (CAS 64742-04-7, Mobil 1990) (OECD 408)
NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	≈ 1000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 410 (Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-Day Study)
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)	220 – 980 mg/m ³ (Dalbey W, Osimitz T, Kommineni C, Roy T, Feuston M and Yang J 1991 - OECD 412)

Aspiration hazard	: Not classified (Conclusive but not sufficient for classification)
Additional information	: Viscosity, kinematic: > 20,5 mm ² /s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)

Viscosity, kinematic	90 – 99 mm ² /s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)
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11.2. Information on other hazards

11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting properties

Adverse health effects caused by endocrine disrupting properties	: None known, The substance is not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605
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11.2.2. Other information

Potential adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Contact with eyes may cause temporary reddening and irritation, Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapour and mist
Other information	: None

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general	: The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms nor to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. An uncontrolled release to the environment may nevertheless produce a contamination of different environmental compartments (air, soil, underground, surface water bodies, aquifers). Handle according to general working hygiene practices to avoid pollution and release into the environment.
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Ecology - air	: This product has a low vapour pressure, and in normal conditions at ambient temperature the concentration in the air is negligible. A significant concentration may build up only if the product is used at high temperature, or in case of sprays and mists. In these cases overexposure to vapours may cause irritation to airways, nausea and dizziness.
Ecology - water	: This product is not soluble in water. It floats on water and forms a film on the surface. The damage to aquatic organisms is of mechanical kind (immobilization and entrapment)
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute)	: Not classified (Conclusive but not sufficient for classification)
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (chronic)	: Not classified (Conclusive but not sufficient for classification)

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)

LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l (LL 50, Exxon 1995 - OECD 203)
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l (EL50, Shell 1988 - OECD 202)
NOEC (acute)	≥ 100 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, 72h, OECD 201 - Petro-Canada 2008)
NOEC chronic fish	≥ 1000 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss, NOELR, 14d - QSAR, Redman, A. et al. 2010)
NOEC chronic crustacea	≥ 1000 mg/l (21d, OECD 211 - Shell 1994)
NOEC chronic algae	≥ 100 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, 72h)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)

Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.
Biodegradation	31 % (28d, Exxon 1995)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)

BCF fish 1	0.4 – 6280 l/kg
BCF fish 2	3.16 – 71100 l/kg
Log Pow	1.99 – 18.02
Log Kow	Not applicable (UVCB)
Bioaccumulative potential	The test methods for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)

Log Koc	1.71 – 14.7
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Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)

Ecology - soil

The test methods for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

Results of PBT-vPvB assessment

This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Adverse effects on the environment caused by endocrine disrupting properties

: Endocrine disrupting properties (Article 57(f) — environment): None known. The substance is not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects

: None.

Additional information

: This product has no specific properties for inhibition of bacterial activity. In any case, wastewater containing this product should be treated in plants that are suited for the specific purpose.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Regional waste regulation

: Disposal must be done according to official regulations.

Waste treatment methods

: Do not dispose of the product, either new or used, by dumping on the ground, or discharging into sewers, tunnels, lakes or water courses. Deliver to a qualified official collector.

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations

: European Waste Catalogue code(s) (Decision 2001/118/CE): 13 08 99* (oil wastes not otherwise specified - wastes not otherwise specified). This EWC code is only a general indication, and takes into account the original composition of the product and its intended use. The user has the responsibility of choosing the right EWC code, considering the actual use of the product, alterations and contaminations.

Additional information

: Empty containers may contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, bore, burn or incinerate emptied containers, unless they have been cleaned and declared safe.

Ecology - waste materials

: The product as it is does not contain halogenated substances.

EURAL code (EWC)

: 13 08 99* - wastes not otherwise specified

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / IMDG / IATA / ADN / RID

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ADR	IMDG	IATA	ADN	RID
14.1. UN number or ID number				
Not regulated for transport				
Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2. UN proper shipping name				
Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)				
Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.4. Packing group				
Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.5. Environmental hazards				
Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
No supplementary information available				

14.6. Special precautions for user

Overland transport

Not regulated.

Transport by sea

Not regulated.

Air transport

Not regulated.

Inland waterway transport

Not regulated.

Rail transport

Not regulated.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable

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A safety data sheet is not required for this product under Article 31 of REACH. This Product Safety Information Sheet has been created on a voluntary basis

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. EU-Regulations

Other information, restriction and prohibition regulations

: Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH). (et sequens). Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (et sequens). Directives 89/391/CEE, 89/654/CEE, 89/655/CEE, 89/656/CEE, 90/269/CEE, 90/270/CEE, 90/394/CEE, 90/679/CEE, 93/88/CEE, 95/63/CE, 97/42/CE, 98/24/CE, 99/38/CE, 99/92/CE, 2001/45/CE, 2003/10/CE, 2003/18/CE (Health and safety on the workplace). Directive 2012/18/CE (Control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances). Directive 2004/42/CE (Limitation of emissions of Volatile Organic Compounds). Directive 98/24/EC (protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work). Directive 92/85/CE (measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health at work of pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or are breastfeeding). Substances Depleting the Ozone layer (1005/2009) - Annex I Substances (ODP). POP (2019/1021) - Persistent Organic Pollutants. Regulation EU (649/2012) - Export and Import of hazardous chemicals (PIC). Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100. Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605.

REACH Annex XVII (Restriction List)

Not listed on REACH Annex XVII

REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

Not listed on REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

REACH Candidate List (SVHC)

Not listed on the REACH Candidate List

PIC Regulation (Prior Informed Consent)

Not listed on the PIC list (Regulation EU 649/2012)

POP Regulation (Persistent Organic Pollutants)

Not listed on the POP list (Regulation EU 2019/1021)

Ozone Regulation (1005/2009)

Not listed on the Ozone Depletion list (Regulation EU 1005/2009)

Explosives Precursors Regulation (2019/1148)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Explosives Precursors list (Regulation EU 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors)

Drug Precursors Regulation (273/2004)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Drug Precursors list (Regulation EC 273/2004 on the manufacture and the placing on market of certain substances used in the illicit manufacture of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances)

15.1.2. National regulations

National adoption of EU Directives concerning health and safety on the workplace.

National adoption of EU Directives concerning control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances (2012/18/CE).

Relevant national laws on prevention of water pollution.

Relevant national laws on protection of the health of pregnant workers (National adoption of Dir. 92/85/EEC).

National adoption of Directive 2008/98/CE concerning disposal of used oils.

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France

Maladies professionnelles (F)	
Code	Description
RG 36	Diseases caused by oils and fats of mineral or synthetic origin

Germany

Employment restrictions	: Employment prohibitions for the protection of young people at work according to § 22 section 1(6) JArbSchG have to be observed.
National Rules and Recommendations	: TRGS 400: Hazard assessment for activities involving Hazardous Substances. TRGS 401: Risks resulting from skin contact - identification, assessment, measures. TRGS 402: Identification and Assessment of the Risks from Activities involving Hazardous Substances: Inhalation Exposure. TRGS 555: Working instruction and information for workers. TRGS 800: Fire protection measures. TRGS 900: Occupational Exposure Limits.
VbF class (D)	: Not applicable.
Water hazard class (WGK) (D)	: WGK 1, Slightly hazardous to water.
WGK remark	: Classification is carried out on the basis of the Ordinance on facilities for handling substances that are hazardous to water (Verordnung über Anlagen zum Umgang mit wassergefährdenden Stoffen (AwSV)) of 18 April 2017 (BGBl 2017, Teil I, Nr. 22, Seite 905).
Storage class (LGK, TRGS 510)	: LGK 10 - Combustible liquids.
Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BImSchV)	: Is not subject to the Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BImSchV)

Netherlands

Saneringsinspanningen	: C - Minimize discharge
SZW-lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen	: The substance is not listed
SZW-lijst van mutagene stoffen	: The substance is not listed
SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – Borstvoeding	: The substance is not listed
SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – Vruchtbaarheid	: The substance is not listed
SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – Ontwikkeling	: The substance is not listed

Denmark

MAL code	: 00-1 (Executive Order No. 301 from 1993)
Danish National Regulations	: Young people under 18 years are not allowed to use the product Pregnant/breastfeeding women working with the product must not be in direct contact with it

Switzerland

Storage class (LK)	: LK 10/12 - Liquids
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15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

This substance is classified as not hazardous according to regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP], so the drafting of exposure scenarios is not required according to Article 14, paragraph 4 of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

SECTION 16: Other information

A safety data sheet is not required for this product under Article 31 of REACH. This Product Safety Information Sheet has been created on a voluntary basis

Indication of changes			
Section	Changed item	Change	Notes
2.3	Other hazards not contributing to the classification	Modified	
4.3	Other medical advice or treatment	Modified	

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Indication of changes			
Section	Changed item	Change	Notes
5.2	Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire	Modified	
6.1	Precautionary measures fire	Modified	
7.1	Precautions for safe handling	Modified	
8.2	Respiratory protection	Modified	
8.2	Personal protective equipment (for industrial or professional use)	Modified	
8.2	Appropriate engineering controls	Modified	
9.1	Decomposition temperature	Modified	
10.6	Hazardous decomposition products	Modified	

Abbreviations and acronyms:	
	N/D = not available
	N/A = not applicable
ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
CAS-No.	Chemical Abstract Service number
CLP	Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect level
DNEL	Derived-No Effect Level
EC50	Effective concentration for 50 percent of test population (median effective concentration)
EC-No.	European Community number
ED	Endocrine disrupting properties
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LC50	Lethal concentration for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration)
LD50	Lethal dose for 50 percent of test population (median lethal dose)
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOAEC	No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration
NOAEL	No-Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC	No-Observed Effect Concentration
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit
PBT	Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

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Abbreviations and acronyms:

RID	Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways
SDS	Safety Data Sheet
STP	Sewage treatment plant
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
WGK	Water Hazard Class

- Data sources : Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (et sequens). Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH). (et sequens). Chemical safety assessment.
- Training advice : Provide adequate training to professional operators for the use of PPEs, according to the information contained in this Safety Data Sheet.
- Other information : Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer. This situation is especially relevant for those operations which involve direct exposure to the vapours in the interior of tanks or other confined spaces. Therefore, it is very important to follow the above mentioned precautionary measures also with used oils.

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), EU