Eni Grease CSX 2 TA

Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878
Revision date: 1/9/2025 Supersedes: 11/25/2024 Version: 2.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form	:	Mixture
Trade name	:	Eni Grease CSX 2 TA
Product code	:	4798
Type of product	:	Lubricant grease
Formula	:	0901-2025
Product group	:	Trade product

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses

Main use category	:	Professional use,Industrial use
Industrial/Professional use spec	:	Used in closed systems Wide dispersive use
Use of the substance/mixture	:	General purpose lubricant ---- Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer.
Function or use category	:	Lubricants and additives

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Enilive S.p.A, Viale Giorgio Ribotta 51, 00144 Rome, ITALY, Tel. +39 06 59821

Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet (Reg. EC nr. 1907/2006): SDS.Enilive@enilive.com

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Department responsible for information: Application Engineering & Product Management (AEPM), Tel. +49 (0)931-900 98-0

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1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number	:	CNIT +39 0382 24444 (24h) (IT + EN) Poison Center

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]

Not classified

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

For specific information about the toxicological/ecotoxicological properties and classification of this product, see Sect. 11 and/or Sect. 12.

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

EUH-statements	:	EUH210 - Safety data sheet available on request.

2.3. Other hazards (not relevant for classification)

Other hazards not contributing to the classification	:	Thermal decomposition generates toxic vapours. Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause reddening, irritation and dermatitis. In case of contact with eyes, this product may cause irritation. Ingestion may cause nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. Any substance, in case of accidents involving pressurized circuits and the like, may be accidentally injected under the skin, even without external damage. In such a case, the victim should be brought to an hospital as soon as possible, to get specialized medical treatment.

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII
Contains no PBT and/or vPvB substances ≥ 0.1% assessed in accordance with REACH Annex XIII

Component	
Substance(s) not meeting the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, in accordance with Annex XIII	calcium dihydroxide (1305-62-0), Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs. (85536-14-7)
Substance(s) not meeting the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, in accordance with Annex XIII	calcium dihydroxide (1305-62-0), Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs. (85536-14-7)

The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substance(s) are not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %

Component	
Substance(s) not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605	calcium dihydroxide (1305-62-0), Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs. (85536-14-7)

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Comments : Composition/ Information on ingredients:
Mixture of hydrocarbons
Thickeners.
Additives

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed, Baseoil - unspecified (see note [*])	CAS-No.: 64742-62-7 EC-No.: 265-166-0 EC Index-No.: 649-471-00-X REACH-no: 01-2119480472-38	50 – 75	Not classified
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40°C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (see note [*])	CAS-No.: 64742-54-7 EC-No.: 265-157-1 EC Index-No.: 649-467-00-8 REACH-no: 01-2119484627-25	10 – 15	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
calcium dihydroxide	CAS-No.: 1305-62-0 EC-No.: 215-137-3 EC Index-No.: N/A REACH-no: 01-2119475151-45	< 1	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]
2-ethylhexane-1,3-diol; octylene glycol; ethoexadiol	CAS-No.: 94-96-2 EC-No.: 202-377-9 EC Index-No.: 603-087-00-9	< 1	Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT RE 2, H373
Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs.	CAS-No.: 85536-14-7 EC-No.: 287-494-3 REACH-no: 01-2119490234-40	< 1	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 (ATE=500 mg/kg bodyweight) Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

Comments : Note [*]:
this product has a value of DMSO extract < 3 % wt, according to IP 346. According to the criteria laid out by the EU (note L, Annex VI of Regulation (CE) 1272/2008), this product must be regarded as non carcinogenic.

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove to fresh air, keep the casualty warm and at rest. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen if possible, or assisted ventilation. Seek medical advice.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash thoroughly with soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water. If irritation persists, seek medical advice.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Do not induce vomiting to avoid aspiration into the lungs. If the person is conscious, rinse mouth with water without swallowing. Keep at rest. Call for medical assistance or bring to an hospital. If the casualty is inconscious, place in the recovery position. In case of spontaneous vomiting, transport the victim to a hospital, to verify the possibility that the product has been aspired into the lungs. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : None under normal conditions at ambient temperatures.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause reddening, irritation and dermatitis. Contact with hot product may cause thermal burns.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Contact with eyes may cause temporary reddening and irritation. Contact with hot product or vapours may cause burns.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Accidental ingestion of small quantities of the product may cause irritation, nausea and gastric disturbances. Taking into account the taste of the product, however, ingestion of dangerous quantites is very unlikely.

Symptoms/effects upon intravenous administration : No information available.

Chronic symptoms : None known.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Obtain medical attention if casualty has an altered state of consciousness or if symptoms do not resolve. Seek medical attention in all cases of serious burns.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Dry chemical, CO2, or water spray or regular foam. Other extinguishing gases (according to regulations).

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream. Use water stream to cool containers.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard	:	Flammable aerosols are released in thermal decomposition.
Explosion hazard	:	No direct explosion hazard.
Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire	:	Incomplete combustion releases dangerous carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other toxic gases.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions	:	Shut off source of product, if possible. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Use water sprays to cool containers and surfaces exposed to the flames. If the fire cannot be controlled, evacuate area.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Personal protection equipment for firefighters (see also sect. 8). EN 443. EN 469. EN 659. In case of a large fire or in confined or poorly ventilated spaces, wear full fire resistant protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Other information	:	In case of fire, do not discharge residual product, waste materials and runoff water: collect separately and use a proper treatment.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures	:	Stop or contain leak at the source, if safe to do so. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so (e.g. electricity, sparks, fires, flares). Avoid direct contact with released material. Avoid accidental sprays on hot surfaces or electrical contacts. Keep upwind. Spill area may be slippery.

For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment	:	See Section 8.
Emergency procedures	:	Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency.

For emergency responders

Protective equipment	:	Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Personal protective equipment Standard EN 469 - Protective clothing for firefighters. Standard - EN 659: Protective gloves for firefighters. If contact with hot product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be heat-resistant and thermally insulated. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant, if necessary heat resistant and insulated. Work helmet. Goggles and /or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated. Respiratory protection: a half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (AX), or a Self-contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. A Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.
Emergency procedures	:	Notify local authorities according to relevant regulations.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering sewers, rivers or other bodies of water, or underground spaces (tunnels, cellars, etc.). In case of contamination of environment compartments (soil, subsoil, surface or underground waters), remove contaminated soil when possible, and in any case treat all involved compartments in accordance with local regulations. The site should have a spill plan to ensure that adequate safeguards are in place to minimize the impact of episodic releases.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment	:	Contain spilled liquid with sand, earth or other suitable absorbents (non-flammable). Recover free liquid and waste materials in suitable waterproof and oil-resistant containers. Clean contaminated area. Dispose of according to local regulations. Transfer collected product and other contaminated materials to suitable containers for recovery or safe disposal.

Other information	:	Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air/water temperature, wave/current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection". For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling	:	This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily. Due to the extremely slippery nature of this material, more care than usual must be exercised in material handling practices to keep off all walking surfaces. Floors, walls and other surfaces in the hazard area must be cleaned regularly. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling operations. Keep away from sources of heat (e.g. hot surfaces), sparks and open flames. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Emptied containers can contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, drill, burn or incinerate empty containers or drums, unless they have been drained and cleaned. Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area (e.g. tunnels), carry out an adequate clean-up, and check the atmosphere for oxygen content, flammability, and the presence of sulphur compounds.
Hygiene measures	:	Ensure that proper housekeeping measures are in place. Do not breathe fume/ mist/ vapours. Do not ingest. Do not smoke. Do not eat and do not drink during use. Do not clean hands with dirty or oil-soaked rags. Do not re-use clothes, if they are still contaminated. Keep away from food and beverages. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Separate working clothes from town clothes. Launder separately.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions	:	Store in dry, well ventilated area. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not smoke.
Incompatible products	:	Keep away from: strong oxidants.
Storage area	:	Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant European, national or local legislation. Storage installations/areas should be designed with adequate bunds in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations.
Packages and containers:	:	If the product is supplied in containers: Keep containers tightly closed and properly labelled. Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product.
Packaging materials	:	For containers, or container linings use materials specifically approved for use with this product.

Germany

Storage class (LGK, TRGS 510)	:	LGK 11 - Combustible solids

Switzerland

Storage class (LK)	:	NG - Non-hazardous

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

National occupational exposure and biological limit values

Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed, Baseoil - unspecified (64742-62-7)	
Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits	
MAK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OEL TWA	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
OEL STEL	2 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits	
AK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits	
MAC TGG 8h (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits	
VLA-ED (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
VLA-EC (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits	
NGV (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
KGV (OEL STEL)	3 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	
WEL TWA (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
ACGIH OEL STEL	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)

calcium dihydroxide (1305-62-0)	
EU - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit (IOEL)	
Local name	Calcium dihydroxide
IOEL TWA	1 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
IOELV STEL (mg/m³)	4 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
Regulatory reference	COMMISSION DIRECTIVE (EU) 2017/164
Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Calciumdihydroxid
MAK (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m³ (Inhalable fraction)
MAK (OEL STEL)	4 mg/m³ (Inhalable fraction)
Regulatory reference	BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Calcium (dihydroxyde de) (fraction alvéolaire) # Calciumdihydroxide (inadembare fractie)
OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
Short time value [mg/m³]	4 mg/m³

calcium dihydroxide (1305-62-0)	
Bulgaria - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Калциев дихидроксид
OEL TWA	1 mg/m³ (Респирабилна фракция)
OEL STEL (mg/m³)	4 mg/m³ (Респирабилна фракция)
Remark	• (Химични агенти, за които са определени гранични стойности във въздуха на работната среда за Европейската общност)
Regulatory reference	Наредба № 13 от 30.12.2003 г. за защита на работещите от рискове, свързани с експозиция на химични агенти при работа (изм. и доп. ДВ. бр. 47 от 2021 г., в сила от 04.06.2021 г.)
Croatia - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Kalcijev dihidroksid
GVI (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m³ R (respirabilna prašina) (Frakcija koja udisanjem može doprijeti u pluća)
KGVI (OEL STEL)	4 mg/m³ R (respirabilna prašina) (Frakcija koja udisanjem može doprijeti u pluća)
Remark	Direktiva: 2017/164/EU
Regulatory reference	Pravilnik o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnim kemikalijama na radu, graničnim vrijednostima izloženosti i biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 148/2023)
Cyprus - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Διοξείδιο του ασβεστίου
OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (Αναπνεύσιμο κλάσμα)
OEL STEL (mg/m³)	4 mg/m³ (Αναπνεύσιμο κλάσμα)
Regulatory reference	Κανονισμοί του 2019 (Κ.Δ.Π. 16/2019)
Czech Republic - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Hydroxid vápenatý
Expoziční limity (PEL) (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
Remark	I - dráždí sliznice (oči, dýchací cesty) resp. kůži, R - respirabilní frakce aerosolu.
Regulatory reference	Nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb. (Předpis 330/2023 Sb.)
Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb. (Předpis 330/2023 Sb.)
OEL TWA	1 mg/m³
OEL STEL	2 mg/m³
Remark	E (betyder, at stoffet har en EF-grænseværdi)
Regulatory reference	BEK nr 291 af 19/03/2024
Estonia - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Kaltsiumdihüdroksiid
OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
OEL STEL (mg/m³)	4 mg/m³
Remark	1 (Peentolm koosneb alla 2,5-mikromeetrise läbimõõduga osakestest, mis võivad jõuda koos sissehingatava õhuga kopsu alveoolidesse (respireeritav fraktsioon))
Regulatory reference	Vabariigi Valitsuse 20. märtsi 2001. a määruse nr 105 (RT I, 21.12.2022, 3)
Finland - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Kalsiumhydroksidi

calcium dihydroxide (1305-62-0)	
HTP (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m³
HTP (OEL STEL)	4 mg/m³
Regulatory reference	HTP-ARVOT 2020 (Sosiaali- ja terveysministeriö)
France - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Calcium (hydroxyde de) (Hydroxyde de calcium)
VME (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
VLE [mg/m³]	4 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
Regulatory reference	Arrêté du 30 juin 2004 modifié (réf.: INRS ED 6443, 2022; Outil65; Arrête du 27 septembre 2019)
Germany - Occupational Exposure Limits (TRGS 900)	
Local name	Calciumdihydroxid
AGW (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m³ (Inhalable fraction)
Limitation of exposure peaks (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³ (Inhalable fraction)
Peak exposure limitation factor	2(I)
Remark (TRGS 900)	Y - Ein Risiko der Fruchtschädigung braucht bei Einhaltung des Arbeitsplatzgrenzwertes und des biologischen Grenzwertes (BGW) nicht befürchtet zu werden; EU - Europäische Union (Von der EU wurde ein Luftgrenzwert festgelegt: Abweichungen bei Wert und Spitzenbegrenzung sind möglich); DFG - Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe der DFG (MAK-Kommission)
Gibraltar - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Calcium dihydroxide
OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
OEL STEL (mg/m³)	4 mg/m³
Remark	When selecting an appropriate exposure monitoring method, account should be taken of potential limitations and interferences that may arise in the presence of other sulphur compounds
Regulatory reference	Factories (Control of Chemical Agents at Work) Regulations 2003 (LN. 2018/181)
Greece - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Διυδροξείδιο του ασβεστίου
OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (αναπνεύσιμο κλάσμα)
OEL STEL (mg/m³)	4 mg/m³ (αναπνεύσιμο κλάσμα)
Regulatory reference	Π.Δ. 82/2018 - Προστασία της υγείας των εργαζομένων που εκτίθενται σε ορισμένους χημικούς παράγοντες κατά τη διάρκεια της εργασίας τους
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	KALCIUM-HIDROXID (kalcium-dihidroxid)
AK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³
CK-érték	4 mg/m³ respirábilis frakció
Remark	EU4 (2017/164 EU irányelvben közölt érték); N (Irritáló anyagok, egyszerű fojtógázok, csekély egészségkárosító hatással bíró anyagok)
Regulatory reference	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet - A kémiai kóroki tényezők hatásának kitett munkavállalók egészségének és biztonságának védelméről

calcium dihydroxide (1305-62-0)	
Ireland - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OEL TWA	4 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
OEL (15 min ref) (mg/m3)	1 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
Remark	IOELV
Regulatory reference	Chemical Agents Code of Practice 2024
Italy - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Diidrossido di calcio
OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
OEL STEL (mg/m³)	4 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
Regulatory reference	Allegato XXXVIII del D.Lgs. 9 aprile 2008, n. 81 e s.m.i.
Latvia - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Kalcija hidroksīds, (kalcija dihidroksīds)
OEL TWA	1 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
OEL STEL	4 mg/m³ Frakcija, kas var nonākt elpceļos
Lithuania - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Kalcio dihidroksidas (gesintos kalkės)
IPRV (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (alveolinė frakcija)
TPRV (mg/m³)	4 mg/m³ (alveolinė frakcija)
Remark	O (medžiaga į organizmą gali prasiskverbti pro nepažeistą odą)
Regulatory reference	LIETUVOS HIGIENOS NORMA HN 23:2011 (Nr. V-695/A1-272, 2018-06-12)
Luxembourg - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Dihydroxyde de calcium
OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ Fraction alvéolaire
OEL STEL (mg/m³)	4 mg/m³ Fraction alvéolaire
Regulatory reference	Mémorial A Nº 226 de 2021 concernant la protection de la sécurité et de la santé des salariés contre les risques liés à des agents chimiques sur le lieu de travail
Malta - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	calcium dihydroxide
OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (respirable fraction # frazzjoni respirabbli)
OEL STEL (mg/m³)	4 mg/m³ (respirable fraction # frazzjoni respirabbli)
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	calcium dihydroxide1
MAC TGG 8h (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (Respirabel)
MAC TGG 15 min (mg/m³)	4 mg/m³ (Respirabel)
Regulatory reference	Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling 2024
Poland - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Wodorotlenek wapnia
NDS (OEL TWA)	6 mg/m³ (Inhalable fraction)
NDSCh (OEL STEL)	6 mg/m³ frakcja wdychalna

calcium dihydroxide (1305-62-0)	
NDSP (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³ (Inhalable fraction)
Remark	Frakcja wdychalna – frakcja aerozolu wnikająca przez nos i usta, która po zdeponowaniu w drogach oddechowych stwarza zagrożenie dla zdrowia. Frakcja respirabilna – frakcja aerozolu wnikająca do dróg oddechowych, która stwarza zagrożenie dla zdrowia po zdeponowaniu w obszarze wymiany gazowej.
Regulatory reference	Dz. U. 2018 poz. 1286 wraz z późn. zm.
Portugal - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Hidróxido de cálcio
OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
Regulatory reference	Norma Portuguesa NP 1796:2014
Romania - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Hidroxid de calciu/Dihidroxid de calciu
OEL TWA	1 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
OEL STEL (mg/m³)	4 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
Regulatory reference	Hotărârea Guvernului nr. 1.218/2006 (Hotărârea nr. 53/2021)
Slovakia - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Hydroxid vápenatý
NPHV (priemerná) (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ respirabilná frakcia
NPHV (OEL STEL)	4 mg/m³ respirabilná frakcia
Slovenia - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	kalcijev dihidroksid
OEL TWA	1 mg/m³
OEL STEL (mg/m³)	4 mg/m³
Remark	Y (Snovi, pri katerih ni nevarnosti za zarodek ob upoštevanju mejnih vrednosti in bat vrednosti), EU
Regulatory reference	Uradni list RS, št. 72/2021 z dne 11.5.2021
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Hidróxido de calcio
VLA-ED (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m³
VLA-EC (mg/m³)	4 mg/m³
Notes	VLI (Agente químico para el que la U.E. estableció en su día un valor límite indicativo), d (Véase UNE EN 481: Atmósferas en los puestos de trabajo. Definición de las fracciones por el tamaño de las partículas para la medición de aerosoles).
Regulatory reference	Límites de Exposición Profesional para Agentes Químicos en España 2024. INSHT
Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits	
NGV (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
KGV (OEL STEL)	4 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
Remark	3 (Den respirabla fraktionen är de inhalerbara partiklar som når längst ner i luftvägarna, till alveolerna i lungorna)
Regulatory reference	Hygieniska gränsvärden (AFS 2018:1)

calcium dihydroxide (1305-62-0)	
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	
WEL TWA (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
Switzerland - Occupational Exposure Limits	
MAK (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m³ (Inhalable fraction)
VLE [mg/m³]	4 mg/m³ (Inhalable fraction)
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Eye, URT, & skin irr
Regulatory reference	acgih 2024

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40°C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (64742-54-7)	
Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits	
MAK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OEL TWA	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
OEL STEL	2 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits	
AK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits	
MAC TGG 8h (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits	
VLA-ED (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
VLA-EC (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits	
NGV (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
KGV (OEL STEL)	3 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	
WEL TWA (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
ACGIH OEL STEL	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)

Recommended monitoring procedures

Monitoring methods	
Monitoring methods	Monitoring procedures should be chosen according to the indications set by national authorities or labour contracts. Refer to relevant legislation and in any case to the good practice of industrial hygiene.

DNEL and PNEC

Eni Grease CSX 2 TA	
DNEL/DMEL (additional information)	
Additional information	Not applicable
PNEC (additional information)	
Additional information	Not applicable

Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed, Baseoil - unspecified (64742-62-7)	
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)	
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	0.97 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	2.73 mg/m³
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	5.58 mg/m³
DNEL/DMEL (General population)	
Long-term - systemic effects,oral	0.74 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	1.19 mg/m³
PNEC (additional information)	
Additional information	Not applicable (UVCB)

calcium dihydroxide (1305-62-0)	
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)	
Acute - local effects, inhalation	4 mg/m³
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	1 mg/m³
DNEL/DMEL (General population)	
Acute - local effects, inhalation	4 mg/m³
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	1 mg/m³
PNEC (Water)	
PNEC aqua (freshwater)	490 µg/l
PNEC aqua (marine water)	320 µg/l
PNEC aqua (intermittent, freshwater)	490 µg/l
PNEC (Soil)	
PNEC soil	1080 mg/kg dwt
PNEC (STP)	
PNEC sewage treatment plant	3 mg/l

2-ethylhexane-1,3-diol; octylene glycol; ethoexadiol (94-96-2)	
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)	
Acute - systemic effects, dermal	228.9 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	76.3 mg/kg bodyweight/day

2-ethylhexane-1,3-diol; octylene glycol; ethoexadiol (94-96-2)	
DNEL/DMEL (General population)	
Acute - systemic effects, dermal	114.5 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Acute - systemic effects, oral	0.51 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - systemic effects,oral	0.17 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	38.2 mg/kg bodyweight/day
PNEC (Water)	
PNEC aqua (freshwater)	0.1 mg/l
PNEC aqua (marine water)	0.01 mg/l
PNEC aqua (intermittent, freshwater)	1 mg/l
PNEC (Sediment)	
PNEC sediment (freshwater)	1.6 mg/kg dwt
PNEC sediment (marine water)	0.16 mg/kg dwt
PNEC (Soil)	
PNEC soil	0.17 mg/kg dwt
PNEC (Oral)	
PNEC oral (secondary poisoning)	3.3 mg/kg food
PNEC (STP)	
PNEC sewage treatment plant	3 mg/l

Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs. (85536-14-7)	
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)	
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	119 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	7.6 mg/m³
DNEL/DMEL (General population)	
Long-term - systemic effects,oral	0.425 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	1.3 mg/m³
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	42.5 mg/kg bodyweight/day
PNEC (Water)	
PNEC aqua (freshwater)	0.268 mg/l
PNEC aqua (marine water)	0.0268 mg/l
PNEC aqua (intermittent, freshwater)	0.0167 mg/l
PNEC (Sediment)	
PNEC sediment (freshwater)	8.1 mg/kg dwt
PNEC sediment (marine water)	6.8 mg/kg dwt
PNEC (Soil)	
PNEC soil	35 mg/kg dwt
PNEC (STP)	
PNEC sewage treatment plant	3.43 mg/l

Note : The Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) is an estimated safe level of exposure that is derived from toxicity data in accord with specific guidance within the European REACH regulation. The DNEL may differ from an Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OELs may be recommended by an individual company, a governmental regulatory body or an expert organization, such as the Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL) or the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). OELs are considered to be safe exposure levels for a typical worker in an occupational setting for an 8-hour work shift, 40 hour work week, as a time weighted average (TWA) or a 15 minute short-term exposure limit (STEL). While also considered to be protective of health, OELs are derived by a process different from that of REACH.

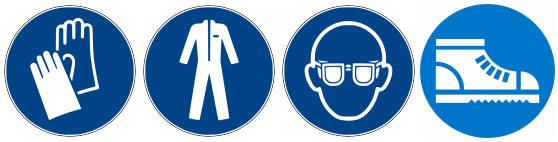
8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls:
Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Minimize exposure to mists/vapours/aerosol.

Personal protection equipment

Personal protective equipment (for industrial or professional use):
Gloves. Protective clothing. Safety glasses. Safety shoes or boots.
Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



Eye and face protection

Eye protection:
Not required for normal conditions of use. When there is a risk of contact with the skin, use waterproof gloves, resistant to chemical products. Gloves must be felt-lined.

Skin protection

Skin and body protection:
Non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant.

Hand protection:
Protective gloves. Adequate materials: nitrile (NBR) or neoprene with a protection index ≥ 5 (permeation time ≥ 240 mins). Use gloves respecting all the conditions and within the limits set by the manufacturer. Replace gloves immediately in case of cuts, holes or other signs of damages or degradation. If necessary, refer to the EN 374 standard.

Other skin protection
Materials for protective clothing:
Protective apron. DIN EN 465. DIN EN 466

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection:
Independently from other possible actions (technical modifications, operating procedures, and other means to limit the exposure of workers), personal protection equipment can be used according to necessity. Open or well ventilated spaces: in presence of oil mists and if the product is handled without adequate containment means: use full or half-face masks with filter for mists/aerosols. In case there is a significant presence of vapours (e.g. through handling at high temperature), use full or half-face masks with filter for hydrocarbon vapours. (EN 136/140/145). Combination filter device (DIN EN 141). Closed or confined areas (e.g. tank interiors): the use of protection measures for airways (masks or self-contained breathing apparatus), must be assessed according to the specific activity, as well as level and duration of predicted exposure. (EN 136/140/145)

Thermal hazards

Thermal hazard protection:
None in normal use conditions.

Environmental exposure controls

Environmental exposure controls:
Do not discharge the product into the environment. Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater. Storage areas/installations should be designed with adequate bunds so as to prevent ground and water pollution in case of leaks or spills. Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Consumer exposure controls:
Not applicable.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	Solid
Colour	:	brown.
Odour	:	Characteristics.
Odour threshold	:	There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself.
Melting point	:	Not determined
Freezing point	:	Not determined
Boiling point	:	Not determined
Flammability	:	Not flammable
Lower explosion limit	:	Not determined
Upper explosion limit	:	Not determined
Flash point	:	Not determined
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not determined
Decomposition temperature	:	Not determined
pH	:	There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself.
pH solution	:	Not available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	Not determined
Solubility	:	insoluble in water. Water: Immiscible and insoluble
Log Kow	:	Not available
Log Pow	:	Not applicable for mixtures
Vapour pressure	:	Not determined
Vapour pressure at 50°C	:	Not determined
Density	:	Not determined
Relative density	:	Not determined
Relative vapour density at 20°C	:	Not determined
Particle size	:	Not available

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This mixture does not offer any further hazard for reactivity, except what is reported in the following paragraphs.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable product, according to its intrinsic properties (in normal conditions of storage and handling).

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None (in normal conditions of storage and handling).

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None in normal use conditions.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidants.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Thermal decomposition generates : Toxic fumes.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Additional information : (according to composition)

Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed, Baseoil - unspecified (64742-62-7)	
LD50 oral rat	5000 mg/kg bodyweight
LD50 dermal rabbit	2000 – 5000 mg/kg bodyweight
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	2.18 – 5.53 mg/l/4h

Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs. (85536-14-7)	
LD50 oral rat	≈ 1470 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity), 95% CL: 1361 - 1588
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Remarks on results: other:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40°C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (64742-54-7)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD 401)
LD50 dermal rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD 402)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 5 mg/l/4h (OECD 403)

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
pH: There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself.
Additional information : (according to composition)

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40°C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (64742-54-7)	
pH	Not applicable

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
pH: There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself.
Additional information : (according to composition)

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40°C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (64742-54-7)	
pH	Not applicable

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Additional information : (according to composition)
Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Additional information : (according to composition)
Carcinogenicity : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Additional information : (according to composition)
All the mineral base oils contained in this product have a value < 3 % wt of DMSO extract, according to IP 346 (Nota L - Annex VI Reg (CE) 1272/2008, # 1.1.3)
Reproductive toxicity : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Additional information : (according to composition)

2-ethylhexane-1,3-diol; octylene glycol; ethoexadiol (94-96-2)	
NOAEL (animal/female, F0/P)	> 3768 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: other:

STOT-single exposure : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Additional information : (according to composition)

Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed, Baseoil - unspecified (64742-62-7)	
LOAEL (oral, rat)	125 mg/kg bw/day
NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit)	1000 – 2000 mg/kg bodyweight
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour)	980 mg/m³

calcium dihydroxide (1305-62-0)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Additional information : (according to composition)

2-ethylhexane-1,3-diol; octylene glycol; ethoexadiol (94-96-2)	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	100 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)
NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	1884 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 411 (Subchronic Dermal Toxicity: 90-Day Study)
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs. (85536-14-7)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	300 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Remarks on results: other:
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	85 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Remarks on results: other:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40°C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (64742-54-7)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD TG 408)

Aspiration hazard : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Additional information : (according to composition)

Eni Grease CSX 2 TA	
Viscosity, kinematic	Not determined

2-ethylhexane-1,3-diol; octylene glycol; ethoexadiol (94-96-2)	
Viscosity, kinematic	346.381 mm²/s

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40°C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (64742-54-7)	
Viscosity, kinematic	27.2 – 29.2 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Adverse health effects caused by endocrine disrupting properties : The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substance(s) are not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %

Other information

Potential adverse human health effects and symptoms : Contact with eyes may cause temporary reddening and irritation,Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause reddening, irritation and dermatitis.

Other information : None

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms nor to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. An uncontrolled release to the environment may nevertheless produce a contamination of different environmental compartments (soil, underground, surface water bodies, aquifers). Handle according to general working hygiene practices to avoid pollution and release into the environment.

Ecology - water : This product is not soluble in water. It floats on water and forms a film on the surface.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short–term (acute) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long–term (chronic) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed, Baseoil - unspecified (64742-62-7)	
LC50 fish 1	100 mg/l
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 1000 mg/l
NOEC chronic crustacea	10 mg/l (Test Organism: Daphnia magna)

2-ethylhexane-1,3-diol; octylene glycol; ethoexadiol (94-96-2)	
LC50 fish 1	624 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ictalurus punctatus
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Desmodesmus subspicatus (previous name: Scenedesmus subspicatus)

Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs. (85536-14-7)	
LC50 fish 1	1.67 mg/l (Lepomis macrochirus)
LC50 fish 2	2.88 mg/l (Pimephales promelas)
LC50 other aquatic organisms 1	1.8 – 6.5 mg/l
EC50 Daphnia 1	2.9 mg/l (Daphnia magna)
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	7.4 mg/l (Desmodesmus subspicatus)
NOEC (chronic)	1.18 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC chronic fish	0.23 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss, 72 d)

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40°C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (64742-54-7)	
LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l (LL 50)
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l WAF, 48 h (OECD 202)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Eni Grease CSX 2 TA	
Persistence and degradability	A fraction of the constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.

Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed, Baseoil - unspecified (64742-62-7)	
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable

calcium dihydroxide (1305-62-0)	
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable

2-ethylhexane-1,3-diol; octylene glycol; ethoexadiol (94-96-2)	
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable

Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs. (85536-14-7)	
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable
Biodegradation	94 % (28 d)

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40°C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (64742-54-7)	
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Eni Grease CSX 2 TA	
Log Pow	Not applicable for mixtures
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established. According to the characteristics of the components, the product has a low biodegradability in anaerobic conditions, and may be persistent. Some of the chemical compounds that are present in the product have a potential for bioaccumulation, and may be harmful to aquatic organisms.

Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs. (85536-14-7)	
Log Pow	2

12.4. Mobility in soil

Eni Grease CSX 2 TA	
Ecology - soil	Product adsorbs onto the soil.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Eni Grease CSX 2 TA	
This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII	
This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII	
Results of PBT-vPvB assessment	The components in this formulation do not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)

Component	
Substance(s) not meeting the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, in accordance with Annex XIII	calcium dihydroxide (1305-62-0), Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs. (85536-14-7)
Substance(s) not meeting the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, in accordance with Annex XIII	calcium dihydroxide (1305-62-0), Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs. (85536-14-7)

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Adverse effects on the environment caused by endocrine disrupting properties : The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substance(s) are not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : None.
Additional information : No other effects known

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment methods : Do not dispose of the product, either new or used, by discharging into sewers, tunnels, lakes or water courses. Deliver to a qualified official collector.
Sewage disposal recommendations : Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. Dispose of in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : European Waste Catalogue code(s) (Decision 2001/118/CE): 13 08 99* (oil wastes not otherwise specified - wastes not otherwise specified). This EWC code is only a general indication, and takes into account the original composition of the product and its intended use. The user has the responsibility of choosing the right EWC code, considering the actual use of the product, alterations and contaminations.
Additional information : Empty containers may contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, drill, burn or incinerate empty containers or drums, unless they have been cleaned, and declared safe.
Ecology - waste materials : The product as it is does not contain halogenated substances.
EURAL code (EWC) : 13 08 99* - wastes not otherwise specified

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / IMDG / IATA / ADN / RID

ADR	IMDG	IATA	ADN	RID
14.1. UN number or ID number				
Not regulated for transport				
14.2. UN proper shipping name				
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)				
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.4. Packing group				
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.5. Environmental hazards				
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
None.				

14.6. Special precautions for user

Overland transport
Not regulated

Transport by sea
Not regulated

Air transport
Not regulated

Inland waterway transport
Not regulated

Rail transport
Not regulated

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU-Regulations

Other information, restriction and prohibition regulations : Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH). (et sequens). Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (et sequens). Directives 89/391/CEE, 89/654/CEE, 89/655/CEE, 89/656/CEE, 90/269/CEE, 90/270/CEE, 90/394/CEE, 90/679/CEE, 93/88/CEE, 95/63/CE, 97/42/CE, 98/24/CE, 99/38/CE, 99/92/CE, 2001/45/CE, 2003/10/CE, 2003/18/CE (Health and safety on the workplace). Directive 2012/18/CE (Control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances). Directive 2004/42/CE (Limitation of emissions of Volatile Organic Compounds). Directive 98/24/EC (protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work). Directive 92/85/CE (measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health at work of pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or are breastfeeding). Substances Depleting the Ozone layer (1005/2009) - Annex I Substances (ODP). Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on persistent organic pollutants and amending Directive 79/117/EEC. Regulation EU (649/2012) - Export and Import of hazardous chemicals (PIC).

REACH Annex XVII (Restriction List)

Contains no substance(s) listed on REACH Annex XVII (Restriction Conditions)

REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

Contains no substance(s) listed on REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

REACH Candidate List (SVHC)

No ingredients are included in the REACH Candidate list (> 0,1 % m/m).

PIC Regulation (Prior Informed Consent)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the PIC list (Regulation EU 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals)

POP Regulation (Persistent Organic Pollutants)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the POP list (Regulation EU 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants)

Ozone Regulation (1005/2009)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Ozone Depletion list (Regulation EU 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer)

Council Regulation (EC) for the control of dual-use items

Contains no substance subject to the COUNCIL REGULATION (EC) for the control of dual-use items

Explosives Precursors Regulation (2019/1148)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Explosives Precursors list (Regulation EU 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors)

Drug Precursors Regulation (273/2004)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Drug Precursors list (Regulation EC 273/2004 on the manufacture and the placing on market of certain substances used in the illicit manufacture of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances)

National regulations

National adoption of EU Directives concerning health and safety on the workplace.
National adoption of EU Directives concerning control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances (2012/18/CE).
Relevant national laws on prevention of water pollution.
Relevant national laws on protection of the health of pregnant workers (National adoption of Dir. 92/85/EEC).
National adoption of Directive 2008/98/CE concerning disposal of used oils.

France

Maladies professionelles (F)	
Code	Description
RG 36	Diseases caused by oils and fats of mineral or synthetic origin

Germany

Employment restrictions : Employment prohibitions or restrictions on the protection of young people at work according to § 22 JArbSchG in the case of formation of hazardous substances have to be observed.

National Rules and Recommendations : TRGS 900: Occupational Exposure Limits.
TRGS 800: Fire protection measures.
TRGS 555: Working instruction and information for workers.
TRGS 402: Identification and Assessment of the Risks from Activities involving Hazardous Substances: Inhalation Exposure.
TRGS 401: Risks resulting from skin contact - identification, assessment, measures.
TRGS 400: Hazard assessment for activities involving Hazardous Substances.
TRGS 905: List of mutagenic, carcinogenic or teratogenic substances.

VbF class (D) : Not applicable.

Water hazard class (WGK) (D) : WGK 3, Highly hazardous to water (Classification according to AwSV, Annex 1).

WGK remark : Classification based on the components in compliance with Verwaltungsvorschrift wassergefährdender Stoffe (VwVwS).

Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BImSchV) : Is not subject to the Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BImSchV)

Netherlands

Saneringsinspanningen : C - Minimize discharge

SZW-lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen : None of the components are listed

SZW-lijst van mutagene stoffen : None of the components are listed

SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – Borstvoeding : None of the components are listed

SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – Vruchtbaarheid : None of the components are listed

SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – Ontwikkeling : None of the components are listed

Denmark

Danish National Regulations : Pregnant/breastfeeding women working with the product must not be in direct contact with it

Poland

Polish National Regulations : Act of 25 February 2011 on chemical substances and their mixtures (J. o L. No. 63, item 322 as amended; consolidated text J. o L. 2019, item 1225).
Act of 14 December 2012 on waste (J. o L. 2013, item 322 as amended; consolidated text J. o L. 2020, item 797).
The announcement of Marshal of the Sejm of the Republic of Poland dated 19 October 2016 concerning the consolidated text announcement of the decree on the management of packaging and packaging waste (J. o L. 2016, item 1863 as amended).
Decree of the Minister of Environment of 14 December 2014 on the catalogue of waste (J. o L. 2014, item 1923).
Act of 19 August 2011 on the Carriage of Dangerous Goods (J. o L. 2011 No. 227, item 1367 as amended; consolidated text J. o L. 2020, item 154).
Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labour and Social Policy of 12 June 2018 on the highest permissible concentration and intensity of noxious agents for health at work environment (J. o L. item 1286 as amended).
The announcement of Minister of Health dated 9 September 2016 concerning the consolidated text announcement of the decree of the Minister of Health of 30 December 2004 on health and safety at work related to exposure to chemical agents at work (J. o L. of 16 September 2016, item 1488)
Regulation of the Minister of Health of 2 February 2011 on tests and measurements of the noxious agents for health at work environment (J. o L. No. 33, item 166 as amended).
Regulation of the Minister of Environment of 9 December 2003 on particularly hazardous substances to the environment (J. o L. No. 217, item 2141).
ADR Agreement: Government Statement of 13 March 2023 on the entry into force of amendments to Annexes A and B to the Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR), signed in Geneva on 30 September 1957 (J. o. L. 2023, item 891)

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

This mixture is classified as not hazardous according to regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]
No chemical safety assessment has been carried out
A chemical safety assessment has been carried out for the following components of this mixture::
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed, Baseoil - unspecified
Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40°C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.]

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes

Section	Changed item	Comments
	Supersedes	**Added**
	Revision date	**Modified**
1.1	Formula	**Modified**
2.1	Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects	**Modified**
2.2	EUH-statements	**Modified**
2.3	Other hazards not contributing to the classification	**Modified**
3	Composition/information on ingredients	**Modified**
5.2	Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire	**Modified**

Indication of changes		
Section	**Changed item**	**Comments**
7.1	Precautions for safe handling	**Modified**
8	Formula	**Modified**
9	Oxidising properties	**Removed**
9	Explosive properties	**Removed**
10.4	Conditions to avoid	**Modified**
11.1	Additional information	**Modified**

Abbreviations and acronyms:	
	N/A = not applicable
	N/D = not available
ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
CLP	Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect level
DNEL	Derived-No Effect Level
EC50	Effective concentration for 50 percent of test population (median effective concentration)
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LC50	Lethal concentration for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration)
LD50	Lethal dose for 50 percent of test population (median lethal dose)
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOAEC	No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration
NOAEL	No-Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC	No-Observed Effect Concentration
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
PBT	Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006
RID	Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways
SDS	Safety Data Sheet
STP	Sewage treatment plant
vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Data sources : This Safety Data Sheet is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.

Training advice : Provide adequate training to professional operators for the use of PPEs, according to the information contained in this Safety Data Sheet.

Other information : Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer.

Full text of H- and EUH-statements:	
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1
EUH210	Safety data sheet available on request.
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Skin Corr. 1C	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1, Sub-Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), EU

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.